Annual Financial Report

City of Cannon Falls

Čannon Falls, Minnesota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Elected and Appointed Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

ELECTED

Name	Title	Term Expires			
Lyman (Robby) Robinson	Mayor	12/31/18			
Morris Mattson	Council Member	12/31/20			
Mike Dalton	Council Member	12/31/20			
Cedar Abadie	Council Member	12/31/18			
Ken Carpenter	Council Member	12/31/18			
LeRoy McCusker	Council Member	12/31/18			
John Althoff	Council Member	12/31/18			

APPOINTED

Name

Ron Johnson Lanell Endres Tom Bergeson Nicole Miller Jeff McCormick Campbell, Knutson, P.A. David Maroney Tim Malchow Todd Anderson Title

City Administrator Assistant City Administrator Public Works Director Library Director Chief of Police City Attorney Community Development Director EMS Chief Fire Chief

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 17 and the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios and the Schedules of Employer's Contributions starting on page 78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 23, 2018, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Undo Eich & Mayers, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota April 23, 2018

 $\frac{People}{+Process}_{*} \\ \overline{Going}_{Beyond the} \\ Numbers$

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota, (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$29,658,258 (net position). Of this amount, \$4,481,542 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$436,214. This increase is due to governmental activities and businesstype activities, which increased \$193,058 and \$243,156, respectively.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,362,853, an increase of \$73,845 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General fund was \$2,341,662 or 69 percent of budgeted 2018 General fund expenditures.
- The City's outstanding debt decreased by \$1,924,728 during the current fiscal year due to payments made on current outstanding debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

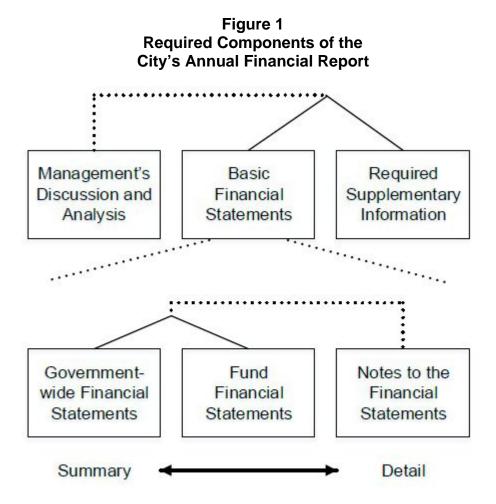


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

		Fund Financial	Statements
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure 2 Major features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development, miscellaneous, and debt service. The business-type activities of the City include water utility, disposal, ambulance, storm water, recycling, and deputy registrar. The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Economic Development Authority (the EDA) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is discretely presented from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 31 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds, five of which are Debt Service funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Debt Service and 2016 Street Improvement - Westside Phase II funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements or schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund, special revenue funds and certain Special Revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 36 of this report.

Proprietary Funds: The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water utility, disposal, storm water, ambulance, recycling and deputy registrar.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the enterprise funds which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the non-major enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of *combining statements or schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements start on page 41 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 45 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also present certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 78 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules start on page 84 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$29,658,258 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				
			Increase			Increase		
	2017	2016	(Decrease)	2017	2016	(Decrease)		
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 6,245,238	\$ 6,494,589	\$ (249,351)	\$ 4,451,918	\$ 4,475,590	\$ (23,672)		
Capital assets	14,675,372	15,057,442	(382,070)	21,780,989	22,623,094	(842,105)		
Total Assets	20,920,610	21,552,031	(631,421)	26,232,907	27,098,684	(865,777)		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,508,007	2,193,636	(685,629)	96,496	170,981	(74,485)		
Liabilities								
Long-term								
liabilities outstanding	7,633,790	10,087,313	(2,453,523)	9,142,670	10,391,842	(1,249,172)		
Other liabilities	390,366	589,992	(199,626)	222,994	197,158	25,836		
Total Liabilities	8,024,156	10,677,305	(2,653,149)	9,365,664	10,589,000	(1,223,336)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,617,074	474,033	1,143,041	92,868	52,950	39,918		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	9,296,281	8,940,987	355,294	13,112,985	12,767,726	345,259		
Restricted	2,767,450	2,857,035	(89,585)	-	-	-		
Unrestricted	723,656	796,307	(72,651)	3,757,886	3,859,989	(102,103)		
Total Net Position	\$ 12,787,387	\$ 12,594,329	\$ 193,058	\$ 16,870,871	\$ 16,627,715	\$ 243,156		

City of Cannon Falls' Summary of Net Position

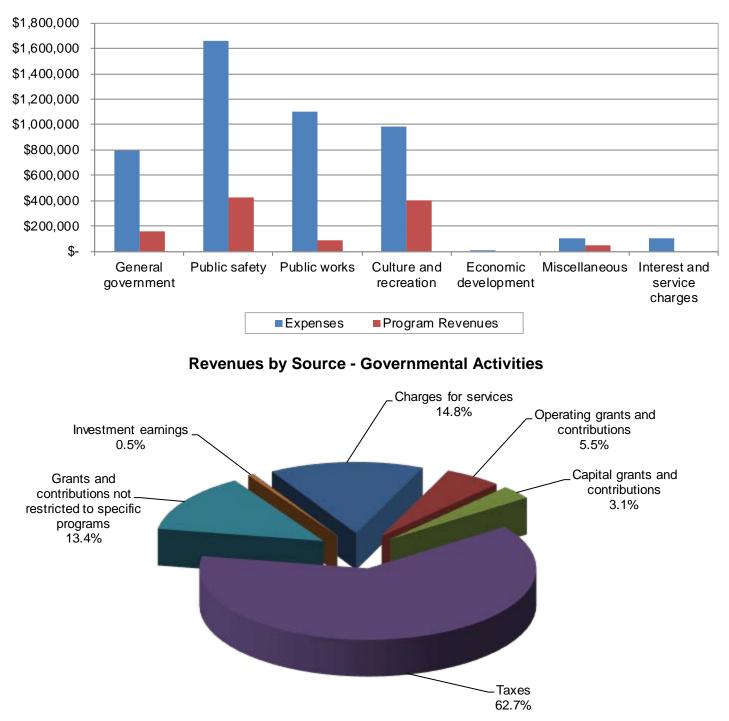
At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The decrease in long-term liabilities was a result of a change in the discount rate used for the PEPFF pension plan as well as regular payments on outstanding debt.

City of Cannon Falls' Changes in Net Position

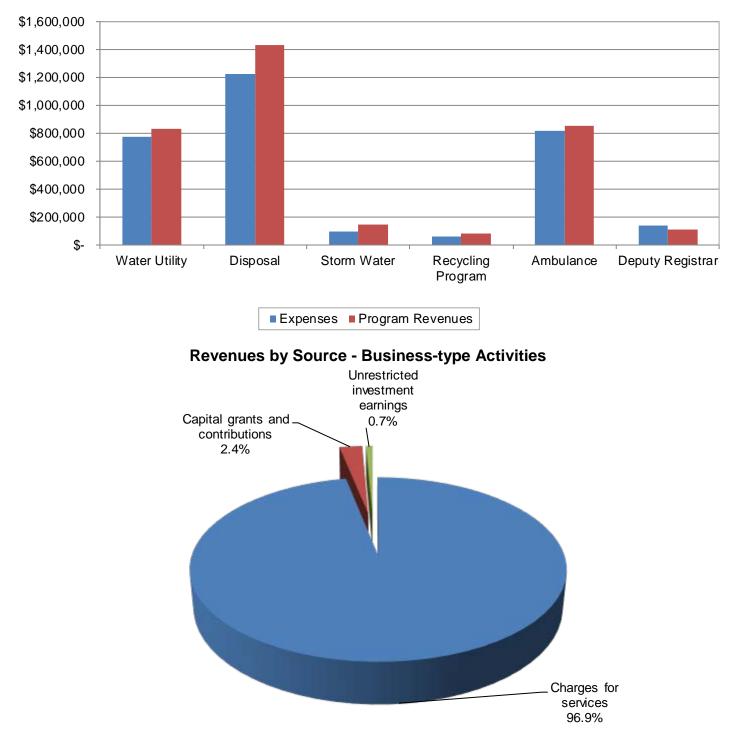
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				
		Increase				Increase		
	2017	2016	(Decrease)	2017	2016	(Decrease)		
Revenues								
Program Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 711,652	\$ 559,473	\$ 152,179	\$ 3,345,796	\$ 3,240,808	\$ 104,988		
Operating grants								
and contributions	264,334	235,950	28,384	32,994	4,982	28,012		
Capital grants								
and contributions	150,076	558,501	(408,425)	83,837	139,480	(55,643)		
General Revenues								
Taxes	3,016,639	2,777,796	238,843	-	-	-		
Grants and Contributions								
not Restricted to								
Specific Programs	646,979	646,998	(19)	-	-	-		
Investment Earnings	22,185	30,536	(8,351)	25,016	17,518	7,498		
Miscellaneous Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	7,210		7,210			-		
Total Revenues	4,819,075	4,809,254	9,821	3,487,643	3,402,788	84,855		
Expenses								
General government	798,158	774,247	23,911	-	-	-		
Public safety	1,658,710	1,720,434	(61,724)	-	-	-		
Public works	1,103,863	1,049,025	54,838	-	-	-		
Culture and recreation	981,823	991,255	(9,432)	-	-	-		
Economic development	4,490	4,490	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous	101,352	95,247	6,105	-	-	-		
Interest and service charges	106,311	132,897	(26,586)	-	-	-		
Water utility	-	, -	-	774,883	760,241	14,642		
Disposal	-	-	-	1,222,329	1,161,063	61,266		
Storm water	-	-	-	94,326	57,434	36,892		
Recycling program	-	-	-	65,370	72,655	(7,285)		
Ambulance	-	-	-	815,938	727,593	88,345		
Deputy registrar	-	-	-	142,951	135,274	7,677		
Total Expenses	4,754,707	4,767,595	(12,888)	3,115,797	2,914,260	201,537		
Change in Not Resition before								
Change in Net Position before Transfers	64,368	41,659	22,709	371,846	488,528	(116 602)		
Transiers	04,300	41,009	22,709	371,040	400,320	(116,682)		
Transfers	128,690	155,150	(26,460)	(128,690)	(155,150)	26,460		
Change in Net Position	193,058	196,809	(3,751)	243,156	333,378	(90,222)		
Net Position, January 1	12,594,329	12,397,520	196,809	16,627,715	16,294,337	333,378		
Net Position, December 31	\$ 12,787,387	\$ 12,594,329	\$ 193,058	\$ 16,870,871	\$ 16,627,715	\$ 243,156		

The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.

Governmental Activities. Net position in the governmental activities increased \$193,058.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,362,853, an increase of \$73,845 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 44.2 percent of this total amount (\$1,930,015) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance (\$2,432,838) is not available for new spending because it is either 1) nonspendable (\$46,416) 2) restricted (\$1,561,776), 3) committed (\$537,345), or 4) assigned (\$287,301). For further classification refer to Note 3G on page 64 of this report.

Activity in the City's major funds is discussed below:

	Fund Balance December 31,						
Major Funds	2017	2016	<u>(</u> D	ecrease)			
General	\$ 2,341,662	\$ 2,075,364	\$	266,298			
Fund balance increased \$266,298. Building permit revenue increased by \$109,519 from 2016. The City also received \$51,197 in disaster aid.							

Debt Service\$ 1,388,902\$ 1,340,897\$ 48,005The Debt Service funds increased due to taxes revenue, assessment revenue, and transfers in totaling more
than the debt service requirements.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to \$3,757,886. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's General fund budget was not amended during 2017. Compared to the final budget, revenues were over budget by \$326,469 and expenditures were over budget by \$11,221.

- The largest revenue variance was from building permits in the nonbusiness revenue category. The revenue amount was \$109,519 over the \$25,900 budgeted amount.
- The largest variances in expenditures included other services and charges under the building inspection category in public safety. Building inspections were \$90,014 over the budgeted amount of \$24,000.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2017, amounts to \$36,456,361 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3D starting on page 57 of this report.

