Annual Financial Report

City of Cannon Falls Cannon Falls, Minnesota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Elected and Appointed Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

ELECTED

Name	Title	Term Expires
		10/01/00
John Althoff	Mayor	12/31/20
Morris Mattson	Council Member	12/31/20
Matt Montgomery	Council Member	12/31/20
Derek Lundell	Council Member	12/31/20
Steve Gesme	Council Member	12/31/20
Bill Duncan	Council Member	12/31/20
Mary Jill Bringgold	Council Member	12/31/20
	APPOINTED	
Name	Title	
David Maroney	City Administrator	
Lanell Endres	Finance Director	
Mike Althoff	Public Works Director	
Nicole Miller	Library Director	
Jeff McCormick	Chief of Police	
Campbell, Knutson, P.A.	City Attorney	
Tim Malchow	EMS Chief	
Mike Althoff	Fire Chief	
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FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 17 and the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Employer's Contributions and the related note disclosures starting on page 78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

lldo Eich & Mayers, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 28, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota

April 28, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota, (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$31,777,531 (net position). Of this amount, \$5,262,451 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$816,140. This increase is due to governmental activities and business-type activities, which increased \$218,722 and \$597,418, respectively. The increase from Governmental activities primarily due to an increase in intergovernmental revenues. The business-type activities increased due to increased Ambulance fund revenues.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,594,734, an increase of \$775,675 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the General fund was \$2,585,657 or 78.2 percent of 2019 General fund budget expenditures.
- The City's outstanding debt decreased by \$1,948,049 during the current fiscal year due to scheduled debt payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure 1

Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report Management's Required Basic Discussion and Financial Supplementary Statements Information Analysis Government-Fund Notes to the wide Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements Summary Detail

Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements			
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds		
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system		
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term		
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid		
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless* of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development, miscellaneous, and debt service. The business-type activities of the City include water utility, disposal, ambulance, storm water, recycling, and deputy registrar. The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Economic Development Authority (the EDA) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this *component unit* is discretely presented from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 31 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds, seven of which are Debt Service funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General and Debt Service funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements or schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund and certain Special Revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 36 of this report.

Proprietary Funds: The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water utility, disposal, storm water, ambulance, recycling and deputy registrar.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the enterprise funds which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the non-major enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of *combining* statements or schedules elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements start on page 41 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 45 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also present certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 78 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules start on page 86 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$31,777,531 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Cannon Falls' Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			
		Restated	Increase			Increase	
	2019	2018	(Decrease)	2019	2018	(Decrease)	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 7,258,404	\$ 7,058,904	\$ 199,500	\$ 4,884,898	\$ 4,563,503	\$ 321,395	
Capital assets	15,830,526	16,570,223	(739,697)	21,530,194	22,572,008	(1,041,814)	
Total Assets	23,088,930	23,629,127	(540,197)	26,415,092	27,135,511	(720,419)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	971,140	1,170,995	(199,855)	33,772	72,013	(38,241)	
Liabilities Long-term							
liabilities outstanding	6,826,574	9,193,272	(2,366,698)	8,008,310	9,690,156	(1,681,846)	
Other liabilities	2,085,395	414,418	1,670,977	517,678	171,868	345,810	
Total Liabilities	8,911,969	9,607,690	(695,721)	8,525,988	9,862,024	(1,336,036)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,218,607	1,481,660	(263,053)	74,839	94,881	(20,042)	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	9,471,389	9,591,515	(120,126)	13,783,546	13,578,320	205,226	
Restricted	3,260,145	3,282,450	(22,305)	-	-	-	
Unrestricted	1,197,960	836,807	361,153	4,064,491	3,672,299	392,192	
Total Net Position	\$ 13,929,494	\$ 13,710,772	\$ 218,722	\$ 17,848,037	\$ 17,250,619	\$ 597,418	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Statement of Activities. The changes in net position are highlighted below:

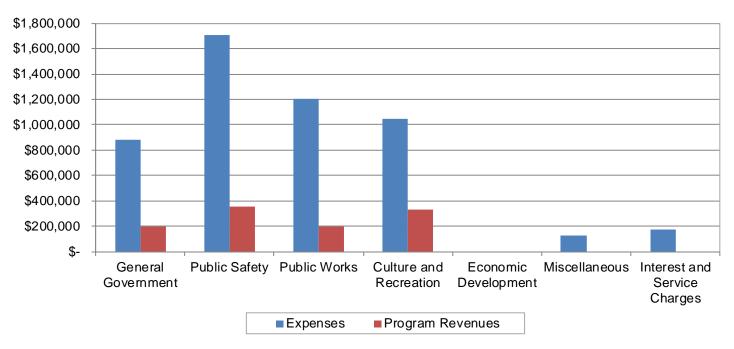
City of Cannon Falls' Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			
		Restated				Increase	
	2019	2018	(Decrease)	2019	2018	(Decrease)	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 614,414	\$ 615,419	\$ (1,005)	\$ 3,724,520	\$ 3,498,681	\$ 225,839	
Operating grants							
and contributions	438,374	425,684	12,690	15,990	13,213	2,777	
Capital grants							
and contributions	34,842	840,296	(805,454)	91,176	119,897	(28,721)	
General Revenues							
Taxes	3,405,412	3,138,001	267,411	-	-	-	
Grants and Contributions							
not Restricted to							
Specific Programs	657,963	657,250	713	-	-	-	
Investment Earnings	90,201	44,547	45,654	55,818	39,988	15,830	
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	<u> </u>	50,000	(50,000)	9,270		9,270	
Total Revenues	5,241,206	5,771,197	(529,991)	3,896,774	3,671,779	224,995	
Expenses							
General government	880,085	871,203	8,882	-	-	-	
Public safety	1,705,200	1,441,754	263,446	-	-	-	
Public works	1,205,092	1,190,478	14,614	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	1,044,140	1,010,033	34,107	-	-	-	
Economic development	-	6,735	(6,735)	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous	128,958	192,015	(63,057)	-	-	-	
Interest and service charges	178,459	213,518	(35,059)	-	-	-	
Water utility	-	-	-	748,212	757,963	(9,751)	
Disposal	-	-	-	1,164,198	1,218,821	(54,623)	
Storm water	-	-	-	82,628	66,884	15,744	
Recycling program	-	-	-	65,351	70,273	(4,922)	
Ambulance	-	-	-	974,425	923,610	50,815	
Deputy registrar				145,092	129,955	15,137	
Total Expenses	5,141,934	4,925,736	216,198	3,179,906	3,167,506	12,400	
0							
Change in Net Position before		0.45.404	(= 10 100)	740.000		040 -0-	
Transfers	99,272	845,461	(746,189)	716,868	504,273	212,595	
Transfers	119,450	124,525	(5,075)	(119,450)	(124,525)	5,075	
Change in Net Position	218,722	969,986	(751,264)	597,418	379,748	217,670	
Net Position, January 1	13,710,772	12,740,786	969,986	17,250,619	16,870,871	379,748	
Net Position, December 31	\$ 13,929,494	\$ 13,710,772	\$ 218,722	\$ 17,848,037	\$ 17,250,619	\$ 597,418	

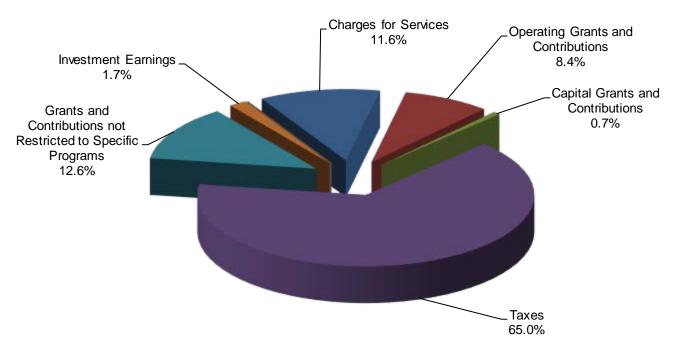
The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.

Governmental Activities. Net position in the governmental activities increased \$218,722.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

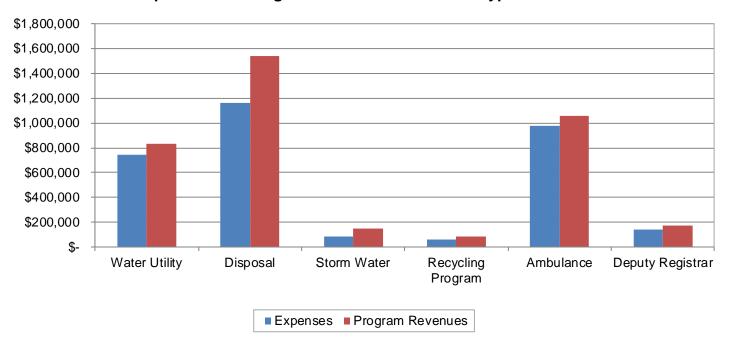


Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

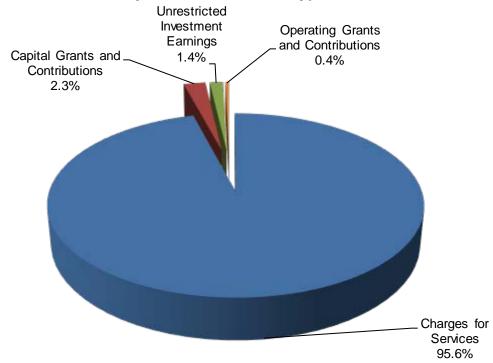


Business-type Activities. Net position in business-type activities increased by \$597,418.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,594,734, an increase of \$775,675 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 41.5 percent of this total amount (\$2,320,348) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance (\$3,274,386) is not available for new spending because it is either 1) nonspendable (\$47,963) 2) restricted (\$2,224,180), 3) committed (\$659,940), or 4) assigned (\$342,303). For further classification refer to Note 3F on page 64 of this report.

Activity in the City's major funds is discussed below:

	Fund Balance December 31,			ncrease
Major Funds	2019	2018	<u>(</u> D	ecrease)
General	\$ 2,585,657	\$ 2,286,783	\$	298,874

Fund balance increased \$298,874. This was due to a positive revenue variance of \$266,929 due to the city receiving funds from the state for disaster aid and other miscellaneous revenues due to tornado repair reimbursements.

Debt Service \$ 1,887,226 \$ 1,611,483 \$ 275,743

The Debt Service funds increased due to taxes revenue and assessment revenue than the debt service requirements. to

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to \$4,064,491.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's General fund budget was not amended during 2019. Compared to the final budget, revenues were over budget by \$295,100 and expenditures were under budget by \$6,174.

- The largest revenue variance was from intergovernmental revenues primarily a result of proceeds from state disaster aid. The revenue amount was \$901,277 which was over budget by \$187,553
- The largest variance in expenditures was in the culture and recreation category where expenditures were under budget by \$46,954. This was due to less than expected costs related to the cannon valley trail, parks and tree maintenance.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2019, amounts to \$37,360,720 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3C starting on page 57 of this report.

City of Cannon Falls' Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Business-type Activities			
		2212	Increase	2212	2212	Increase	
	2019	2018	(Decrease)	2019	2018	(Decrease)	
Land	\$ 1,102,792	\$ 1,102,792	\$ -	\$ 87,816	\$ 87,816	\$ -	
Buildings and Improvements	3,077,502	3,187,775	(110,273)	4,326	4,864	(538)	
System Improvements/Infrastructure	10,085,942	10,554,542	(468,600)	20,877,359	21,794,700	(917,341)	
Machinery and Equipment	574,293	592,452	(18,159)	258,108	312,048	(53,940)	
Vehicles	989,997	1,132,662	(142,665)	302,585	372,580	(69,995)	
Total	\$ 15,830,526	\$ 16,570,223	\$ (739,697)	\$ 21,530,194	\$ 22,572,008	\$ (1,041,814)	

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded and capital lease debt outstanding of \$14,468,667. While all of the City's bonds have revenue streams, all are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