City of Cannon Falls' Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities						Bus	siness	s-type Activi	ties		
		2017		2016		ncrease Decrease)		2017		2016		ncrease Decrease)
Land	\$	914,346	\$	914,346	\$	-	\$	87,816	\$	87,816	\$	-
Construction in Progress		220,870		1,213,313		(992,443)		33,891		1,239,979	((1,206,088)
Buildings and Improvements		3,299,185		3,414,618		(115,433)		5,398		5,932		(534)
System Improvements/Infrastructure		8,891,321		8,039,909		851,412	2	1,029,964	2	0,637,193		392,771
Machinery and Equipment		681,171		699,959		(18,788)		362,614		355,704		6,910
Vehicles		668,479		775,297		(106,818)		261,306		296,470		(35,164)
Total	\$	14,675,372	\$	15,057,442	\$	(382,070)	\$ 2	1,780,989	\$ 2	2,623,094	\$	(842,105)

(Net of Depreciation)

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded and capital lease debt outstanding of \$14,047,095. While all of the City's bonds have revenue streams, all are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

City of Cannon Falls' Outstanding Debt

		Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					
	2017			Increase (Decrease) 2017		2016		Increase (Decrease)			
Capital Lease Payable General Obligation	\$ 24,0	91 \$	\$ 31,455	\$	(7,364)	\$	24,092	\$	31,456	\$	(7,364)
Revenue Bonds	5,355,0	00	6,085,000		(730,000)		8,643,912		9,823,912	(1	,180,000)
Total	\$ 5,379,0	91 5	6,116,455	\$	(737,364)	\$	8,668,004	\$	9,855,368	\$ (1	,187,364)

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of net general obligation debt a City may issue to 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is debt payable solely from ad valorem taxes. The current debt limitation for the City is in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3F starting on page 60 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Property values appear to have stabilized and the City is continuing to see Commercial/Industrial growth with new construction, expansions and remodeling of existing structures.
- The City will continue to monitor utility fees to ensure that charges are sufficient to cover costs in the Water and Disposal funds.
- The City will continue to update and monitor its Financial Management Plan to ensure that the numerous scheduled capital projects can be completed as budgeted.
- The City will continue to investigate grant opportunities or seek legislative funding for capital projects to minimize the financial impact on City budgets and utility rates.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Assistant City Administrator, City of Cannon Falls, 918 River Road, Cannon Falls, MN 55009.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2017

	F	Component Unit		
Accesta	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Economic Development Authority
Assets	\$ 4,294,518	\$ 2.794.188	¢ 7,099,706	\$ 204,839
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$ 4,294,516	\$ 2,794,188	\$ 7,088,706	р 204,039
Accrued interest	1,791	4,982	6,773	4
Taxes	136,887	4,902	136,887	4
Accounts, net of allowance	145,400	- 444,636	590,036	-
	1,492,307	1,174,057	2,666,364	14,300
Special assessments Loans	1,492,307	1,174,057	2,000,304	- 282,467
Contract for deed	- 6,735	-	6,735	175,612
	0,735	- 13,976	13,976	175,012
Inventories, at cost	16 116			-
Prepaid items	46,416	20,079	66,495	177
Net pension asset	121,184	-	121,184	-
Capital assets Land and construction in progress	1 125 216	101 707	1 256 022	724 424
Depreciable buildings, property and equipment, net	1,135,216	121,707	1,256,923	734,124
Total Assets	13,540,156	21,659,282	35,199,438	- 1 411 502
Total Assets	20,920,610	26,232,907	47,153,517	1,411,523
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred pension resources	1,508,007	96,496	1,604,503	13,235
Deletted pension resources	1,308,007	90,490	1,004,303	13,233
Liabilities				
Accounts and contracts payable	175,469	92,314	267,783	379
Accrued interest payable	49,479	99,672	149,151	-
Due to other governments	-	1,890	1,890	-
Accrued salaries payable	89,096	29,118	118,214	4,232
Deposits payable	44,122	- 20,110	44,122	-,202
Unearned revenue	32,200	_	32,200	-
Noncurrent liabilities	02,200		02,200	
Due within one year	687,991	1,287,227	1,975,218	4,345
Due in more than one year	6,945,799	7,855,443	14,801,242	68,518
Total Liabilities	8,024,156	9,365,664	17,389,820	77,474
	0,02 1,100	0,000,001	11,000,020	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred pension resources	1,617,074	92,868	1,709,942	12,738
			.,	,
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	9,296,281	13,112,985	22,409,266	734,124
Restricted for		, ,	, ,	,
Debt service	2,594,576	-	2,594,576	-
Cable television	147,828	-	147,828	-
Park improvements	25,046	-	25,046	-
Unrestricted	723,656	3,757,886	4,481,542	600,422
	,000		.,,•	
Total Net Position	\$ 12,787,387	\$ 16,870,871	\$ 29,658,258	\$ 1,334,546
	. ,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

			Program Revenue	S					
			Operating	Capital					
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions					
Primary Government									
Governmental activities									
General government	\$ 798,158	\$ 156,300	\$-	\$-					
Public safety	1,658,710	280,267	149,098	-					
Public works	1,103,863	-	-	90,171					
Culture and recreation	981,823	275,085	115,236	8,708					
Economic development	4,490	-	-	-					
Miscellaneous	101,352	-	-	51,197					
Interest on long-term debt	106,311	-	-	-					
Total Governmental Activities	4,754,707	711,652	264,334	150,076					
Business-type Activities									
Water utility	774,883	785,214	-	47,445					
Disposal	1,222,329	1,394,159	-	36,392					
Storm water	94,326	148,149	-	,					
Recycling program	65,370	84,922	-	-					
Ambulance	815,938	819,090	32,994	-					
Deputy registrar	142,951	114,262	-	-					
Total Business-type Activities	3,115,797	3,345,796	32,994	83,837					
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,870,504	\$ 4,057,448	\$ 297,328	\$ 233,913					
Component Unit									
Economic Development Authority	\$ 142,076	\$ 21,781	\$-	\$-					
	General Revenues an	d Transfers							
	Taxes								
	Property taxes, lev	vied for general p	urpose						
	Property taxes, lev								
	Property taxes, for								
	Property taxes, for		•						
	Property taxes, for public safety								
	Payments in lieu of property taxes								
	Franchise tax								
	Grants and contribu	tions not restricted	d to specific progra	ams					
	Unrestricted investm		a to op como progre						
	Gain on sale of capi	-							
	Transfers - Internal Ac								
		evenues and Trar	nsfers						

Change in Net Position

Net Position, January 1

Net Position, December 31

Net (Exp	ense) Revenue a	nd Changes in Ne	et Position
P	Component Unit		
			Economic
Governmental	Business-type		Development
Activities	Activities	Total	Authority
\$ (641,858)	\$-	\$ (641,858)	\$-
· · ·	φ -	· · · ·	φ -
(1,229,345)	-	(1,229,345) (1,013,692)	-
(1,013,692)	-	,	-
(582,794)	-	(582,794)	-
(4,490)	-	(4,490)	-
(50,155)	-	(50,155)	-
(106,311)		(106,311)	-
(3,628,645)		(3,628,645)	
-	57,776	57,776	-
-	208,222	208,222	-
-	53,823	53,823	-
-	19,552	19,552	-
-	36,146	36,146	-
	(28,689)	(28,689)	
	346,830	346,830	
(3,628,645)	346,830	(3,281,815)	<u> </u>
			(120,295)
1,474,385	-	1,474,385	-
512,250	-	512,250	-
-	-	-	140,525
328,700	-	328,700	-
118,084	-	118,084	-
549,334	-	549,334	-
33,886	-	33,886	-
646,979	-	646,979	-
22,185	25,016	47,201	180
7,210	-	7,210	-
128,690	(128,690)	-	-
3,821,703	(103,674)	3,718,029	140,705
193,058	243,156	436,214	20,410
12,594,329	16,627,715	29,222,044	1,314,136
\$ 12,787,387	\$ 16,870,871	\$ 29,658,258	\$ 1,334,546

d Changes in Nat . .

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	General		Debt Service		Other Governmental		Total Governmental	
Assets								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	2,303,679	\$	1,268,450	\$	722,389	\$	4,294,518
Receivables								
Accrued interest		1,738		35		18		1,791
Taxes		136,887		-		-		136,887
Accounts		123,587		7,373		14,440		145,400
Special assessments		109,725		1,368,197		14,385		1,492,307
Contract for deed		6,735		-		-		6,735
Prepaid items		39,483		-		6,933		46,416
Total Assets	\$	2,721,834	\$	2,644,055	\$	758,165	\$	6,124,054
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	103,855	\$	-	\$	71,614	\$	175,469
Accrued salaries payable		79,681		-		9,415		89,096
Unearned revenue		-		-		32,200		32,200
Deposits payable		44,122		-		-		44,122
Total Liabilities		227,658		-		113,229		340,887
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		48,930		-		-		48,930
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		96,849		1,255,153		12,647		1,364,649
Unavailable revenue - contracts for deed		6,735		-		-		6,735
Total Deferred Inflows								
of Resources		152,514		1,255,153		12,647		1,420,314
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		39,483		-		6,933		46,416
Restricted		-		1,388,902		172,874		1,561,776
Committed		-		-		537,345		537,345
Assigned		-		-		287,301		287,301
Unassigned		2,302,179		-		(372,164)		1,930,015
Total Fund Balances		2,341,662		1,388,902		632,289		4,362,853
Total Liabilities, Deferred								
Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances	\$	2,721,834	\$	2,644,055	\$	758,165	\$	6,124,054

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,362,853
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental fund.	
Cost of capital assets	23,443,498
Less: accumulated depreciation	(8,768,126)
Long-term assets from pensions reported in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds	121,184
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Noncurrent liabilities at year-end consist of	
Bond principal payable	(5,355,000)
Capital lease payable	(24,091)
Compensated absences payable	(193,213)
Pension liability	(2,061,486)
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures,	
and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	
Delinquent taxes receivable	48,930
Special assessments receivable	1,364,649
Contract for deed receivable	6,735
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions.	
Deferred outflows of pension resources	1,508,007
Deferred inflows of pension resources	(1,617,074)
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.	 (49,479)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 12,787,387

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Debt		Total
	General	Service	Governmental	Governmental
Revenues	• • • • • • • • • •	•	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •
Taxes	\$ 2,025,656	\$ 512,250	\$ 480,670	\$ 3,018,576
Licenses and permits	167,534	-	-	167,534
Intergovernmental	801,051	-	174,447	975,498
Charges for services	74,436	-	95,732	170,168
Fines and forfeitures	35,417	-	6,465	41,882
Special assessments	20,903	247,176	2,965	271,044
Interest on investments	19,196	1,098	1,918	22,212
Miscellaneous	252,162	8,708	85,913	346,783
Total Revenues	3,396,355	769,232	848,110	5,013,697
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	751,635	-	-	751,635
Public safety	1,120,916	-	301,323	1,422,239
Public works	596,812	-	-	596,812
Culture and recreation	414,450	-	436,949	851,399
Miscellaneous	101,352	-	, -	101,352
Capital outlay	- ,			-)
General government	1,556	-	8,225	9,781
Public safety	1,089	-	51,479	52,568
Public works	15,315	-	368,026	383,341
Culture and recreation	-	_	39,651	39,651
Debt service			00,001	00,001
Principal	7,364	730,000	-	737,364
Interest and service charges	1,983	127,627		129,610
Total Expenditures	3,012,472	857,627	1,205,653	5,075,752
	3,012,472	007,027	1,203,033	5,015,152
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	383,883	(88,395)	(357,543)	(62,055)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	136,400	126,775	263,175
Sale of capital assets	5,500	-	1,710	7,210
Transfers out	(123,085)	-	(11,400)	(134,485)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(117,585)	136,400	117,085	135,900
Net Change in Fund Balances	266,298	48,005	(240,458)	73,845
Fund Balances, January 1	2,075,364	1,340,897	872,747	4,289,008
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 2,341,662	\$ 1,388,902	\$ 632,289	\$ 4,362,853

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$	F	73,845
Capital outlays and sales are reported in governmental funds as expenditures and proceeds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense and the proceeds are reported as reductions of net position and gains or losses on sales.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense		341,255 (723,325)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Principal payments Capital lease principal payments		730,000 7,364
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		23,299
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds.		
Pension expense Direct aid contributions		(51,044) 5,174
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current perio	d.	(1.00-)
Property taxes Special assessments Contract for deed		(1,937) (199,895) (4,490)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences		(7,188)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		193,058

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 1,981,232	\$ 1,981,232	\$ 2,025,656	\$ 44,424	
Licenses and permits	46,600	46,600	167,534	120,934	
Intergovernmental	694,329	694,329	801,051	106,722	
Charges for services	53,400	53,400	74,436	21,036	
Fines and forfeitures	22,000	22,000	35,417	13,417	
Special assessments	18,450	18,450	20,903	2,453	
Interest on investments	5,100	5,100	19,196	14,096	
Miscellaneous	248,775	248,775	252,162	3,387	
Total Revenues	3,069,886	3,069,886	3,396,355	326,469	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	791,975	791,975	751,635	40,340	
Public safety	1,019,910	1,019,910	1,120,916	(101,006)	
Public works	640,210	640,210	596,812	43,398	
Culture and recreation	436,131	436,131	414,450	21,681	
Miscellaneous	89,250	89,250	101,352	(12,102)	
Capital outlay	14,400	14,400	17,960	(3,560)	
Debt service)	,	,	(-)/	
Capital lease					
Principal	7,975	7,975	7,364	611	
Interest	1,400	1,400	1,983	(583)	
Total Expenditures	3,001,251	3,001,251	3,012,472	(11,221)	
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	68,635	68,635	383,883	315,248	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	16,450	16,450	-	(16,450)	
Sale of capital assets	-	-	5,500	5,500	
Transfers out	(123,085)	(123,085)	(123,085)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(106,635)	(106,635)	(117,585)	(10,950)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(38,000)	(38,000)	266,298	304,298	
Fund Balances, January 1	2,075,364	2,075,364	2,075,364		
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 2,037,364	\$ 2,037,364	\$ 2,341,662	\$ 304,298	

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
				Nonmajor			
	Water Utility	Disposal	Ambulance	Enterprise funds	Totals		
Assets							
Current Assets							
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,278,001	\$ 576,007	\$ 448,596	\$ 491,584	\$ 2,794,188		
Receivables							
Accrued interest	1,382	3,062	-	538	4,982		
Accounts, net of allowance	76,328	122,857	222,107	23,344	444,636		
Special assessments	119,964	136,369	-	10,635	266,968		
Inventories, at cost	6,988	6,988	-	-	13,976		
Prepaid items	2,575	5,326	11,791	387	20,079		
Total Current Assets	1,485,238	850,609	682,494	526,488	3,544,829		
Noncurrent Assets							
Special assessments receivable	491,821	415,268	_	_	907,089		
Capital assets	491,021	413,200			307,003		
Land and construction in progress	87,816	_	_	33,891	121,707		
Depreciable buildings, property, and equipment	13,833,168	20,012,669	826,709	1,193,795	35,866,341		
Accumulated depreciation	(5,834,586)	(7,727,932)	(475,600)	(168,941)	(14,207,059)		
Total Net Capital Assets	8,086,398	12,284,737	351,109	1,058,745	21,780,989		
	0,000,000	12,201,101		1,000,110	21,700,000		
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,578,219	12,700,005	351,109	1,058,745	22,688,078		
Total Assets	10,063,457	13,550,614	1,033,603	1,585,233	26,232,907		
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred pension resources	17,191	20,050	44,621	14,634	96,496		
Deletted pension resources	17,101	20,000		14,004	50,450		
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts and contracts payable	15,822	15,838	41,497	19,157	92,314		
Accrued interest payable	35,358	56,307	-	8,007	99,672		
Due to other governments	1,890	-	-	-	1,890		
Accrued salaries payable	4,585	5,442	15,210	3,881	29,118		
Compensated absences payable	2,853	3,368	9,328	1,989	17,538		
Capital lease payable	-	-	-	7,688	7,688		
Bonds payable	406,376	827,644	-	27,981	1,262,001		
Total Current Liabilities	466,884	908,599	66,035	68,703	1,510,221		
Noncurrent Liabilities	0.550	10 101	07.004	E 000	50 640		
Compensated absences payable	8,559	10,104	27,984	5,966	52,613		
Capital lease payable Bonds payable	-	4 252 670	-	16,404	16,404		
Pension liability	2,477,893 72,067	4,352,670 84,052	- 187,048	551,348 61,348	7,381,911 404,515		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,558,519	4,446,826	215,032	635,066	7,855,443		
	2,000,019	4,440,020	213,032	033,000	7,000,440		
Total Liabilities	3,025,403	5,355,425	281,067	703,769	9,365,664		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred pension resources	16,545	19,297	12 012	14,084	02 868		
	10,040	19,297	42,942	14,004	92,868		
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	5,202,129	7,104,423	351,109	455,324	13,112,985		
Unrestricted	1,836,571	1,091,519	403,106	426,690	3,757,886		
	1,000,011	1,001,010	100,100	.20,000	0,101,000		
Total Net Position	\$ 7,038,700	\$ 8,195,942	\$ 754,215	\$ 882,014	\$ 16,870,871		

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
				Nonmajor				
	Water Utility Disposal		Ambulance	Enterprise funds	Totals			
Operating Revenues	•	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •			
Charges for services	\$ 785,214	\$ 1,394,159	\$ 819,090	\$ 347,333	\$ 3,345,796			
Operating Expenses								
Personnel services	159,950	191,465	556,291	137,769	1,045,475			
Supplies	27,443	40,877	71,575	3,682	143,577			
Repairs and maintenance	36,372	47,867	24,219	429	108,887			
Depreciation	358,028	517,184	75,593	34,767	985,572			
Insurance	2,296	11,236	2,846	-	16,378			
Utilities	62,937	128,543	16,003	-	207,483			
Other services and charges	38,307	119,712	69,411	107,969	335,399			
Total Operating Expenses	685,333	1,056,884	815,938	284,616	2,842,771			
Operating Income	99,881	337,275	3,152	62,717	503,025			
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest on investments	11,211	11,061	1,196	1,548	25,016			
Other income	, _	-	32,994	, -	32,994			
Interest expense	(89,550)	(165,445)	-	(18,031)	(273,026)			
Total Nonoperating								
Revenues (Expenses)	(78,339)	(154,384)	34,190	(16,483)	(215,016)			
Income Before								
Contributions and Transfers	21,542	182,891	37,342	46,234	288,009			
Capital Contributions	47,445	36,392	-	-	83,837			
Transfers In	-	-	6,400	9,910	16,310			
Transfers Out	(110,000)	(35,000)	-	. <u> </u>	(145,000)			
Change in Net Position	(41,013)	184,283	43,742	56,144	243,156			
Net Position, January 1	7,079,713	8,011,659	710,473	825,870	16,627,715			
Net Position, December 31	\$ 7,038,700	\$ 8,195,942	\$ 754,215	\$ 882,014	\$ 16,870,871			

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
								Ionmajor		
	V	Vater Utility		Disposal	Ar	nbulance	Ente	rprise Funds	Tota	ls
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	•	047407	•	4 404 050	•	044.005	•	040455	• • • • •	
Receipts from customers and users	\$	817,107	\$	1,431,852	\$	841,685	\$	346,155	\$ 3,436	-
Payments to suppliers		(176,994)		(350,090)		(163,985)		(93,183)		4,252)
Payments to employees		(155,100)		(188,241)		(519,088)		(126,817)	(985	9,246)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		485,013		893,521		158,612		126,155	1,663	201
Operating Activities		465,015		093,321		100,012		120,155	1,003	5,301
Cash Flows from Noncapital										
and Related Financing Activities										
Transfers in		-		-		6,400		9,910	16	6,310
Transfers out		(110,000)		(35,000)		-		-,		5,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		(-) /		(,,
Noncapital and Related Financing Activities		(110,000)		(35,000)		6,400		9,910	(128	3,690)
Cash Flows from Capital										
and Related Financing Activities										
Permits and connection fees received		18,140		12,710		-		-),850
Special assessments received		96,887		71,485		-		-	168	3,372
Acquisition of capital assets		(13,308)		(31,503)		(64,765)		(33,891)	(143	3,467)
Capital transfer to (from) other funds		114,102		(156,913)		-		42,811		-
Principal paid on capital leases		-		-		-		(7,364)	(7	7,364)
Principal paid on bonds		(374,313)		(786,206)		-		(19,481)	(1,180	0,000)
Interest paid on bonds and capital leases		(94,920)		(174,795)		-		(18,992)	(288	3,707)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by										
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(253,412)	((1,065,222)		(64,765)		(36,917)	(1,420),316)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities										
Interest received from investments		10,370		8,147		1,206		1,130	20),853
		10,010				.,200		.,		,
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and										
Cash Equivalents		131,971		(198,554)		101,453		100,278	135	5,148
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1		1,146,030		774,561		347,143		391,306	2,659	9,040
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$	1,278,001	\$	576,007	\$	448,596	\$	491,584	\$ 2,794	1,188
Reconciliation of Operating Income										
to Net Cash Provided (Used)										
by Operating Activities										
Operating income	\$	99,881	\$	337.275	\$	3,152	\$	62,717	\$ 503	3,025
Adjustments to reconcile	φ	99,001	φ	337,275	φ	3,152	φ	02,717	φ 503	5,025
operating income to net cash										
provided (used) by operating activities										
Other income		_				32,994			33	2,994
Depreciation		358,028		517,184		75,593		34,767		5,572
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources		550,020		517,104		13,393		34,707	300	5,572
Accounts receivable		31,893		37,693		(10,399)		1,190	60),377
Special assessments receivable		51,000		57,055		(10,000)		(2,368)		2,368)
Inventory		(3,648)		(3,648)		_		(2,500)		7,296)
Prepaid items		(3,048) (154)		(3,048) (429)		- (2,272)		- (260)		3,115)
Deferred pension resources		15,752				(2,272) 30,847		9,994		1,485
•		15,752		17,892		30,647		9,994	14	+,400
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources Accounts and contracts payable		(5,740)		2,222		22,341		19,157	27	7,980
Due to other governments		(3,740) (97)		_,		22,041		13,137	31	(97)
Accrued salaries payable		(97) 1,092		- 650		- 1,454		- 438		(97) 3,634
		1,092				7,843				3,634 3,459
Compensated absences payable				(1,559) 7.547				1,103 6.457		
Deferred pension resources		6,343		7,547		19,571		6,457 (7,040)		9,918
Pension liability		(19,409)		(21,306)		(22,512)		(7,040)	(/(0,267)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by										
Operating Activities	_\$	485,013	\$	893,521	\$	158,612	\$	126,155	\$ 1,663	3, <u>30</u> 1
					<u> </u>		<u> </u>			

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota (the City), operates under a home rule charter form of government as defined in the State of Minnesota statues, which is termed the "Mayor-City Council Plan." The City is governed by an elected Mayor and a six-member City Council. The City Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The City Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City.

The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Component units for which the City has been determined to be financially accountable can be blended with the primary government or be included as a discrete presentation. Included in the City's reporting entity, based upon the application of these criteria, is the following discretely presented component unit. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Economic Development Authority. The Economic Development Authority (EDA) of the City was created pursuant to Minnesota statutes 469.090 through 469.108 to carry out economic and industrial development and redevelopment consistent with policies established by the City Council. The EDA is governed by five board members, two of which are City Council members and three are at-large members. The City Council appoints the EDA governing board and approves tax levies. The City does not have fiduciary responsibility for the EDA. It is this criterion that results in the EDA being reported as a discretely presented component unit. The EDA does not prepare separate financial statements. The EDA fund financial statements begin on page 114.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The following major governmental funds meet the criteria described above:

The *General* fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service* fund is used for the servicing of governmental long-term debt not being financed by the proprietary fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Utility fund is used for the activities of the water distribution system the City maintains.

The *Disposal fund* is used for the activities of the City's sewage collection operations.

The Ambulance fund is used for the activities related to the ambulance and emergency services the City provides.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and disposal function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes and the City's investment policy as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities in (1) above.
- 3. Minnesota Municipal Money Market fund and certificates of deposit with preference to local financial institutions.
- Commercial paper issued by United States banks, corporations, or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality, and maturing in 270 days or less rated by at least two of the three rating agencies. (Moody's, A-1/ Standard and Poor's, P-1/ Fitches, F-1)

It is the City's policy to invest in a manner which seeks to insure the preservation of capital. Safety of principal is the foremost objective, but liquidity and yield are also important considerations. It is essential that cash is available when needed, therefore the goal is to maximize yield while matching maturity dates with expenditure needs. All participating in the investment process shall seek to act responsibly as custodians of the public trust.

It is the policy of the City to invest available fund at the highest rates attainable at the time of the investment, however giving preference to local financial institutions where the highest local bid is not more than .25 percent less than the non-local investment.

Investments may be held in safekeeping with any federal reserve bank, any bank authorized under laws of the United States or any state to exercise corporate trust powers, including but not limited to the bank from which it is purchased. The City's ownership of all securities shall be evidenced by a written acknowledge identifying the securities by name of issue, maturity date, interest rate and serial number or other distinguishing mark.

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund is regulated by Minnesota statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities and is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the regulatory rules of the SEC. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the City's investment in this pool is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the 4M Liquid Asset Fund. Investments in the 4M Plus must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to a penalty equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn. Seven days' notice of redemption is required for withdrawals of investments in the 4M Term Series withdrawn prior to the maturity date of that series. A penalty could be assessed as necessary to recoup the Series for any charges, losses, and other costs attributable to the early redemption. Financial statements of the 4M Fund can be obtained by contracting RBC Global Management at 100 South Fifth Street, Suite 2300, Minneapolis, MN 55402-1240.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017:

• Negotiable certificates of deposits of \$3,753,266 are values using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled utility enterprise fund receivables are also included for services provided in 2017. The City annually certifies delinquent water and disposal accounts to the County for collection in the following year. Therefore, there has been no allowance for doubtful accounts established for water and disposal funds. The Ambulance fund has an allowance for uncollectible accounts set at 25 percent of the outstanding balance. This amount totaled \$74,036 as of December 31, 2017.

Property Taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy in December and certifies it to the County for collection the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and tax settlements are made to the City during January, July and December each year.

Delinquent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes receivable have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the governmental fund financial statements.

Special Assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are received in cash or within 60 days after year end and when the following years levy is certified. All other governmental special assessments receivable not received within 60 days after year end are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of materials and supplies are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and are recorded as prepaid items. The City uses the consumption method to account for all prepaid items.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years for equipment and \$1,000 for land. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements regardless of their amount.

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include items dating back to June 30, 1980. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Useful Lives in Years
Land Improvements	5 to 30
Buildings and Improvements	15 to 40
System Improvements/Infrastructure	15 to 50
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 20
Vehicles	3 to 15

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit plan administered by Cannon Falls Fire Department Relief Association and additions to and deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave, which is paid to the employee upon separation. In governmental fund types, the cost of these benefits is recognized when payments are made to the employees. Employees can accumulate to a total of 320 hours of vacation and 960 hours of sick leave. Proprietary fund types accrue vacation and sick leave in the period it is earned. A liability of \$263,364 represents accrued vacation and sick leave unused at year end for the governmental and business-type activities. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental fund compensated absences. The liability in the discretely presented component unit totals \$17,381.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. The recognition of bond premiums and discounts are delayed and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, special assessments and contract for deed receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The City has an additional item which qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Administrator or Finance Director.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 40-50 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General and special revenue. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

In August of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Administrator so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 30th, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council adopts a preliminary maximum budget. Truth-in-taxation notices are mailed out to residents by the County. The City Council holds public hearings and adopts a budget and tax levy in December.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's Administrator may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. There were no budget amendments made during 2017.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2017, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

Fund	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations
Major			
General	\$ 3,001,251	\$ 3,012,472	\$ 11,221
Nonmajor			
Cable fund	47,025	72,958	25,933
Fire Department Operations fund	255,819	304,954	49,135
Component Unit			
Economic Development fund	140,525	143,289	2,764

These over-expenditures were funded by revenues in excess of budget and available fund balance.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had fund equity deficits at December 31, 2017:

Fund	ŀ	Amount
Capital Project		
3rd Street Bridge	\$	91,450
TIF 2-6.2		9,250
TIF 2-7		5,060
2016 Street Improvement Westside Phase II		20,233
Alexander Court		223,921
Limestone Road Repair Project		2,810
2018 Street Project		15,489
Enterprise Fund		
Deputy Registrar		91,190

These deficits will be eliminated with future transfers and revenue sources.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances of the City's funds are combined (pooled) and invested to the extent available in various investments authorized by Minnesota statutes. Each fund's portion of this pool (or pools) is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." For purposes of identifying the risk of investing public funds, the balances are categorized as follows:

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the City Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds, which the exception of irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks as this type of collateral only requires collateral pledged equal to 100 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,897,718 and the bank balance was \$2,697,025. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance totaling \$1,597,025, with the remainder covered by collateral held by the City's agent in the City's name.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value. Investment and dividend income are recognized as revenue when earned. The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota statutes and the City's investment policy limit the City's investments.
- Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of an investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City is exposed to custodial credit risk in relation to the CDs invested in the CDARS program.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.
- Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk.