City of Cannon Falls' Outstanding Debt

		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities						
		2019		2018	ncrease Decrease)		2019		2018		crease ecrease)
Capital Lease Payable General Obligation	\$	8,378	\$	16,403	\$ (8,025)	\$	8,378	\$	16,403	\$	(8,025)
Revenue Bonds General Obligation	(6,190,000		6,823,000	(633,000)		7,902,911		9,201,910	(1	1,298,999)
Equipment Certificates		359,000		359,000	 -						
Total	\$ 6	6,557,378	\$	7,198,403	\$ (641,025)	\$	7,911,289	\$	9,218,313	\$ (1	1,307,024)

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of net general obligation debt a City may issue to 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is debt payable solely from ad valorem taxes. The current debt limitation for the City is in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E starting on page 60 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Property values appear to have stabilized and the City is continuing to see Commercial/Industrial growth with new construction, expansions and remodeling of existing structures.
- The City will continue to monitor utility fees to ensure that charges are sufficient to cover costs in the Water and Disposal funds.
- The City will continue to update and monitor its Financial Management Plan to ensure that the numerous scheduled capital projects can be completed as budgeted.
- The City will continue to investigate grant opportunities or seek legislative funding for capital projects to minimize the financial impact on City budgets and utility rates.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Assistant City Administrator, City of Cannon Falls, 918 River Road, Cannon Falls, MN 55009.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

	F	Component Unit			
		-		Economic	
	Governmental	Business-type		Development	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority	
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 5,431,846	\$ 3,404,821	\$ 8,836,667	\$ 404,007	
Receivables					
Accrued interest	12,007	-	12,007	-	
Taxes	83,300	-	83,300	-	
Accounts, net of allowance	113,589	671,116	784,705	-	
Special assessments	1,531,116	776,317	2,307,433	-	
Loans, net	-	-	-	434,874	
Due from other governments	8,614	236	8,850	-	
Inventories, at cost	-	14,052	14,052	-	
Prepaid items	47,963	18,356	66,319	154	
Net pension asset	29,969	-	29,969	-	
Capital assets					
Land and construction in progress	1,102,792	87,816	1,190,608	734,124	
Depreciable buildings, property and equipment, net	14,727,734	21,442,378	36,170,112		
Total Assets	23,088,930	26,415,092	49,504,022	1,573,159	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred pension resources	971,140	33,772	1,004,912	<u>757</u>	
13.1999					
Liabilities	400.00=		4=0.000	004	
Accounts and contracts payable	122,687	55,393	178,080	821	
Accrued interest payable	73,666	97,301	170,967	-	
Due to other governments	-	2,027	2,027	-	
Accrued salaries payable	12,587	4,290	16,877	-	
Deposits payable	55,722	-	55,722	- 04 500	
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	61,526	
Noncurrent liabilities	074.077	4 400 000	0.004.040		
Due within one year	874,677	1,429,633	2,304,310	-	
Due in more than one year	5,951,897	6,578,677	12,530,574	- 0.044	
Pension liability	1,820,733	358,667	2,179,400	8,241	
Total Liabilities	8,911,969	8,525,988	17,437,957	70,588	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred pension resources	1,218,607	74,839	1,293,446	1,700	
Deferred pension resources	1,210,007	74,039	1,293,440	1,700	
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	9,471,389	13,783,546	23,254,935	734,124	
Restricted for	9,471,509	13,703,340	23,234,933	754,124	
Debt service	3,121,432	_	3,121,432	_	
Cable television	115,895	-	115,895	-	
Park improvements	20,968	-	20,968	-	
Economic development	1,850	-	1,850	-	
Unrestricted	1,197,960	4,064,491	5,262,451	767,504	
Omeaniclea	1,137,300	4,004,431	J,ZUZ,401	707,304	
Total Net Position	\$ 13,929,494	\$ 17,848,037	\$ 31,777,531	\$ 1,501,628	
Total Hot I dollon	Ψ 10,020,707	Ψ 11,040,001	Ψ 01,777,001	Ψ 1,001,020	

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Program Revenues				
			Operating	Capital		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions		
Primary Government						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 880,085	\$ 197,877	\$ -	\$ -		
Public safety	1,705,200	208,481	148,556	-		
Public works	1,205,092	97	164,221	34,842		
Culture and recreation	1,044,140	207,959	125,597	-		
Miscellaneous	128,958	-	-	-		
Interest on long-term debt	178,459	-	-	-		
Total Governmental Activities	5,141,934	614,414	438,374	34,842		
Business-type Activities						
Water utility	748,212	791,472	-	41,326		
Disposal	1,164,198	1,485,862	-	49,850		
Storm water	82,628	150,551	-	-		
Recycling program	65,351	85,332	-	-		
Ambulance	974,425	1,038,871	15,990	-		
Deputy registrar	145,092	172,432	-	-		
Total Business-type Activities	3,179,906	3,724,520	15,990	91,176		
Total Primary Government	\$ 8,321,840	\$ 4,338,934	\$ 454,364	\$ 126,018		
Component Unit						
Economic Development Authority	\$ 32,698	\$ 14,378	\$ 17,119	\$ -		

General Revenues and Transfers

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Property taxes, levied for economic development

Property taxes, levied for library

Property taxes, levied for public safety

Payments in lieu of property taxes

Franchise tax

Tax increments

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on sale of capital assets

Transfers - Internal Activities

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, January 1

Net Position, December 31

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	rimary Governme	-	Component Unit		
Governmental	Business-type		Development		
Activities	Activities	Total	Authority		
\$ (682,208)	\$ -	\$ (682,208)	\$ -		
(1,348,163)	-	(1,348,163)	-		
(1,005,932)	-	(1,005,932)	-		
(710,584)	-	(710,584)	-		
(128,958)	-	(128,958)	-		
(178,459)		(178,459)			
(4,054,304)	<u> </u>	(4,054,304)			
-	84,586	84,586	-		
-	371,514	371,514	-		
-	67,923	67,923	-		
-	19,981	19,981	-		
-	80,436	80,436	-		
	27,340	27,340			
	651,780	651,780			
(4,054,304)	651,780	(3,402,524)			
1,638,282	-	1,638,282	-		
634,450	-	634,450	-		
-	-	-	138,700		
353,255	-	353,255	-		
135,294	-	135,294	-		
571,527	-	571,527	-		
26,709	-	26,709	-		
45,895	-	45,895	-		
657,963	- 55,818	657,963 146,019	- 7		
90,201	9,270	9,270	7,573		
119,450	(119,450)	9,270	_		
4,273,026	(54,362)	4,218,664	146,273		
218,722	597,418	816,140	145,072		
13,710,772	17,250,619	30,961,391	1,356,556		
\$ 13,929,494	\$ 17,848,037	\$ 31,777,531	\$ 1,501,628		