At year end, the City's investment balances were as follows:

	Credit	Segmented							
	Quality/	Time			Fair Va	alue	Measuremer	nt Usi	ng
Types of Investments	Ratings (1) Distribution (2)	Amount	l	_evel 1		Level 2		Level 3
Pooled Investments at Amortize	d Costs								
4M Fund	N/A	Less than 6 months	\$ 1,462,006						
Money market fund	N/A	Less than 6 months	180,000						
Non-pooled Investments at Fair	Value								
Negotiable CDs	N/A	6 months to 1 year	245,000	\$	-	\$	245,000	\$	-
Negotiable CDs	N/A	1 to 3 years	2,765,594		-		2,765,594		-
Negotiable CDs	N/A	More than 3 years	521,722		-		521,722		-
U.S. Government Agencies	AAA	1 to 3 years	220,950		-		220,950		-
Total Investments		=	\$ 5,395,272	\$	-	\$	3,753,266	\$	-

(1) Ratings are provided by Standard & Poors agency where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.

(2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A reconciliation of cash and temporary investments as shown on the statement of net position for the City follows:

	Amount
Carrying Amount of Deposits Investments Cash on Hand	\$ 1,897,718 5,395,272 555
Total	\$ 7,293,545
As Reported in the Financial Statements Statement of net position Primary government Cash and temporary investments	\$ 7,088,706
Component unit Economic Development Authority	\$ 7,000,700
Cash and temporary investments	204,839
Total	<u>\$ 7,293,545</u>

B. Loans Receivable

Economic Development Authority

On December 1, 2010, the EDA authorized a loan up to \$75,000 to Sibley Engineering at the rate of 3 percent per year. The loan is due February 1, 2017. Monthly payments of \$518 are due beginning March 1, 2011. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$44,966.

On November 29, 2012, the EDA loaned \$150,000 to ArtOrg at the rate of 3 percent per year. The loan is due November 29, 2017. Monthly payments of \$1,035.87 are due beginning December 29, 2012. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$106,110.

On July 13, 2016, the EDA loaned \$150,000 to Tillion Brewing Company at the rate of 3 percent a year. The loan is due on July 13, 2026. Monthly payments of \$1,449 are due beginning August 13, 2016. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2017 was \$131,391.

The total loan receivable balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$282,467.

C. Contract for Deed Receivable

On March 15, 2012, the City entered into a contract for deed with S&S Investment Properties, LLP for the purchase of land for \$31,430 with an interest rate of 3 percent per year. The loan is due March 1, 2019. Semi-annual payments of \$2,245 were due beginning September 1, 2012. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$6,735.

On January 15, 2013, the EDA entered into a contract for deed with World Food Processing, LLC for the purchase of land for \$231,000 with an interest rate of 4 percent per year. The loan is due January 15, 2018. Semi-annual payments of \$10,354 were due beginning July 15, 2013. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2017 was \$175,612.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated Land	\$ 914,346	\$-	\$-	\$ 914,346
Construction in progress	³ 914,340 1,213,313	ء - 220,870	۔ (1,213,313)	³ 914,340 220,870
Total Capital Assets	1,213,313	220,070	(1,213,313)	220,070
not being Depreciated	2,127,659	220,870	(1,213,313)	1,135,216
hot being Depreciated	2,127,009	220,070	(1,213,313)	1,135,210
Capital Assets being Depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	4,872,561	-	-	4,872,561
System improvements/infrastructure	11,607,843	1,224,701	-	12,832,544
Machinery and equipment	1,795,859	79,913	-	1,875,772
Vehicles	2,733,464	29,084	(35,143)	2,727,405
Total Capital Assets				
being Depreciated	21,009,727	1,333,698	(35,143)	22,308,282
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(1,457,943)	(115,433)	-	(1,573,376)
System improvements/infrastructure	(3,567,934)	(373,289)	-	(3,941,223)
Machinery and equipment	(1,095,900)	(98,701)	-	(1,194,601)
Vehicles	(1,958,167)	(135,902)	35,143	(2,058,926)
Total Accumulated	(1,000,101)	(100,002)		(_,,
Depreciation	(8,079,944)	(723,325)	35,143	(8,768,126)
Total Capital Assets				
being Depreciated, Net	12,929,783	610,373	-	13,540,156
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 15,057,442	<u>\$ 831,243</u>	<u>\$ (1,213,313)</u>	\$ 14,675,372

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities		
General government	\$	47,299
Public safety		183,295
Public works		410,501
Culture and recreation		82,230
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u> </u>	723,325

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Business-type Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets not being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 87,816	\$-	\$-	\$ 87,816
Construction in progress	1,239,979	(1,206,088)	-	33,891
Total Capital Assets		<u>, </u>		
not being Depreciated	1,327,795	(1,206,088)		121,707
Capital Assets being Depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	15,980	-	-	15,980
System improvements/infrastructure	32,846,668	1,246,801	-	34,093,469
Machinery and equipment	1,020,702	76,138	-	1,096,840
Vehicles	633,436	26,616		660,052
Total Capital Assets				
being Depreciated	34,516,786	1,349,555		35,866,341
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(10,048)	(534)	-	(10,582)
System improvements/infrastructure	(12,209,475)	(854,030)	-	(13,063,505)
Machinery and equipment	(664,998)	(69,228)	-	(734,226)
Vehicles	(336,966)	(61,780)		(398,746)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	(13,221,487)	(985,572)		(14,207,059)
Total Capital Assets				
being Depreciated, Net	21,295,299	363,983		21,659,282
Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 22,623,094	\$ (842,105)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 21,780,989

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Business-type Activities		
Water Utility	\$	358,028
Disposal		517,184
Ambulance		75,593
Storm Water		34,767
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	<u>\$</u>	985,572

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

Capital asset activity for the Economic Development Authority for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases					eases	Ending Balance		
Capital Assets not being Depreciated Land	\$	734,124	\$	-	\$	-	\$	734,124	

E. Transfers

Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Transfers in										
		Debt Service		Nonmajor Governmental		Ambulance		onmajor iterprise			
Fund		Fund		Funds		Fund		Funds	Total		
Transfer Out											
General	\$	-	\$	123,085	\$	-	\$	-	\$	123,085	
Nonmajor governmental		11,400		-		-		-		11,400	
Water Utility		90,000		3,690		6,400		9,910		110,000	
Disposal		35,000				-		-		35,000	
Total	\$	136,400	\$	126,775	\$	6,400	\$	9,910	\$	279,485	

During the year, transfers are used to 1) reimburse the General fund for information technology cost and 2) move General fund resources to provide funds for future capital purchases. Further, during the year ended December 31, 2017, the City made the following one-time transfers:

- A transfer of \$11,400 from nonmajor governmental funds to the Debt Service fund for debt related costs.
- A transfer of \$123,085 from the General fund to nonmajor governmental funds for capital improvement purchases.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities. In addition, bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

General Obligation Improvement Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance various improvements and will be repaid from special assessments levied on the properties benefiting from the improvements and ad valorem tax levies. All special assessment debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Each year the combined assessment and tax levy equals 105 percent of the amount required for debt service. The excess of 5 percent is to cover any delinquencies in tax or assessment payments.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2011A	\$ 3,150,000	2.00 - 3.40 %	10/13/11	02/01/32	\$ 2,385,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2012A	932,000	.75 - 2.50	05/01/12	02/01/22	375,000
G.O. Refunding Permanent					
Bonds of 2012B	3,085,000	1.00 - 1.65	11/28/12	02/01/23	1,465,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2013A	2,575,000	2.00 - 4.00	08/07/13	02/01/34	2,215,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2016A	2,480,000	2.00 - 3.00	06/30/16	02/01/37	2,480,000
Total G.O.					
Improvement Bonds					\$ 8,920,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation improvement bonds are as follows:

Year Ending		•	ovement B nental Activi				G.O. Improvement Bonds Business-type Activities						
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total		
2018	\$ 632,000	\$	110,491	\$	742,491	\$	170,000	\$	98,980	\$	268,980		
2019	633,000		100,931		733,931		175,000		95,530		270,530		
2020	650,000		90,624		740,624		180,000		91,824		271,824		
2021	527,000		79,992		606,992		185,000		87,793		272,793		
2022	543,000		69,054		612,054		185,000		83,480		268,480		
2023 - 2027	1,685,000		206,043		1,891,043		1,000,000		342,956		1,342,956		
2028 - 2032	685,000		36,343		721,343		1,160,000		181,460		1,341,460		
2033 - 2037	 -		-		-		510,000		33,725		543,725		
Total	\$ 5,355,000	\$	693,478	\$	6,048,478	\$	3,565,000	\$	1,015,748	\$	4,580,748		

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General Obligation Revenue Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance expansion to the water and wastewater system. They will be retired with assessments against the benefited properties. They will be repaid from future revenues pledged from the Water and Sewer fund and are backed by the taxing power of the City. For 2017, principal and interest paid and total customer revenues for the Water fund were \$469,233 and \$785,214, respectively. For 2017, principal and interest paid and total customer customer revenues for the Disposal fund were \$961,001 and \$1,394,159, respectively.

Description	-	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. MN Public Facilities Authority Bond 2001 -						
Water and Wastewater Improvements	\$	4,529,000	4.07 %	06/27/01	08/20/21	\$ 1,202,000
G.O. MN Public Facilities Authority Bond 2001 -						
Wastewater G.O. Water Revenue		8,021,909	2.86	11/20/01	08/20/22	2,486,909
Refunding Bonds -		2 500 000	4 00 0 50	40/00/40	00/04/04	4 000 000
Series 2010A		3,560,000	1.00 - 3.50	12/09/10	08/01/21	1,390,000
Total G.O. Revenue Bonds						\$ 5,078,909

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Revenue Bonds Business-type Activities								
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total				
2018	\$ 1,092,000	\$	151,751	\$	1,243,751				
2019	1,124,000		120,619		1,244,619				
2020	1,152,000		87,023		1,239,023				
2021	1,185,000		51,891		1,236,891				
2022	525,909		15,041		540,950				
Total	\$ 5,078,909	\$	426,325	\$	5,505,234				

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Capital Lease Obligation

The City has entered into capital lease agreements for the purchase of equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments.

Description	thorized d Issued	lr 	nterest Rate		_	sue ate		Maturity Date		ance at ar End
Sweeper	\$ 145,260		4.30	%	03/2	5/11	()3/25/20	 \$	48,183

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending	Capital Leases Governmental Activities							Capital Leases Business-type Activities						
December 31,	P	rincipal	lr	nterest	Total		Principal		Interest		Total			
2018 2019	\$	7,688 8,025	\$	1,659 1,321	\$	9,347 9,346	\$	7,689 8,025	\$	1,659 1,321	\$	9,348 9,346		
2020		8,378		969	,	9,347		8,378		969		9,347		
Total	\$	24,091	\$	3,949	\$	28,040	\$	24,092	\$	3,949	\$	28,041		

Assets related to the above outstanding capital lease obligations are as follows:

	Governmen Activities		iness-type .ctivities
Asset Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	84,251 (37,913)	\$ 84,250 (37,913)
Total	_\$	46,338	\$ 46,337

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the following changes in long-term liabilities occurred:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General obligation special					
assessment bonds	\$ 6,085,000	\$-	\$ (730,000)	\$ 5,355,000	\$ 632,000
Capital Leases Payable	31,455	-	(7,364)	24,091	7,688
Compensated Absences					10.000
Payable Dension Linkility	186,025	52,337	(45,149)	193,213	48,303
Pension Liability GERF	1 770 046	750.000	(1,169,788)	1 250 424	
PEPFF	1,778,246	750,966	(, , ,	1,359,424	-
FEFFF	2,006,587	1,491,197	(2,795,722)	702,062	
Governmental Activity					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 10,087,313	\$ 2,294,500	\$ (4,748,023)	\$ 7,633,790	\$ 687,991
	÷ .0,001,010	<u> </u>	<i>↓</i> (1): 10,020)	· · ;000;100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Business-type Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General obligation					
revenue bonds	\$ 6,143,910	\$-	\$ (1,065,000)	\$ 5,078,910	\$ 1,092,000
General obligation					
improvement bonds	3,680,002	-	(115,000)	3,565,002	170,000
Capital Leases Payable	31,456	-	(7,364)	24,092	7,689
Compensated Absences					
Payable	61,692	21,012	(12,553)	70,151	17,538
Pension Liability	474 700	004.050			
GERF	474,782	284,359	(354,626)	404,515	
Pusipose type Activity					
Business-type Activity Long-term Liabilities	\$ 10,391,842	\$ 21,012	<u>\$ (1,199,917)</u>	\$ 9,142,670	\$ 1,287,227
Long-term Liabilities	ψ 10,391,0 4 2	<u>\$ 21,012</u>	ϕ (1,199,917)	ψ 9,142,070	ψ 1,207,227
Component Unit - EDA					
Compensated Absences					
Payable	\$ 21,620	\$-	\$ (4,239)	\$ 17,381	\$ 4,345
Pension Liability	Ŧ)	Ŧ	÷ ())	÷ ,	Ŧ)
GERF	69,149	3,046	(16,713)	55,482	-
Component Unit					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 90,769	\$ 3,046	\$ (20,952)	\$ 72,863	\$ 4,345