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

				Debt	Other		Total		
		General	Service			Governmental		Governmental	
Assets									
Cash and temporary investments	\$	2,490,699	\$	1,755,259	\$	1,185,888	\$	5,431,846	
Receivables									
Accrued interest		12,007		-		-		12,007	
Taxes		83,300		-		-		83,300	
Accounts		112,839		-		750		113,589	
Special assessments		83,343		1,439,839		7,934		1,531,116	
Due from other funds		20,081		-		-		20,081	
Due from other governments		8,614		-		-		8,614	
Prepaid items		41,707		-		6,256		47,963	
			_				_		
Total Assets	\$	2,852,590	\$	3,195,098	\$	1,200,828	\$	7,248,516	
Liabilities									
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	73,746	\$	_	\$	48,941	\$	122,687	
Due to other funds	*	-	•	_	•	20,081	•	20,081	
Accrued salaries payable		10,566		_		2,021		12,587	
Deposits payable		55,722		_		_,		55,722	
Total Liabilities		140,034				71,043		211,077	
	-	-,						,	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		57,737		-		-		57,737	
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		69,162		1,307,872		7,934		1,384,968	
Total Deferred Inflows						_			
of Resources		126,899		1,307,872		7,934		1,442,705	
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable		41,707		_		6,256		47,963	
Restricted		-1,707		1,887,226		336,954		2,224,180	
Committed		_		1,007,220		659,940		659,940	
Assigned		_		_		342,303		342,303	
Unassigned		2,543,950		_		(223,602)		2,320,348	
Total Fund Balances		2,545,657		1,887,226		1,121,851		5,594,734	
		, ,		,, -		, , ,		-,,-	
Total Liabilities, Deferred									
Inflows of Resources									
and Fund Balances	\$	2,852,590	\$	3,195,098	\$	1,200,828	\$	7,248,516	

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 5,594,734
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental fund.	
Cost of capital assets	25,913,806
Less: accumulated depreciation	(10,083,280)
'	(, , , ,
Long-term assets from pensions reported in governmental activities are not financial resources	
and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds	29,969
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Noncurrent liabilities at year-end consist of	
Bond principal payable	(6,549,000)
Capital lease payable	(8,378)
Compensated absences payable	(269,196)
Pension liability	(1,820,733)
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures,	
and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	
Delinquent taxes receivable	57,737
Special assessments receivable	1,384,968
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions.	
Deferred outflows of pension resources	971,140
Deferred inflows of pension resources	(1,218,607)
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.	(73,666)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 13,929,494

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Debt			Other	Total		
	General		Service		Gov	vernmental	Governmental		
Revenues									
Taxes		90,978	\$	634,450	\$	561,153	\$	3,386,581	
Licenses and permits	1	07,594		-		-		107,594	
Intergovernmental	9	01,277		-		184,083		1,085,360	
Charges for services	(63,408		-		93,991		157,399	
Fines and forfeitures	;	30,912		-		4,033		34,945	
Special assessments		19,023		330,139		2,981		352,143	
Interest on investments		78,637		3,923		7,671		90,231	
Miscellaneous	3	03,241		67		17,060		320,368	
Total Revenues	3,6	95,070		968,579		870,972		5,534,621	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government	8-	43,298		-		-		843,298	
Public safety	1,1	78,505		-		225,050		1,403,555	
Public works	6	40,187		-		-		640,187	
Culture and recreation		40,996		-		449,973		890,969	
Miscellaneous	1:	28,958		-		-		128,958	
Capital outlay		•						,	
General government		902		-		7,732		8,634	
Public safety		2,632		-		13,839		16,471	
Public works		7,447		-		55,522		62,969	
Culture and recreation		· _		-		56,173		56,173	
Debt service						•		,	
Principal		8,025		633,000		_		641,025	
Interest and other charges		1,321		184,836		_		186,157	
Total Expenditures	3,2	52,271		817,836		808,289		4,878,396	
Excess of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	4	42,799		150,743		62,683		656,225	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in				125,000		138,375		263,375	
Transfers out	(1	- 43,925)		123,000		130,373		(143,925)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		43,925)		125,000		138,375		119,450	
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	(1)	43,923)		125,000		130,373		119,430	
Net Change in Fund Balances	2	98,874		275,743		201,058		775,675	
Fund Balances, January 1	2,2	86,783		1,611,483		920,793		4,819,059	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 2,5	85,657	\$	1,887,226	\$	1,121,851	\$	5,594,734	

Reconciliation of the Statement of
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
to the Statement of Activities
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	775,675
Capital outlays and sales are reported in governmental funds as expenditures and proceeds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense and the proceeds are reported as reductions of net position and gains or losses on sales.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense		35,216 (801,172)
Governmental funds report a gain (loss) on sale of capital assets to the extent of cash exchanged, who disposition of the assets book value is included in the total gain (loss) in the statement of activities.	erea	s the 26,259
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Principal payments Capital lease principal payments		633,000 8,025
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		7,698
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds. Pension expense Direct aid contributions		(150,317) 10,632
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current pe Property taxes Special assessments	riod.	18,831 (312,246)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences		(32,879)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	218,722

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 2,257,771	\$ 2,257,771	\$ 2,190,978	\$ (66,793)		
Licenses and permits	62,650	62,650	107,594	44,944		
Intergovernmental	713,724	713,724	901,277	187,553		
Charges for services	51,850	51,850	63,408	11,558		
Fines and forfeitures	27,000	27,000	30,912	3,912		
Special assessments	18,300	18,300	19,023	723		
Interest on investments	14,000	14,000	78,637	64,637		
Miscellaneous	254,675	254,675	303,241	48,566		
Total Revenues	3,399,970	3,399,970	3,695,070	295,100		
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	843,525	843,525	843,298	227		
Public safety	1,156,495	1,156,495	1,178,505	(22,010)		
Public works	640,300	640,300	640,187	113		
Culture and recreation	487,950	487,950	440,996	46,954		
Miscellaneous	107,000	107,000	128,958	(21,958)		
Capital outlay	13,800	13,800	10,981	2,819		
Debt service	·			·		
Capital lease						
Principal	8,650	8,650	8,025	625		
Interest	725	725	1,321	(596)		
Total Expenditures	3,258,445	3,258,445	3,252,271	6,174		
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	141,525	141,525	442,799	301,274		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	2,400	2,400	_	(2,400)		
Transfers out	(143,925)	(143,925)	(143,925)	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(141,525)	(141,525)	(143,925)	(2,400)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	298,874	298,874		
Fund Balances, January 1	2,286,783	2,286,783	2,286,783			
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 2,286,783	\$ 2,286,783	\$ 2,585,657	\$ 298,874		