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Fund Balance

At December 31, 2017, portions of the City's fund balance are not available for appropriation due to not being in spendable form (nonspendable), legal restrictions (restricted), City Council action (committed), policy and/or intent (assigned). The following is a summary of the components of fund balance:

		General		Other Debt Governmental Service Funds		Total		
Nonspendable for Prepaid items	\$	39,483	¢		\$	6,933	\$	46 416
Flepaid tierns	φ	39,403	\$	-	φ	0,933	φ	46,416
Restricted for								
Debt service	\$	-	\$	1,388,902	\$	-	\$	1,388,902
Cable television		-		-		147,828		147,828
Park capital		-		-		25,046		25,046
Total Restricted	\$		\$	1,388,902	\$	172,874	\$	1,561,776
Committed for	¢		¢		¢	26.922	\$	26.922
Street capital	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,822 139,800	Φ	26,822 139,800
Public works capital Police capital		-		-		1,653		1,653
Fire capital		-		-		214,294		214,294
Administration capital						56,857		56,857
Park capital		-		_		49,807		49,807
Library capital		-		-		48,112		48,112
						10,112		
Total Committed	\$		\$		\$	537,345	\$	537,345
Assigned								
Library operations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	140,584	\$	140,584
Eastside improvement		-		-		21,550		21,550
Public improvements		-		-		125,167		125,167
Total Assigned	\$		\$		\$	287,301	\$	287,301
Unassigned	\$ 2	2,302,179	\$		\$	(372,164)	\$	1,930,015

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan (GERF)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF)

The PEPFF, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFF also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by Minnesota statute and can only be modified by the state legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5 percent increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90 percent funded, or have fallen below 80 percent, are given 1 percent increases.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

PEPFF Benefits

Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For PEPFF members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

GERF Contributions

Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 percent and 6.50 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2017. The City was required to contribute 11.78 percent of pay for Basic Plan members and 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members in calendar year 2017. The City's contributions to the GERF for the year ending December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$140,461, \$136,240 and \$130,505, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

PEPFF Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.8 percent of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2017. The City was required to contribute 16.20 percent of pay for PEPFF members in calendar year 2017. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the years ending December 31, 2017, 2016 and 2015 were \$87,838, \$86,782 and \$71,922, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

D. Pension Costs

GERF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$1,819,421 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the fund in 2017. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$22,872. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017, the City's proportionate share was 0.0285 percent which was lower by .0001 of a percent as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$286,539 for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$494 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the GERF in the governmental funds, and \$167 in the discretely presented component unit.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the City reported its proportionate share of GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Defer	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows				
	of I	Resources	of I	of Resources		
Differences between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	59,946	\$	117,036		
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		301,959		182,397		
Net Difference between Projected and						
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-		78,535		
Changes in Proportion		-		39,740		
Contributions to GERF Subsequent						
to the Measurement Date		72,105		-		
Total	\$	434,010	\$	417,708		

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$72,105 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to GERF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2018	\$ (46,751)
2019	104,079
2020	(35,906)
2021	(77,225)

PEPFF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$702,062 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017, the City's proportionate share was 0.0520 percent which was an increase of 0.002 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$41,929 for its proportionate share of PEPFF's pension expense. The City also recognized \$4,680 for the year ended December 31, 2017 as pension expense (and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the plan. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the PEPFF each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the City reported its proportionate share of PEPFF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between Expected and			
Actual Experience	\$ 16,503	\$ 187,318	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	975,779	996,754	
Net Difference between Projected and			
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	-	62,810	
Changes in Proportion	46,669	26,831	
Contributions to PEPFF Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	47,564		
Total	\$ 1,086,515	\$ 1,273,713	

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$47,564 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to PEPFF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to PEPFF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2018	\$ (26,297)
2019	37,655
2020	(12,231)
2021	(43,624)
2022	(190,265)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2014 for all plans for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be: 1 percent per year for the GERF through 2044 and PEPFF through 2064 and then 2.5 percent thereafter for both plans.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the GERF was completed in 2015. The most recent five-year experience study for PEPFF was completed in 2016.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2017:

<u>GERF</u>

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

<u>PEPFF</u>

- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees.
- Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.6 percent to 7.5 percent.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	39.00 %	5.10 %
International Stocks	19.00	5.30
Bonds	20.00	0.75
Alternative Assets	20.00	5.90
Cash	2.00	-
Total	<u> 100.00 </u> %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2017 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF and PEPFF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	City Proportionate Share of NPL					
	1 Percent	1 Percent				
	Decrease (6.50%)	Current (7.50%)	Increase (8.50%)			
GERF	\$ 2,822,057	\$ 1,819,421	\$ 998,581			
	City P	roportionate Share c	of NPL			
	1 Percent		1 Percent			
	Decrease (6.50%)	Current (7.50%)	Increase (8.50%)			
PEPFF	\$ 1,322,187	\$ 702,062	\$ 190,114			

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.mnpera.org</u>

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association

A. Plan Description

All members of the Cannon Falls Fire Department (the Department) are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the Cannon Falls Fire Department Relief Association (the Association). As of December 31, 2016, the plan covered 30 active firefighters and 2 vested terminated fire fighters whose pension benefits are deferred. The plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statute, chapter 69.

The Association maintains a separate Special fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is derived from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (chapter 261 as amended by chapter 509 of Minnesota statutes 1980). Funds are also derived from investment income.

B. Benefits Provided

A firefighter who completes at least 20 years as an active member of the Department is entitled, after age 50, to a full service pension upon retirement.

The bylaws of the Association also provide for an early vested service pension for a retiring member who has completed a minimum of 10 years of service.

The financial requirements of the Special fund are determined in accordance with section 69.772 of the Minnesota statutes, which requires the payment of pension benefits in a lump sum or optionally in annual installments. The benefits are payable after age 50, 20 years of service and 10 years of Association membership or upon death.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapters 424 and 424A authorize pension benefits for volunteer fire relief associations. The plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in Minnesota statutes and voluntary City contributions (if applicable). The State of Minnesota contributed \$50,059 in fire state aid to the plan on behalf of the Cannon Falls Fire Department for the year ended December 31, 2016 which was recorded as a revenue. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City's statutorily-required contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2017 were \$50,349. The City made no voluntary contributions to the plan. Furthermore, the firefighter has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the City reported a net pension liability (asset) of (\$121,184) for the plan. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset in accordance with GASB 68 was determined by VanIwaarden applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the Department as of December 31, 2016. The following table presents the changes in net pension liability (asset) during the year:

	Total Pension Liability (a)		Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position		Net Pension Liability (Asset (a-b)	
Beginning Balance January 1, 2016	\$	618,299	\$	680,030	\$	(61,731)
Changes for the Year						
Service cost		30,861		-		30,861
Interest on pension liability (asset)		37,821		-		37,821
Actuarial experience (gains)/losses		(28,496)		-		(28,496)
Changes of assumptions		4,223		-		4,223
Net investment income		-		52,076		(52,076)
Contributions- donation and other income		-		52,941		(52,941)
Benefit payouts		(88,050)		(88,050)		-
Administrative costs		-		(1,155)		1,155
Total Net Changes		(43,641)		15,812		(59,453)
Ending Balance December 31, 2016	\$	574,658	\$	695,842	\$	(121,184)

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$43,214.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2017

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the City reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to pension from the following sources:

	Ċ	Deferred Dutflows Resources		eferred nflows Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	-	\$	25,766
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		3,818		5,493
Net Difference between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		43,046		-
Contributions to Plan Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		50,349		-
Total	\$	97,213	\$	31,259

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$50,349 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2018	\$ 13,904
2019	13,903
2020	8,727
2021	(6,020)
2022	(3,133)
Thereafter	(11,776)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2016 was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement Eligibility at 50 Percent of Age 50 or 20 Years of Service, 50 Percent at Ages 50-64 and 100 Percent at

Age 65 or 30 Years of Service.	
Inflation rate	2.75% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.00%
20 Year Municipal Bond Yield	3.78%

There were no changes in actuarial assumptions in 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using the plan's target investment allocation along with long-term return expectations by asset class. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2017

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	49.14 %	5.58 %
International Equity	24.16	5.71
Fixed Income	6.42	2.27
Real Estate	0.81	4.44
Cash	19.47	0.84
Total	<u> 100.00 </u> %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made as specified in statute. Based on that assumption and considering the funding ratio of the plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) for the plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

	-	Percent ease (5.00%)	Curr	ent (6.00%)	1 Percent Increase (7.00%)	
Defined Benefit Plan	\$	(103,972)	\$	(121,184)	\$	(137,867)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the Cannon Falls Firefighter's Relief Association, 137 4th Street North, Cannon Falls, Minnesota 55009.

Note 6: Other Information

A. Legal Debt Margin

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City may not incur or be subject to net debt in excess of three percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes and therefore, excludes debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, enterprise fund revenues or tax increments. The City has \$31,455 applied against the limit.

B. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

C. Concentrations

The City receives a significant amount of its annual General fund revenues from the State of Minnesota from the Local Government Aid (LGA) program. The amount received in 2017 was \$640,873. This accounted for 18.9 percent of General fund revenues.

Note 7: Commitments and Contingencies

Tax Increment Districts

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the State of Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

Note 8: Transactions between the Primary Government and its Component Unit

The City conducts routine transactions with its component unit for services provided. The City provides administrative and financial services for the EDA activities. Other significant transactions between the primary government and its component unit are described in other notes.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Retirement Fund

			Stat Proport					City's Proportionate Share of the	
		City's	Shar					Net Pension Liability as	Dian Eiduaian/
	City's	Proportionate Share of	Liab				City's	a Percentage of	Plan Fiduciary Net Position
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pensior	n Associa	ted with		Cove	ered-Employee	Covered-Employee	as a Percentage
Year	the Net Pensior	Liability	the	City	Total		Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	 (a+b)		(C)	(a/c)	Pension Liability
06/30/17 06/30/16 06/30/15	0.0285 % 0.0286 0.0286	\$ 1,819,421 2,322,178 1,482,200	Ŧ	22,872 30,356 -	\$ 1,842,293 2,352,534 1,482,200	\$	1,835,533 1,774,875 1,680,063	99.1% % 130.8% 88.2%	75.9 % 68.9 78.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Retirement Fund

		Contributions in Relation to the			Contributions as
	Statutorily	Statutorily	Contribution	City's	a Percentage of
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered-Employee	Covered-Employee
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Ending	(a)	(b)	(a-b)	(c)	(b/c)
12/31/17	\$ 140,461	\$ 140,461	\$-	\$ 1,872,813	7.50 %
12/31/16	136,240	136,240	-	1,816,533	7.50
12/31/15	130,505	130,505	-	1,740,067	7.50

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2017 - The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

2015 - On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

		City's	State's Proportionate Share of				City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	
	City's Proportion	•	the Net Pension Liability			City's	Liability as a Percentage of	Plan Fiduciary Net Position
Fiscal	of the	the Net Pensior	Associated with		Cove		Covered -Employee	as a Percentage
Year	Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total		Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)		(c)	(a/c)	Pension Liability
06/30/17 06/30/16 06/30/15	0.0520 % 0.0500 0.0480	\$ 702,062 2,006,587 545,392	\$ - - -	\$ 702,062 2,006,587 545,392	\$	528,826 485,446 438,670	132.8 % 413.3 124.3	85.4 % 63.9 86.6

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

Year Ending	Re	atutorily equired htribution (a)	Rela St	ributions in tion to the atutorily equired ntribution (b)	Defi (Ex	Contribution eficiency Covered-Employee Covered-E Excess) Payroll Payrol (a-b) (c) (b/o				e of ployee
12/31/17 12/31/16 12/31/15	\$	87,838 86,782 71,922	\$	87,838 86,782 71,922	\$	-	\$	542,210 535,691 443,963	16.2 16.2 16.2	

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.6 percent to 7.5 percent.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 5.6 percent. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

2015 - The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90 percent funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.5 percent.