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2019

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Water Utility Disposal Ambulance Enterprise funds Totals Assets **Current Assets** Cash and temporary investments 1,508,264 838.394 \$ 285.364 772.799 \$ \$ \$ 3,404,821 Receivables 146,887 24,503 Accounts, net of allowance 88,838 410,888 671,116 Special assessments 99,313 108,606 7,696 215,615 Due from other governments 236 236 Inventories, at cost 7.026 7.026 14,052 Prepaid items 2,856 5,882 9,378 240 18,356 **Total Current Assets** 1,706,533 1,106,795 705,630 805,238 4.324.196 Noncurrent Assets Special assessments receivable 307,626 253,076 560,702 Capital assets Land and construction in progress 87,816 87,816 Depreciable buildings, property, and equipment 14,473,973 37,506,316 20,792,071 821,142 1,419,130 Accumulated depreciation (6,572,431)(8,795,344)(441,713)(254,450)(16,063,938)**Total Net Capital Assets** 7,989,358 11,996,727 379,429 1,164,680 21,530,194 **Total Noncurrent Assets** 8,296,984 12,249,803 379,429 1,164,680 22,090,896 **Total Assets** 10,003,517 13,356,598 1,085,059 1,969,918 26,415,092 **Deferred Outflows of Resources** Deferred pension resources 4,547 5,519 18,875 4,831 33,772 Liabilities **Current Liabilities** Accounts and contracts payable 20,043 13,057 22,133 160 55,393 35,643 Accrued interest payable 51,539 10,119 97,301 Due to other governments 2,027 2,027 Accrued salaries payable 508 612 2,264 906 4,290 Compensated absences payable 13.394 3.078 24.255 3.596 4.187 Capital lease payable 8.378 8.378 Bonds payable 451,041 908,572 37,387 1,397,000 **Total Current Liabilities** 512,858 977.967 37.791 60,028 1,588,644 Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated absences payable 9,235 10,789 12,561 40,181 72,766 Bonds payable 2,336,210 3,466,327 703,374 6,505,911 Pension liability 48,326 58,680 200,357 51,304 358,667 **Total Noncurrent Liabilities** 2,395,325 3,537,568 240,538 763,913 6,937,344 **Total Liabilities** 2,908,183 4,515,535 278,329 823,941 8,525,988 Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred pension resources 12,238 41,814 74,839 10,080 10,707 **Net Position** Net investment in capital assets 379,429 435,298 5,267,963 7,700,856 13,783,546 Unrestricted 1,821,838 1,133,488 404,362 704,803 4,064,491 **Total Net Position** \$ 7,089,801 \$ 8,834,344 783,791 \$ 1,140,101 \$ 17,848,037

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
				Nonmajor				
	Water Utility	Disposal	Ambulance	Enterprise funds	Totals			
Operating Revenues	A 704 470	A 4 405 000	Φ 4 000 074	Φ 070.055	A 0.007.400			
Charges for services	\$ 791,472	\$ 1,485,862	\$ 1,038,871	\$ 370,955	\$ 3,687,160			
Operating Expenses								
Personnel services	138,653	159,604	700,355	144,130	1,142,742			
Supplies	20,610	31,014	69,555	3,315	124,494			
Repairs and maintenance	24,338	42,894	38,458	451	106,141			
Depreciation	379,583	544,787	84,383	46,338	1,055,091			
Insurance	2,705	12,107	2,951	-	17,763			
Utilities	67,939	131,304	17,360	-	216,603			
Other services and charges	22,637	95,813	61,363	75,531	255,344			
Total Operating Expenses	656,465	1,017,523	974,425	269,765	2,918,178			
Operating Income	135,007	468,339	64,446	101,190	768,982			
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest on investments	31,487	14,147	1,330	8,854	55,818			
Other income	-	-	15,990	37,360	53,350			
Gain on disposal of assets	3,372	5,898	· -	-	9,270			
Interest expense	(91,747)	(146,675)	-	(23,306)	(261,728)			
Total Nonoperating								
Revenues (Expenses)	(56,888)	(126,630)	17,320	22,908	(143,290)			
Income Before								
Contributions and Transfers	78,119	341,709	81,766	124,098	625,692			
Capital Contributions	41,326	49,850	-	_	91,176			
Transfers In	-	-	7,100	18,450	25,550			
Transfers Out	(110,000)	(35,000)			(145,000)			
Change in Net Position	9,445	356,559	88,866	142,548	597,418			
Net Position, January 1	7,080,356	8,477,785	694,925	997,553	17,250,619			
Net Position, December 31	\$ 7,089,801	\$ 8,834,344	\$ 783,791	\$ 1,140,101	\$ 17,848,037			

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

				Business-typ	e Acı	ivities - Enti	erprise	Funds		
			_					onmajor		
Cook Flour from Orangia a Activities		ater Utility		Disposal	Ar	nbulance	Enter	prise Funds	Total	3
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	c	770 704	¢.	4 460 274	¢.	046 545	¢.	400.002	Ф Э <i>Е</i> 74	602
Receipts from customers and users	\$	778,731	Ф	1,469,374	\$	916,515	\$	409,983	\$ 3,574	
Payments to suppliers		(134,365)		(335,426)		(175,277)		(79,141)	•	,209)
Payments to employees		(145,126)		(172,601)		(681,998)		(138,872)	(1,138	,597)
Net Cash Provided by		100 010		004 047		EO 040		404.070	4 744	707
Operating Activities		499,240		961,347	-	59,240		191,970	1,711	,797
Cash Flows from Noncapital										
and Related Financing Activities										
Transfers in		-		-		7,100		18,450	25	,550
Transfers out		(110,000)		(35,000)		-		-		,000)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	-	(= , = = - ,		(==,==,						, /
Noncapital and Related Financing Activities		(110,000)		(35,000)		7,100		18,450	(119	,450)
Oarl Flour (oar Oarlie)										
Cash Flows from Capital										
and Related Financing Activities		44004		44.540						0=0
Permits and connection fees received		14,804		11,546		-		-		,350
Special assessments received		135,041		132,693		-		-		,734
Acquisition of capital assets		(735)		(2,695)		(577)		-	,	,007)
Principal paid on capital leases		-		-		-		(8,025)	•	,025)
Principal paid on bonds		(418,641)		(851,371)		-		(28,987)	(1,298	
Interest paid on bonds and capital leases		(97,810)		(155,745)		-		(23,900)	(277	,455)
Net Cash Used by										
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(367,341)		(865,572)		(577)		(60,912)	(1,294	,402)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities										
Interest received from investments		31,939		14,307		1,330		8,962	56	,538
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		53,838		75,082		67,093		158,470	354	,483
Cash Equivalents		00,000		70,002		07,000		100, 170	00 1	, 100
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1		1,454,426		763,312		218,271		614,329	3,050	,338
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$	1,508,264	\$	838,394	\$	285,364	\$	772,799	\$ 3,404	,821
Reconciliation of Operating Income										
to Net Cash Provided										
by Operating Activities										
Operating income	\$	135,007	\$	468,339	\$	64,446	\$	101,190	\$ 768	,982
Adjustments to reconcile										
operating income to net cash										
provided by operating activities										
Other income		-		-		15,990		37,360	53	,350
Depreciation		379,583		544,787		84,383		46,338	1,055	,091
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources										
Accounts receivable		(12,741)		(16,488)		(138,346)		28	(167	,547)
Interest receivable		-		-		-		34	,	34
Due from other governments		(236)		_		_		-		(236)
Special assessments receivable		(200)		_		_		1,606		,606
Inventory		(5,230)		(5,230)		_				,460)
Prepaid items		(63)		35		6,095		(4)	•	,063
Deferred pension resources		6,482		8,467		18,313		4,979		,241
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources		0,402		0,407		10,515		4,373	30	,241
		0.266		(17 000)		0 215		160		642
Accounts and contracts payable Due to other governments		9,266		(17,099)		8,315		160		127
<u> </u>		127		45		1 115		400	2	
Accrued salaries payable		153		45 044		1,415		488		,101
Compensated absences payable		2,114		944		4,708		3,274		,040
Deferred pension resources Pension liability		(4,452) (10,770)		(6,190) (16,263)		(7,181)		(2,219)		,042) 195)
r ension liability		(10,770)		(16,263)		1,102		(1,264)	(27	,195)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			_		_		_			
Operating Activities	\$	499,240	\$	961,347	\$	59,240	\$	191,970	\$ 1,711	,797
Noncash Capital and Related										
Financing Activities									_	
Net disposal of capital assets	\$	3,372	\$	5,898	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 9	,270

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota (the City), operates under a home rule charter form of government as defined in the State of Minnesota statues, which is termed the "Mayor-City Council Plan." The City is governed by an elected Mayor and a six-member City Council. The City Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The City Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City.

The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Component units for which the City has been determined to be financially accountable can be blended with the primary government or be included as a discrete presentation. Included in the City's reporting entity, based upon the application of these criteria, is the following discretely presented component unit. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Economic Development Authority. The Economic Development Authority (EDA) of the City was created pursuant to Minnesota statutes 469.090 through 469.108 to carry out economic and industrial development and redevelopment consistent with policies established by the City Council. The EDA is governed by five board members, two of which are City Council members and three are at-large members. The City Council appoints the EDA governing board and approves tax levies. The City does not have fiduciary responsibility for the EDA. It is this criterion that results in the EDA being reported as a discretely presented component unit. The EDA does not prepare separate financial statements. The EDA fund financial statements begin on page 116.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The following major governmental funds meet the criteria described above:

The *General* fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service fund is used for the servicing of governmental long-term debt not being financed by the proprietary fund.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Utility fund is used for the activities of the water distribution system the City maintains.

The Disposal fund is used for the activities of the City's sewage collection operations.

The Ambulance fund is used for the activities related to the ambulance and emergency services the City provides.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and disposal function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes and the City's investment policy as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities in (1) above.
- 3. Minnesota Municipal Money Market fund and certificates of deposit with preference to local financial institutions.
- 4. Commercial paper issued by United States banks, corporations, or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality, and maturing in 270 days or less rated by at least two of the three rating agencies. (Moody's, A-1/ Standard and Poor's, P-1/ Fitches, F-1).

It is the City's policy to invest in a manner which seeks to insure the preservation of capital. Safety of principal is the foremost objective, but liquidity and yield are also important considerations. It is essential that cash is available when needed, therefore the goal is to maximize yield while matching maturity dates with expenditure needs. All participating in the investment process shall seek to act responsibly as custodians of the public trust.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

It is the policy of the City to invest available fund at the highest rates attainable at the time of the investment, however giving preference to local financial institutions where the highest local bid is not more than .25 percent less than the non-local investment.

Investments may be held in safekeeping with any federal reserve bank, any bank authorized under laws of the United States or any state to exercise corporate trust powers, including but not limited to the bank from which it is purchased. The City's ownership of all securities shall be evidenced by a written acknowledge identifying the securities by name of issue, maturity date, interest rate and serial number or other distinguishing mark.

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund is regulated by Minnesota statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities and is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the regulatory rules of the SEC. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the City's investment in this pool is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the 4M Liquid Asset Fund. Investments in the 4M Plus must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to a penalty equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn. Seven days' notice of redemption is required for withdrawals of investments in the 4M Term Series withdrawn prior to the maturity date of that series. A penalty could be assessed as necessary to recoup the Series for any charges, losses, and other costs attributable to the early redemption. Financial statements of the 4M Fund can be obtained by contracting RBC Global Management at 100 South Fifth Street, Suite 2300, Minneapolis, MN 55402-1240.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2019:

Negotiable certificates of deposits of \$1,568,341 are values using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled utility enterprise fund receivables are also included for services provided in 2019. The City annually certifies delinquent water and disposal accounts to the County for collection in the following year. Therefore, there has been no allowance for doubtful accounts established for water and disposal funds. The Ambulance fund has an allowance for uncollectible accounts set at 25 percent of the outstanding balance. This amount totaled \$146,745 as of December 31, 2019.