Schedule of Employer's Fire Relief Association Contributions

Year Ending 12/31/17 12/31/16 12/31/15 12/31/14	Det	Actuarial Determined Contribution (a)			Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	
12/31/17	\$	50,349	\$	50,349	\$	-
12/31/16		50,059		50,059		-
12/31/15		49,960		49,960		-
12/31/14		48,792		48,792		-

Schedule of Changes in the Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

	 2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability			
Service cost	\$ 30,861	\$ 28,958	\$ 28,183
Interest on pension liability (asset)	37,821	35,024	34,669
Changes of benefit terms	-	18,597	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(28,496)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	4,223	(7,109)	-
Benefit payments	 (88,050)	 (74,667)	 (40,242)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(43,641)	803	22,610
Total Pension Liability - January 1	 618,299	 617,496	 594,886
Total Pension Liability - December 31	\$ 574,658	\$ 618,299	\$ 617,496
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Employer contributions	\$ 52,941	\$ 50,960	\$ 48,792
Nonemployer contributions	-	-	137
Projected investment return	52,076	(32,964)	15,287
Benefit payments	(88,050)	(74,667)	(40,242)
Administrative expenses	(1,155)	(239)	(232)
Other	 -	 	 3,000
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	15,812	(56,910)	26,742
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - January 1	 680,030	 736,940	 710,198
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - December 31 (B)	\$ 695,842	\$ 680,030	\$ 736,940
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) - December 31 (A-B)	\$ (121,184)	\$ (61,731)	\$ (119,444)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage			
of the Total Pension Liability (B/A)	121.09%	109.98%	119.34%
Covered-employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage			
of Covered-employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A
Notes to Schedule:			
Benefit Changes. No changes since last valuation.			
Changes of Assumptions. No changes since last valuation.			
Note: Cohodula is intended to show 40 year trand. Additional years	 <u> </u>	 basama	

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2017

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects		N	Total Ionmajor Funds
Assets	¢	045 004	¢	407.050	¢	700 000
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	315,331	\$	407,058	\$	722,389
Accrued interest		10		8		18
Accounts		7,911		6,529		14,440
Special assessments		7,911		0,529 14,385		14,440
Prepaid items		- 6,933		14,305		6,933
Frepaiu items		0,933		-		0,933
Total Assets	\$	330,185	\$	427,980	\$	758,165
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	29,376	\$	42,238	\$	71,614
Accrued salaries payable		9,415		-		9,415
Unearned revenue		-		32,200		32,200
Total Liabilities		38,791		74,438		113,229
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		-		12,647		12,647
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		6,933		-		6,933
Restricted		147,828		25,046		172,874
Committed		-		537,345		537,345
Assigned		140,584		146,717		287,301
Unassigned		(3,951)		(368,213)		(372,164)
Total Fund Balances		291,394		340,895		632,289
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	330,185	\$	427,980	\$	758,165

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Revenues	Special Capital Revenue Projects			N	Total Ionmajor Funds	
Taxes						
Property	\$	446,784	\$	-	\$	446,784
Franchise taxes		33,886		-		33,886
Intergovernmental		174,447		-		174,447
Charges for services		95,732		-		95,732
Fines and forfeitures		6,465		-		6,465
Special assessments		-		2,965		2,965
Interest on investments		7		1,911		1,918
Miscellaneous		74,113		11,800		85,913
Total Revenues		831,434		16,676		848,110
Expenditures Current						
Public safety		301,323				301,323
Culture and recreation		436,949		-		436,949
Capital outlay		430,343		_		430,343
General government		-		8,225		8,225
Public safety		3,631		47,848		51,479
Public works				368,026		368,026
Culture and recreation		33,075		6,576		39,651
Total Expenditures		774,978		430,675		1,205,653
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		56,456		(413,999)		(357,543)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-		126,775		126,775
Sale of capital assets		-		1,710		1,710
Transfers out				(11,400)		(11,400)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		117,085		117,085
Net Change in Fund Balances		56,456		(296,914)		(240,458)
Fund Balances, January 1		234,938		637,809		872,747
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	291,394	\$	340,895	\$	632,289

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2017

	211			220		232 Fire		
			Ca	ble Public	De	partment		
		Library	T	elevision	Operations			Total
Assets								
Cash and temporary investments Accrued interest	\$	157,411 -	\$	144,894 6	\$	13,026 4	\$	315,331 10
Accounts receivable		307		6,414		1,190		7,911
Prepaid items		1,285		56		5,592		6,933
Total Assets	\$	159,003	\$	151,370	\$	19,812	\$	330,185
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	8,611	\$	2,606	\$	18,159	\$	29,376
Accrued salaries payable		8,523		880		12		9,415
Total Liabilities		17,134		3,486		18,171		38,791
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		1,285		56		5,592		6,933
Restricted		-		147,828		-		147,828
Assigned		140,584		-		-		140,584
Unassigned		-		-		(3,951)		(3,951)
Total Fund Balances		141,869		147,884		1,641		291,394
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balances	\$	159,003	\$	151,370	\$	19,812	\$	330,185

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	211		220		_	232 Fire		
				ble Public		partment		T . (.)
Deveryon	Libra	ary	16	elevision	0	perations		Total
Revenues								
Taxes	* • • •	0 700	•		^	440.004	•	440 704
Property	\$ 32	8,700	\$	-	\$	118,084	\$	446,784
Franchise taxes		-		33,886		-		33,886
Intergovernmental								
State		-		-		59,826		59,826
County		4,621		-		-		114,621
Charges for services		1,296		-		94,436		95,732
Fines and forfeitures		6,465		-		-		6,465
Interest on investments		-		7		-		7
Miscellaneous								
Contributions and donations		615		-		5,250		5,865
Other		-		60,000		8,248		68,248
Total Revenues	45	1,697		93,893		285,844		831,434
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety		-		-		301,323		301,323
Culture and recreation	36	3,991		72,958		-		436,949
Capital outlay								
Public safety		-		-		3,631		3,631
Culture and recreation	3	3,075		-		-		33,075
Total Expenditures	39	7,066		72,958		304,954		774,978
Net Change in Fund Balances	5	4,631		20,935		(19,110)		56,456
Fund Balances, January 1	8	7,238		126,949		20,751		234,938
Fund Balances, December 31	<u>\$</u> 14	1,869	\$	147,884	\$	1,641	\$	291,394

				2016						
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
	(Driginal		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget		A	mounts
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	328,700	\$	328,700	\$	328,700	\$	-	\$	321,250
Intergovernmental										
County		113,250		113,250		114,621		1,371		113,250
Charges for services		850		850		1,296		446		1,740
Fines and forfeitures		5,000		5,000		6,465		1,465		6,583
Miscellaneous										
Contributions and donations		-		-		615		615		1,825
Other		-		-		-		-		3,000
Total Revenues		447,800		447,800		451,697		3,897		447,648
Expenditures										
Current										
Culture and recreation										
Personnel services		345,600		345,600		290,961		54,639		330,561
Supplies		5,850		5,850		5,755		95		5,643
Other services and charges		66,350		66,350		67,275		(925)		63,860
Capital outlay		,		·		,		()		,
Culture and recreation		30,000		30,000		33,075		(3,075)		28,162
Total Expenditures		447,800		447,800		397,066		50,734		428,226
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		54,631		54,631		19,422
Fund Balances, January 1		87,238		87,238		87,238		-		67,816
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	87,238	\$	87,238	\$	141,869	\$	54,631	\$	87,238

				2016						
		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Vari	iance with		Actual
	(Driginal		Final	A	mounts	Fina	al Budget	Amounts	
Revenues										
Franchise taxes	\$	32,500	\$	32,500	\$	33,886	\$	1,386	\$	30,662
Interest on investments		-		-		7		7		2
Miscellaneous		-		-		60,000		60,000		14,982
Total Revenue		32,500	32,500		93,893			61,393		45,646
Expenditures										
Current										
Culture and recreation										
Personnel services		18,275		18,275		18,274		1		15,760
Supplies		2,100		2,100		1,683		417		193
Other services and charges		26,650		26,650		53,001		(26,351)		8,076
Total Expenditures		47,025		47,025		72,958		(25,933)		24,029
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(14,525)		(14,525)		20,935		35,460		21,617
Other Financing Uses										
Transfers out										(7,210)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(14,525)		(14,525)		20,935		35,460		14,407
Fund Balances, January 1		126,949		126,949		126,949		-		112,542
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	112,424	\$	112,424	\$	147,884	\$	35,460	\$	126,949

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				2016						
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Var	iance with		Actual
	(Driginal		Final	A	Amounts	Final Budget		А	mounts
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	118,084	\$	118,084	\$	118,084	\$	-	\$	115,923
Intergovernmental revenue										
State		48,000		48,000		59,826		11,826		50,059
Charges for services		89,735		89,735		94,436		4,701		87,372
Interest on investments		-		-		-		-		80
Miscellaneous										
Contributions and donations		-		-		5,250		5,250		1,907
Other		-		-		8,248		8,248		-
Total Revenues		255,819		255,819		285,844		30,025		255,341
Expenditures										
Current										
Public safety		07.075		07.075		C4 007		0 740		
Personnel services		67,675		67,675		64,927		2,748		57,954
Supplies		22,100		22,100		45,294		(23,194)		25,155
Other services and charges		155,044		155,044		191,102		(36,058)		152,692
Capital outlay										
Public safety		11,000		11,000		3,631		7,369		1,502
Total Expenditures		255,819		255,819		304,954		(49,135)		237,303
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(19,110)		(19,110)		18,038
Fund Balances, January 1		20,751		20,751		20,751				2,713
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	20,751	\$	20,751	\$	1,641	\$	(19,110)	\$	20,751

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued on the Following Pages) December 31, 2017

	502 Public		504		505		506			507
	Imp	provement			Pu	blic Works				
	R	evolving	Stre	et Capital		Capital	Polic	e Capital	Fi	re Capital
Assets										
Cash and temporary investments	\$	123,421	\$	26,822	\$	139,800	\$	1,653	\$	214,294
Receivables										
Accrued interest		8		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		14,385		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	137,814	\$	26,822	\$	139,800	\$	1,653	\$	214,294
Liabilities										
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		12,647						-		-
Fund Balances										
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		26,822		139,800		1,653		214,294
Assigned		125,167		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		125,167		26,822		139,800		1,653		214,294
Total Liabilities, Deferred										
Inflows of Resources										
and Fund Balances	\$	137,814	\$	26,822	\$	139,800	\$	1,653	\$	214,294

	509		510		511	527 2013 Eastside			225
۵dm	inistration				Library		rovement		
	Capital	Pa	rk Capital		Capital		Project	Pa	rk Board
	Jupital	<u> </u>	in Oupliar		oupitui	'	10,000	10	In Dould
\$	56,857	\$	49,807	\$	48,112	\$	21,550	\$	25,046
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
			-		-		-		-
\$	56,857	\$	49,807	\$	48,112	\$	21,550	\$	25,046
•		•		•		•		•	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		25,046
	56,857		49,807		48,112		-		-
	-		-		-		21,550		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	56,857		49,807		48,112		21,550		25,046
\$	56,857	\$	49,807	\$	48,112	\$	21,550	\$	25,046

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2017

	405		249		250		404 16 Street
	3	rd Street	TIF		TIF		provement
		Bridge	2-6.2		2-7	Westside Phase	
Assets		<u> </u>	 				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	(47,524)	\$ (9,250)	\$	-	\$	(26,762)
Receivables							
Accrued interest		-	-		-		-
Accounts		-	-		-		6,529
Special assessments		-	 -		-		-
Total Assets	\$	(47,524)	\$ (9,250)	\$		\$	(20,233)
Liabilities							
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	11,726	\$ -	\$	5,060	\$	-
Unearned revenue		32,200					
Total Liabilities		43,926	 -		5,060		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		-	 -				-
Fund Balances							
Restricted		-	-		-		-
Committed		-	-		-		-
Assigned		-	-		-		-
Unassigned		(91,450)	(9,250)		(5,060)		(20,233)
Total Fund Balances		(91,450)	 (9,250)		(5,060)		(20,233)
Total Liabilities, Deferred							
Inflows of Resources							
and Fund Balances	\$	(47,524)	\$ (9,250)	\$		\$	(20,233)

406 Alexander		407 mestone ad Repair		408 2018 Street	
Court		Project		Project	 Total
\$ (213,70	3) \$	(2,810)	\$ (255)		\$ 407,058
	-	-		-	8
	-	-		-	6,529
		-		-	 14,385
\$ (213,70	3) \$	(2,810)	\$	(255)	\$ 427,980
\$ 10,21	8 \$	-	\$	15,234	\$ 42,238
		-		-	 32,200
10,21	8	-		15,234	 74,438
		-		-	12,647
	-	-		-	25,046
	-	-		-	537,345
	-	-		-	146,717
(223,92		(2,810)		(15,489)	 (368,213)
(223,92	1)	(2,810)		(15,489)	 340,895
\$ (213,70	3) \$	(2,810)	\$	(255)	\$ 427,980

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances (Continued on the Following Pages) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	502 Public Improvement		504		505 ublic Works	506	507	
	R	evolving	Street Capital		Capital	Police Capital	Fire Capital	
Revenues								
Special assessments	\$	2,965	\$-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Interest on investments		172	-		-	-		(10)
Miscellaneous		-			-			11,800
Total Revenues		3,137	-		-			11,790
Expenditures								
Capital outlay								
General government		-	-		-	-		-
Public safety		-	-		-	39,753		8,095
Public works		-	-		624	-		-
Culture and recreation		-	-		-			
Total Expenditures		-			624	39,753		8,095
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		3,137	-		(624)	(39,753)		3,695
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-	5,375		54,300	26,950		18,575
Sale of capital assets		-	-		-	1,710		-
Transfers out		(11,400)	-		-			-
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)	. <u> </u>	(11,400)	5,375		54,300	28,660		18,575
Net Change in Fund Balances		(8,263)	5,375		53,676	(11,093)		22,270
Fund Balances, January 1		133,430	21,447		86,124	12,746		192,024
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	125,167	\$ 26,822	\$	139,800	<u>\$ 1,653</u>	\$	214,294