Property Taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy in December and certifies it to the County for collection the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and tax settlements are made to the City during January, July and December each year.

Delinquent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes receivable have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the governmental fund financial statements.

Special Assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are received in cash or within 60 days after year end and when the following years levy is certified. All other governmental special assessments receivable not received within 60 days after year end are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of materials and supplies are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and are recorded as prepaid items. The City uses the consumption method to account for all prepaid items.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years for equipment and \$1,000 for land. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements regardless of their amount.

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include items dating back to June 30, 1980. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Useful Lives in Years
Land Improvements	5 to 30
Buildings and Improvements	15 to 40
System Improvements/Infrastructure	15 to 50
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 20
Vehicles	3 to 15

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

The total pension expense for the GERP, PEPFP and Cannon Fall Fire Relief Association is as follows:

		Public Employ	ees R	etirement					
	Association of Minnesota (PERA)				Fi	re Relief	•	Total All	
		GERP		PEPFP		sociation	Plans		
Pension Expense	\$	306,084	\$	132,409	\$	94,170	\$	532,663	

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave, which is paid to the employee upon separation. In governmental fund types, the cost of these benefits is recognized when payments are made to the employees. Employees can accumulate to a total of 320 hours of vacation and 960 hours of sick leave. Proprietary fund types accrue vacation and sick leave in the period it is earned. A liability of \$366,217 represents accrued vacation and sick leave unused at year end for the governmental and business-type activities. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental fund compensated absences.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. The recognition of bond premiums and discounts are delayed and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The City has an additional item which qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Administrator or Finance Director.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 40-50 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General and special revenue. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

In August of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Administrator so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 30th, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council adopts a preliminary maximum budget. Truth-in-taxation notices are mailed out to residents by the County. The City Council holds public hearings and adopts a budget and tax levy in December.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's Administrator may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. There were no budget amendments made during 2019.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

Final						
Actual	App	Over Appropriations				
30 407	<u> </u>	39.497				
	39,497	39,497 \$				

These over-expenditures were funded by revenues in excess of budget and available fund balance.

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had fund equity deficits at December 31, 2019:

Fund	Amount
Capital Project	
3rd Street Bridge	\$ 580
TIF 2-6.2	1,297
2016 Street Improvement Westside Phase II	20,230
Alexander Court	201,495
Enterprise Fund	
Deputy Registrar	39,094

These deficits will be eliminated with future transfers and revenue sources.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances of the City's funds are combined (pooled) and invested to the extent available in various investments authorized by Minnesota statutes. Each fund's portion of this pool (or pools) is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." For purposes of identifying the risk of investing public funds, the balances are categorized as follows:

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the City Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds, which the exception of irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks as this type of collateral only requires collateral pledged equal to 100 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a
 national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers
 which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by
 written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard
 & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$3,032,617 and the bank balance was \$3,153,864. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance totaling \$3,153,864.

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value. Investment and dividend income are recognized as revenue when earned. The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.
 Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk.
 Minnesota statutes and the City's investment policy limit the City's investments.
- Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the
 counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of an investment or collateral
 securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City is exposed to custodial credit risk in relation to
 the CDs invested in the CDARS program.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a
 government's investment in a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any
 one issuer.
- Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At year end, the City's investment balances were as follows:

	Credit	Segmented							
	Quality/	Time			Fair Va	alue	Measuremen	t Using	
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)	Amount	Lev	el 1		Level 2	Le	vel 3
Pooled Investments at Amortize	ed Costs						_		
4M Fund	N/A	Less than 6 months	\$ 3,552,881						
Money market fund	N/A	Less than 6 months	1,288						
Non-pooled Investments at Fair	· Value								
Negotiable CDs	N/A	Less then 1 year	1,525,013	\$	-	\$	614,998	\$	-
Negotiable CDs	N/A	1 to 5 years	1,128,320				222,310		
Total Investments		_	\$ 6,207,502	\$	_	\$	1,568,341	\$	_

- (1) Ratings are provided by Standard & Poors agency where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.
- (2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.
- N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

A reconciliation of cash and temporary investments as shown on the statement of net position for the City follows:

	Amount
Carrying Amount of Deposits Investments Cash on Hand	\$ 3,032,617 6,207,502 555
Total	\$ 9,240,674
As Reported in the Financial Statements Statement of net position Primary government Cash and temporary investments	\$ 8,836,667
Component unit Economic Development Authority Cash and temporary investments	404,007
Total	\$ 9,240,674

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Loans Receivable

Economic Development Authority

On November 29, 2012, the EDA loaned \$150,000 to ArtOrg at the rate of 3 percent per year. The loan is due November 29, 2017. Monthly payments of \$1,036 are due beginning December 29, 2012. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2019 was \$88,773.

On July 13, 2016, the EDA loaned \$150,000 to Tillion Brewing Company at the rate of 3 percent a year. The loan is due on July 13, 2026. Monthly payments of \$1,449 are due beginning August 13, 2016. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2019 was \$103,720.

On December 12, 2018, the EDA loaned \$25,000 to Aqualand Aquarium Center, Inc. at the rate of 3 percent a year. The loan is due December 12, 2023. Monthly payments of \$138 are due beginning January 12, 2019. \$5,000 of the loan will not be subject to interest and will be forgiven provided that the borrower is still operating in Cannon Falls. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2019 was \$23,928.

On September 19, 2018, the EDA loaned \$50,000 to Interstate Building Supply at the rate of 3 percent a year. The loan is due October 19, 2023. Monthly payments of \$932 are due beginning October 19, 2018. \$5,000 of the loan will not be subject to interest and will be forgiven provided that the borrower is still operating in Cannon Falls. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2019 was \$46,972.