	509	į	510	511	527 2013 Eastside			225
	inistration			Library	Impr	ovement		
(Capital	Park	Capital	 Capital	P	Project	Pa	rk Board
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-	-		-		-
	<u> </u>			 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		
	8,225		_	-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-
	-		6,000	 576		-		-
	8,225		6,000	 576		-		-
	(8,225)		(6,000)	 (576)		_		
	12,875		6,400	2,300		-		-
	-		-	-		-		-
	12,875		6,400	 2,300				
	4,650		400	1,724		-		-
	52,207		49,407	 46,388		21,550		25,046
\$	56,857	\$	49,807	\$ 48,112	\$	21,550	\$	25,046

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	405	249	250	404 2016 Street
	3rd Street Bridge	TIF 2-6.2	TIF 2-7	Improvement Westside Phase II
Revenues	0			
Special assessments	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Interest on investments	-	-	-	1,749
Miscellaneous				-
Total Revenues		-		1,749
Expenditures				
Capital outlay				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	91,450	9,250	5,060	19,422
Culture and recreation	-			
Total Expenditures	91,450	9,250	5,060	19,422
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(91,450)	(9,250)	(5,060)	(17,673)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)	-			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(91,450)	(9,250)	(5,060)	(17,673)
Fund Balances, January 1				(2,560)
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ (91,450)	\$ (9,250)	\$ (5,060)	\$ (20,233)

406 Alexander Court	407 Limestone Road Repair Project	408 2018 Street Project	Total
		110,000	
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,965
-	-	-	1,911
			11,800
-		-	16,676
-	-	-	8,225
-	-	-	47,848
223,921	2,810	15,489	368,026
-			6,576
223,921	2,810	15,489	430,675
(223,921)	(2,810)	(15,489)	(413,999)
-	-	-	126,775
-	-	-	1,710
-	-	-	(11,400)
			117,085
(223,921)	(2,810)	(15,489)	(296,914)
			637,809
\$ (223,921)	\$ (2,810)	\$ (15,489)	\$ 340,895

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
				Deputy	F	Recycling		
	Sto	orm Water	F	Registrar	F	Program		Totals
Assets								
Current Assets								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	402,320	\$	(20,299)	\$	109,563	\$	491,584
Receivables								
Accrued interest		535		-		3		538
Accounts		14,756		-		8,588		23,344
Special assessments		6,777		-		3,858		10,635
Prepaid items		197		190		-		387
Total Current Assets		424,585		(20,109)		122,012		526,488
Noncurrent Assets								
Capital assets								
Construction in progress		33,891		-		-		33,891
Depreciable buildings, property, and equipment		1,193,795		-		-		1,193,795
Accumulated depreciation		(168,941)		-		-		(168,941)
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,058,745		-		-		1,058,745
Total Assets		1,483,330		(20,109)		122,012		1,585,233
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred pension resources		388		14,246		-		14,634
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable		19,099		58		-		19,157
Accrued interest payable		8,007		-		-		8,007
Accrued salaries payable		-		3,881		-		3,881
Compensated absences payable		-		1,989		-		1,989
Capital lease payable		7,688		-		-		7,688
Bonds payable	_	27,981		-		-		27,981
Total Current Liabilities		62,775		5,928		-		68,703
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Compensated absences payable		-		5,966		-		5,966
Capital lease payable		16,404		-		-		16,404
Bonds payable		551,348		-		-		551,348
Pension liability		1,626		59,722		-		61,348
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		569,378		65,688		-		635,066
Total Liabilities		632,153		71,616		-		703,769
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred pension resources		373		13,711		-		14,084
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		455,324		-		-		455,324
Unrestricted		395,868		(91,190)		122,012		426,690
Total Net Position	\$	851,192	\$	(91,190)	\$	122,012	\$	882,014
	1	00						

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	Storm Water			Deputy Registrar		ecycling			
			F			Program		Totals	
Operating Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	148,149	\$	114,262	\$	84,922	\$	347,333	
Operating Expenses									
Personnel services		3,926		133,843		-		137,769	
Supplies		2,612		1,070		-		3,682	
Repairs and maintenance		-		429		-		429	
Depreciation		34,767		-		-		34,767	
Other services and charges	_	34,990		7,609		65,370	_	107,969	
Total Operating Expenses		76,295		142,951		65,370		284,616	
Operating Income (Loss)		71,854		(28,689)		19,552		62,717	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
Interest on investments		1,421		-		127		1,548	
Interest expense		(18,031)		-		-		(18,031)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(16,610)		-		127		(16,483)	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		55,244		(28,689)		19,679		46,234	
Transfers In		-		9,910				9,910	
Change in Net Position		55,244		(18,779)		19,679		56,144	
Net Position, January 1		795,948		(72,411)		102,333		825,870	
Net Position, December 31	\$	851,192	\$	(91,190)	\$	122,012	\$	882,014	

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City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Busi	ness-type Activiti	es - Enterprise F	s - Enterprise Funds			
		Deputy	Recycling				
	Storm Water	Registrar	Program	Totals			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 146,535	\$ 115,055	\$ 84,565	\$ 346,155			
Payments to suppliers	(18,700)	(9,113)	(65,370)	(93,183)			
Payments to employees	(3,716)	(123,101)	-	(126,817)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	(0). (0)	(120,101)		(120,011)			
Operating Activities	124,119	(17,159)	19,195	126,155			
operating / of whice	124,110	(17,100)	10,100	120,100			
Cash Flows from Noncapital							
and Related Financing Activities							
Transfers in		9,910		9,910			
		3,310		9,910			
Cash Flows from Capital							
and Related Financing Activities							
-	(22,004)			(22.004)			
Acquisition of capital assets	(33,891)	-	-	(33,891)			
Capital transfer from other funds	42,811	-	-	42,811			
Principal paid on capital lease	(7,364)	-	-	(7,364)			
Principal paid on long-term debt	(19,481)	-	-	(19,481)			
Interest paid on long-term debt	(18,992)	-	-	(18,992)			
Net Cash Used by Capital and							
Related Financing Activities	(36,917)	-		(36,917)			
Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Interest received from investments	1,003	-	127	1,130			
	<u> </u>			<u>, </u> _			
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	88,205	(7,249)	19,322	100,278			
·				·			
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	314,115	(13,050)	90,241	391,306			
	•	• ()	• • • • • • • • •	•			
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 402,320	\$ (20,299)	\$ 109,563	\$ 491,584			
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loco)							
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss)							
to Net Cash Provided (Used)							
by Operating Activities	•	• /	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 71,854	\$ (28,689)	\$ 19,552	\$ 62,717			
Adjustments to reconcile							
operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided (used) by operating activities							
Depreciation	34,767	-	-	34,767			
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources							
Accounts receivable	307	793	90	1,190			
Special assessments receivable	(1,921)	-	(447)	(2,368)			
Prepaid items	(197)	(63)	-	(260)			
Deferred pension resources	283	9,711	-	9,994			
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources	200	0,711		0,004			
Accounts and contracts payable	10.000	59		10 157			
	19,099	58	-	19,157			
Accrued salaries payable	-	438	-	438			
Compensated absences payable	-	1,103	-	1,103			
Deferred pension resources	165	6,292	-	6,457			
Pension liability	(238)	(6,802)	-	(7,040)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by							
Operating Activities	\$ 124,119	\$ (17,159)	\$ 19,195	\$ 126,155			

		2016			
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,981,232	\$ 1,981,232	\$ 2,025,656	\$ 44,424	\$ 1,969,263
Licenses and permits					
Business	20,700	20,700	32,115	11,415	24,100
Nonbusiness	25,900	25,900	135,419	109,519	33,522
Total licenses and permits	46,600	46,600	167,534	120,934	57,622
Intergovernmental					
Disaster aid	-	-	51,197	51,197	-
State					
Local government aid	640,873	640,873	640,873	-	640,227
Market value agricultural credits	-	-	237	237	458
Police and police training	49,000	49,000	69,022	20,022	57,001
PERA aid	4,456	4,456	4,456	-	4,456
Small cities assistance program	-	-	32,153	32,153	-
Other	-	-	1,413	1,413	1,857
County					
Police grant	-	-	1,700	1,700	3,677
Total intergovernmental	694,329	694,329	801,051	106,722	707,676
Charges for services					
General government	5,450	5,450	5,965	515	6,322
Public safety	1,550	1,550	9,120	7,570	9,634
Public works	10,500	10,500	24,705	14,205	3,425
Culture and recreation	35,900	35,900	34,646	(1,254)	39,214
Total charges for services	53,400	53,400	74,436	21,036	58,595
Fines and forfeitures	22,000	22,000	35,417	13,417	28,889
Special assessments	18,450	18,450	20,903	2,453	22,282
Interest on investments	5,100	5,100	19,196	14,096	27,723
Miscellaneous					
Rents	55,700	55,700	55,526	(174)	72,715
Contributions and donations	-	-	1,500	1,500	3,860
Reimbursements	174,775	174,775	171,860	(2,915)	166,474
Other	18,300	18,300	23,276	4,976	49,938
Total miscellanious	248,775	248,775	252,162	3,387	292,987
Total Revenues	3,069,886	3,069,886	3,396,355	326,469	3,165,037

	2017								2016	
		Budgeted	l Amo			Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
	Original			Final		mounts	Fina	al Budget	Amounts	
Expenditures										
Current										
General government										
Mayor and city council										
Personnel services	\$	29,050	\$	29,050	\$	27,423	\$	1,627	\$	18,977
Supplies		800		800		31		769		96
Other services and charges		7,100		7,100		9,261		(2,161)		4,907
Total mayor and city council		36,950		36,950		36,715		235		23,980
Elections										
Personnel services		50		50		28		22		19,342
Supplies		-		-		-		-		168
Other services and charges		900		900		813		87		2,641
Total elections		950		950		841		109		22,151
Administrative										
Personnel services		451,850		451,850		458,852		(7,002)		411,438
Supplies		2,100		2,100		2,088		12		2,201
Other services and charges		56,550		56,550		40,014		16,536		39,779
Total administrative		510,500		510,500		500,954		9,546		453,418
Audit and conculting face										
Audit and consulting fees		22,900		22,900		24,020		(1 1 2 0)		
Other services and charges		22,900		22,900		24,020		(1,120)		25,255
Planning and zoning										
Other services and charges		36,250		36,250		27,726		8,524		870
Legal										
Other services and charges		64,900		64,900		64,671		229		58,628
Information and technology										
Personnel services		-		_						108
Supplies		-		_		89		(89)		180
Other services and charges		41,250		41,250		21,544		19,706		38,452
Total information and technology		41,250		41,250		21,633		19,617		38,740
General government building										
Personnel services		38,225		38,225		38,760		(535)		36,825
Supplies		5,250		5,250		3,626		1,624		6,743
Other services and charges		34,800		34,800		32,689		2,111		41,720
Total general government building		78,275		78,275		75,075		3,200		85,288
Total general government		791,975		791,975		751,635		40,340		708,330

		2016			
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued) Current (continued) Public safety					
Police protection					
Personnel services	\$ 865,570	\$ 865,570	\$ 865,921	\$ (351)	\$ 844,018
Supplies	40,300	40,300	34,021	6,279	50,645
Other services and charges	84,200	84,200	101,981	(17,781)	95,534
Total police protection	990,070	990,070	1,001,923	(11,853)	990,197
Building inspection					
Personnel services	4,840	4,840	3,979	861	3,608
Other services and charges	24,000	24,000	114,014	(90,014)	27,201
Total building inspection	28,840	28,840	117,993	(89,153)	30,809
Animal control					
Other services and charges	1,000	1,000	1,000		1,000
Total public safety	1,019,910	1,019,910	1,120,916	(101,006)	1,022,006
Public works					
Public works administration					
Personnel services	211,415	211,415	223,105	(11,690)	217,798
Supplies	36,900	36,900	23,136	13,764	18,276
Other services and charges	23,300	23,300	28,416	(5,116)	30,371
Total public works administration	271,615	271,615	274,657	(3,042)	266,445
Streets and highways					
Personnel services	61,800	61,800	86,376	(24,576)	56,443
Supplies	30,500	30,500	39,754	(9,254)	20,295
Other services and charges	13,250	13,250	24,583	(11,333)	84,890
Total streets and highways	105,550	105,550	150,713	(45,163)	161,628
Snow and ice removal					
Personnel services	44,290	44,290	27,141	17,149	24,755
Supplies	19,200	19,200	9,612	9,588	20,809
Other services and charges	4,500	4,500	463	4,037	2,735
Total snow and ice removal	67,990	67,990	37,216	30,774	48,299

	2017							2016		
	Budgeted Amoun			unts		Actual	Vari	iance with		Actual
	(Original		Final	A	mounts	Fina	al Budget	A	mounts
Expenditures (Continued)										
Current (continued)										
Public works (continued)										
Road equipment and garage										
Personnel services	\$	28,780	\$	28,780	\$	22,190	\$	6,590	\$	24,595
Supplies		10,400		10,400		7,313		3,087		9,291
Other services and charges		18,700		18,700		7,783		10,917		14,448
Total road equipment and garage		57,880		57,880		37,286		20,594		48,334
Garage building										
Personnel services		13,875		13,875		9,119		4,756		11,163
Supplies		3,500		3,500		3,522		(22)		2,233
Other services and charges		12,600		12,600		8,273		4,327		12,462
Total garage building		29,975		29,975		20,914		9,061		25,858
Street lighting										
Supplies		500		500		1,735		(1,235)		890
Other services and charges		61,700		61,700		62,486		(786)		58,990
Total street lighting		62,200		62,200		64,221		(2,021)		59,880
Engineering										
Other services and charges		45,000		45,000		11,805		33,195		21,518
Total public works		640,210		640,210		596,812		43,398		631,962
Culture and recreation										
Tree maintenance										
Personnel services		19,350		19,350		25,420		(6,070)		25,156
Supplies		2,300		2,300		535		1,765		3,604
Other services and charges		13,200		13,200		8,814		4,386		11,329
Total tree maintenance		34,850		34,850		34,769		81		40,089
Parks										
Personnel services		43,800		43,800		46,076		(2,276)		45,590
Supplies		11,950		11,950		11,850		100		10,950
Other services and charges		20,800		20,800		23,337		(2,537)		23,862
Total parks		76,550		76,550		81,263		(4,713)		80,402
					-		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

		2016			
	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)					
Current (continued)					
Culture and recreation (continued)					
Swimming pool					
Personnel services	\$ 74,150		\$ 61,188	\$ 12,962	\$ 68,674
Supplies	6,600	6,600	4,718	1,882	5,098
Other services and charges	17,350	,	13,452	3,898	16,539
Total swimming pool	98,100	98,100	79,358	18,742	90,311
Athletic fields					
Personnel services	14,465	14,465	12,502	1,963	16,352
Supplies	4,300	4,300	2,144	2,156	9,057
Other services and charges	13,100	13,100	12,553	547	11,480
Total athletic fields	31,865	31,865	27,199	4,666	36,889
Skating					
Personnel services	5,075	5,075	4,496	579	6,025
Supplies	400	400	12	388	1,227
Other services and charges	1,700	1,700	1,201	499	1,809
Total skating	7,175		5,709	1,466	9,061
Cannon Valley Trail					
Personnel services	172,825	172,825	172,020	805	164,380
Supplies	50		22	28	22
Other services and charges	14,716	14,716	14,110	606	13,855
Total Cannon Valley Trail	187,591	187,591	186,152	1,439	178,257
Total culture and recreation	436,131	436,131	414,450	21,681	435,009
Miscellaneous					
Unallocated					
Personnel services	1,350	1,350	2,146	(796)	333
Other services and charges	87,900	87,900	99,206	(11,306)	94,914
Total miscellaneous	89,250	89,250	101,352	(12,102)	95,247
Total current	2,977,476	2,977,476	2,985,165	(7,689)	2,892,554

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2016)

	2017							2016		
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		Actual		
	Original Final		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget		Amounts		
Expenditures (Continued)										
Capital outlay										
General government	\$	3,900	\$	3,900	\$	1,556	\$	2,344	\$	1,402
Public safety		5,000		5,000		1,089		3,911		3,819
Public works		5,500		5,500		15,315		(9,815)		1,750
Total capital outlay		14,400		14,400		17,960		(3,560)		6,971
Debt service										
Capital lease										
Principal		7,975		7,975		7,364		611		7,055
Interest	1,400			1,400	1,983		(583)			2,292
Total debt service		9,375		9,375		9,347		28		9,347
Total Expenditures	3,0	001,251	3	,001,251	3	3,012,472		(11,221)		2,908,872
Excess of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		68,635		68,635		383,883		315,248		256,165
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		16,450		16,450		-		(16,450)		23,660
Sale of capital assets		-		-		5,500		5,500		-
Transfers out	(*	123,085)		(123,085)		(123,085)		-		(371,475)
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)	(*	106,635)		(106,635)		(117,585)		(10,950)		(347,815)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(38,000)		(38,000)		266,298		304,298		(91,650)
Fund Balances, January 1	2,0	075,364	2	,075,364	2	2,075,364		-	2	2,167,014
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 2,0	037,364	\$ 2	,037,364	\$ 2	2,341,662	\$	304,298	\$ 2	2,075,364

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2017

		524		526		528
	2011A		2012A			2012B
	G.O.		G.O. Improvemen		t G.O	. Refunding
		Bonds	_	Bond	Bond	
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	413,298	\$	194,636	\$	49,769
Receivables						
Accrued interest		13		-		-
Accounts		-		-		7,373
Special assessments		381,520		-		378,336
Total Assets	\$	794,831	\$	194,636	\$	435,478
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	\$	363,298	\$	-	\$	318,879
Fund Balances						
Restricted for debt service		431,533		194,636		116,599
Total Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	794,831	\$	194,636	\$	435,478

		529	530	
		2013A	2016A	
G	.0.	Improvement	G.O.	
_		Bond	Bond	Total
_	\$	374,609	\$ 236,138	\$ 1,268,450
		10	10	05
		10	12	35
		-	-	7,373
-		274,616	333,725	 1,368,197
=	\$	649,235	\$ 569,875	\$ 2,644,055
	\$	257,503	\$ 315,473	\$ 1,255,153
-		391,732	254,402	 1,388,902
:	\$	649,235	\$ 569,875	\$ 2,644,055

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	524 2011A		526 2012A		528 2012B	
	G.O.			t G.O. Refunding		
	Bonds	0.0.	Bond	Bond		
Revenues		- <u> </u>				
Taxes	\$ 89,000	\$	41,850	\$	208,000	
Special assessments	43,990		-		103,346	
Interest on investments	333		288		-	
Miscellaneous	-		8,708		-	
Total Revenues	 133,323		50,846		311,346	
Expenditures Debt service						
Principal	90,000		75,000		475,000	
Interest and other charges	 28,208		11,064		20,685	
Total Expenditures	 118,208		86,064		495,685	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	15,115		(35,218)		(184,339)	
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in	 -		-		136,400	
Net Change in Fund Balances	15,115		(35,218)		(47,939)	
Fund Balances, January 1	 416,418		229,854		164,538	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 431,533	\$	194,636	\$	116,599	

~		529 2013A		530 2016A		
G	.O.	Improvemer Bond	τ	G.O. Bond		Total
		Dona		Dona		 - otai
	\$	88,400		\$ 85,00	0	\$ 512,250
		56,048		43,79		247,176
		283		19	4	1,098
		-			-	 8,708
		144,731		128,98	6	 769,232
		90,000			-	730,000
		37,895		29,77	5	 127,627
		127,895		29,77	5	 857,627
		16,836		99,21	1	(88,395)
		-			-	 136,400
		16,836		99,21	1	48,005
,		374,896		155,19	1	 1,340,897
;	\$	391,732	;	\$ 254,40	2	\$ 1,388,902

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Economic Development Authority (Discretely Presented Component Unit) Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2017

		conomic elopment		ndustrial evolving Loan		Total
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	61,229	\$	143,610	\$	204,839
Receivables				44.000		44.000
Accounts		-		14,300		14,300
Accrued interest		-		4		4
Loans Contract for deed		-		282,467		282,467
		-		175,612		175,612 177
Prepaid items		177				177
Total Assets	\$	61,406	\$	615,993	\$	677,399
Liabilities						
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	379	\$	-	\$	379
Accrued salaries payable	•	4,232	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	4,232
Total Liabilities		4,611		-		4,611
		1-				,-
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - contract for deed receivable		-		175,612		175,612
				<u> </u>		
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items		177		-		177
Committed						
Economic development		56,618		-		56,618
Revolving loan program		-		440,381		440,381
Total Fund Balances		56,795		440,381		497,176
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Fund Balances	\$	61,406	\$	615,993	\$	677,399
Amounts reported for the Economic Development Authority in the statement of net position a	are diff	erent becau	se			
Total Fund Balances Reported above					\$	497,176
Conital accets used in governmental activities are not financial						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial						
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.						734,124
Cost of capital assets						734,124
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the						
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.						
Noncurrent liabilities at year-end consist of						
Compensated absences payable						(17,381)
Pension liability						(55,482)
						(00,102)
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for current-period expenditures						
and, therefore, are unavailable revenue in the funds						
Contract for deed receivable						175,612
						-,
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions.						
Deferred outflows of pension resources						13,235
Deferred inflows of pension resources						(12,738)
						, , /
Total Net Position - Economic Development Authority					\$	1,334,546
					<u> </u>	

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Economic Development Authority (Discretely Presented Component Unit) Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		conomic velopment		ndustrial evolving Loan		Total
Revenues Property taxes Interest on investments	\$	140,525 -	\$	- 180	\$	140,525 180
Miscellaneous Total Revenues		- 140,525		34,964 35,144		34,964 175,669
Expenditures Current						
Economic development		143,289		-		143,289
Net Change in Fund Balances		(2,764)		35,144		32,380
Fund Balances, January 1		59,559		405,237		464,796
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	56,795	\$	440,381	\$	497,176
Amounts reported for the Economic Development Authority in the state	emer	t of activities	are c	lifferent bec	ause	
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Economic Development Authority					\$	32,380
Governmental funds report loan disbursements as expenditures a However, in the statement of activities these transactions has The amounts of the differences are			•	•	reveni	Jes.
Principal payments received for contract for deed						(13,183)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not requ financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expend Compensated absences				funds.		4,239
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds. Pension expense Pension revenue						(3,046)
Change in Net Position - Economic Development Authority					\$	20,410

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Economic Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2016)

		2017										
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with			Actual		
	(Driginal		Final	Amounts		Final Budget		A	mounts		
Revenues												
Property taxes	\$	140,525	\$	140,525	\$	140,525	\$	-	\$	137,625		
Expenditures												
Current												
Economic development												
Personnel services		131,475		131,475		135,665		(4,190)		130,807		
Supplies		100		100		77		23		22		
Other services and charges	_	8,950		8,950	_	7,547		1,403		17,267		
Total Expenditures		140,525		140,525		143,289		(2,764)		148,096		
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(2,764)		(2,764)		(10,471)		
Fund Balances, January 1		59,559		59,559		59,559		-		70,030		
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	59,559	\$	59,559	\$	56,795	\$	(2,764)	\$	59,559		

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Industrial Revolving Loan Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2016)

			2016							
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with			Actual
	(Original		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget		A	mounts
Revenues										
Interest on investments	\$	300	\$	300	\$	180	\$	(120)	\$	227
Miscellaneous		12,300		12,300		34,964		22,664		26,656
Total Revenues		12,600		12,600		35,144		22,544		26,883
Expenditures										
Current										
Economic development										
Other services and charges		5,000		5,000		-		5,000		3,859
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,600		7,600		35,144		27,544		23,024
Fund Balances, January 1		405,237		405,237		405,237				382,213
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	412,837	\$	412,837	\$	440,381	\$	27,544	\$	405,237

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Summary Financial Report Revenues and Expenditures For General Operations Governmental Funds For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	Total	Percent Increase
	2017 2016	
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 3,018,576 \$ 2,829	,149 6.70 %
Special assessments		,045 (48.28)
Licenses and permits	167,534 57	,622 190.75
Intergovernmental	975,498 870	,985 12.00
Charges for services	170,168 147	,707 15.21
Fines and forfeits		,472 18.07
Investment earnings	22,212 30	,536 (27.26)
Miscellaneous	346,783319	,072 8.68
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 5,013,697</u> <u>\$ 4,814</u> \$ 1,228 \$ 1	<u>,588</u> 4.14 %
Per Capita	\$ 1,228 \$ 1	,170 4.95 %
Expenditures		
Current		
General government		,330 6.11 %
Public safety	1,422,239 1,257	
Public works		,962 (5.56)
Culture and recreation		,102 (0.90)
Miscellaneous	101,352 95	,247 6.41
Capital outlay		
General government		,402 597.65
Public safety		,154 11.48
Public works	383,341 1,223	,
Culture and recreation	39,651 33	,672 17.76
Debt service		
Principal		,055 0.18
Interest and other charges	129,610 107	,073 21.05
Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 5,075,752</u> <u>\$ 5,700</u>	
Per Capita	\$ 1,243 \$ 1	,385 (10.27) %
Total Long-term Indebtedness	\$ 5,379,091 \$ 6,116	
Per Capita	1,317 1	,486 (11.37)
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 2,341,662 \$ 2,075	
Per Capita	574	504 13.72

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 918 River Road, Cannon Falls, Minnesota 55009. Questions about this report should be directed to Lanell Endres, Assistant City Administrator at (507) 263-9300.

OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

> FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 23, 2018.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute §6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of those charged with governance and management of the City and the State Auditor and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

& Eich & Mayno, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota April 23, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 23, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response as item 2017-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to the Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Undo Eich & Mayro, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota April 23, 2018

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	City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Schedule of Finding and Response For the Year Ended December 31, 2017
Finding	Description
2017-001	Preparation of Financial Statements
Condition:	As in prior years, we were requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. Recent auditing standards require auditors to communicate this situation to the City Council as an internal control deficiency. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of your statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of presentation of those statements. It is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a material misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by your management. Essentially, the auditors cannot be part of your internal control process.
Criteria:	Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance over financial reporting.
Cause:	From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do with an organization of your size.
Effect.	The effectiveness of the internal control system relies on enforcement by management. The effect of deficiencies in internal controls can result in undetected errors in financial reporting.
Recommendation:	It is your responsibility to make the ultimate decision to accept this degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations. As in prior years, we have instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financials in detail for their accuracy; we have answered any questions they might have, and have encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification of disclosure in your statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements. While the City is reviewing the financial statements, we recommend that a disclosure checklist be utilized to ensure all required disclosures are presented and the City should agree its financial software to the numbers reported in the financial statements.

Management Response:

For now, the City's management accepts the degree of risk associated with this condition and thoroughly reviews a draft of the financial statements.