On January 15, 2019 the EDA loaned \$125,000 to Raw Bistro at the rate of 3 percent a year. The loan is due on January 15, 2024. Monthly payments of \$829 are due beginning February 15, 2019. The final payment will be a balloon payment of \$86,651 on January 15, 2024. \$5,000 of the loan will not be subject to interest and will be forgiven provided that the borrower is still operating in Cannon Falls. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2019 was \$118,026.

On August 5, 2019 the EDA loaned \$75,000 to Keith Meyers at the rate of 3 percent a year. The loan is due on July 18, 2024. Monthly payments of \$483 are due beginning on August 18, 2019. \$5,000 of the loan will not be subject to interest and will be forgiven provided that the borrower is still operating in Cannon Falls. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2019 was \$73,455.

The total net loan receivable balance as of December 31, 2019 was \$434,874 after taking into account \$20,000 worth of allowances described above.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Incre	eases	Decreases			Ending Balance
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets not being Depreciated	Ф 4.402.702	c		ď		ď	4 400 700
Land	\$ 1,102,792	\$		\$	-	\$	1,102,792
Capital Assets being Depreciated							
Buildings and improvements	4,872,561		_		-		4,872,561
System improvements/infrastructure	14,903,168		_		-		4,903,168
Machinery and equipment	1,870,622		73,704		(30,082)		1,914,244
Vehicles	3,121,041		, -		-		3,121,041
Total Capital Assets							<u> </u>
being Depreciated	24,767,392		73,704		(30,082)	2	4,811,014
Less Accumulated Depreciation for	(4.004.700)	(4	40.070)			,	4 705 050)
Buildings and improvements	(1,684,786)		10,273)		-	•	1,795,059)
System improvements/infrastructure	(4,348,626)		(70,600)		-	•	4,817,226)
Machinery and equipment	(1,278,170)		(79,634)		17,853	•	1,339,951)
Vehicles	(1,988,379)	(1	42,665)			(2,131,044)
Total Accumulated	(0.000.004)				47.050		
Depreciation	(9,299,961)	(8	301,172 <u>)</u>		17,853	(1)	0,083,280)
Total Capital Assets							
being Depreciated, Net	15,467,431	(7	727,468)		(12,229)	1	4,727,734
					_		_
Governmental Activities	•	<u>.</u>		_			
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 16,570,223	\$ (7	<u> 27,468)</u>	\$	(12,229)	\$ 1	5,830,526
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/pro	ograms of the gove	ernmenta	al activities	s as fo	llows:		
Governmental Activities							
General government						\$	43,739
Public safety						•	175,761
Public works							504,187
Culture and recreation							77,485
							77,700
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental A	ctivities					\$	801,172

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Beginning		Ending		
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Business-type Activities					
Capital Assets not being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 87,816		\$ -	\$ 87,816	
Capital Assets being Depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	15,980	-	-	15,980	
System improvements/infrastructure	35,729,934	-	-	35,729,934	
Machinery and equipment	1,091,203	18,177	(9,100)	1,100,280	
Vehicles	660,122	<u>-</u>		660,122	
Total Capital Assets		- · ·			
being Depreciated	37,497,239	18,177	(9,100)	37,506,316	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for					
Buildings and improvements	(11,116)	(538)	-	(11,654)	
System improvements/infrastructure	(13,935,234)	(917,341)	-	(14,852,575)	
Machinery and equipment	(779,155)	(67,217)	4,200	(842,172)	
Vehicles	(287,542)	(69,995)	-	(357,537)	
Total Accumulated		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Depreciation	(15,013,047)	(1,055,091)	4,200	(16,063,938)	
Total Capital Assets					
being Depreciated, Net	22,484,192	(1,036,914)	(4,900)	21,442,378	
Business-type Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 22,572,008	\$ (1,036,914)	\$ (4,900)	\$ 21,530,194	
Depreciation expense was charged to functions	programs of the bus	siness-type activitie	s as follows:		
Business-type Activities					
Water Utility				\$ 379,583	

Water Utility	\$ 379,583
Disposal	544,787
Ambulance	84,383
Storm Water	 46,338
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$ 1,055,091

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

Capital asset activity for the Economic Development Authority for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases Decreases							Ending Balance
		Daianice	IIICIE	eases	Deci	eases		Dalalice
Capital Assets not being Depreciated								
Land	\$	734,124	\$	-	\$	-	\$	734,124

D. Transfers

Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

		Transfers in									
	Debt		Nonmajor			N	Nonmajor				
	Service	Go	overnmental	Am	bulance	E	nterprise				
Fund	Fund	Fund Fun		nds Fund			Funds		Total		
Transfer Out		_									
General	\$	- \$	118,375	\$	7,100	\$	18,450	\$	143,925		
Water Utility	100,000)	10,000		-		-		110,000		
Disposal	25,000	<u> </u>	10,000						35,000		
Total	\$ 125,000) \$	138,375	\$	7,100	\$	18,450	\$	288,925		

During the year, transfers are used to 1) move General fund resources to provide funds for future capital purchases and 2) move enterprise fund resources to debt service funds for debt service requirements.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities. In addition, bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

General Obligation Improvement Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance various improvements and will be repaid from special assessments levied on the properties benefiting from the improvements and ad valorem tax levies. All special assessment debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Each year the combined assessment and tax levy equals 105 percent of the amount required for debt service. The excess of 5 percent is to cover any delinquencies in tax or assessment payments.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Improvement	4.14.166464		Baio	<u> </u>	1001 2110
Bonds of 2011A	\$ 3,150,000	2.00 - 3.40 %	10/13/11	02/01/32	\$ 2,050,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2012A	932,000	.75 - 2.50	05/01/12	02/01/22	230,000
G.O. Refunding Permanent					
Bonds of 2012B	3,085,000	1.00 - 1.65	11/28/12	02/01/23	865,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2013A	2,575,000	2.00 - 4.00	08/07/13	02/01/34	1,945,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2016A	2,480,000	2.00 - 3.00	06/30/16	02/01/37	2,220,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2018A	3,920,000	3.00 - 3.50	07/18/18	02/01/39	3,920,000
Total G.O.					
Improvement Bonds					\$ 11,230,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation improvement bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities						Business-type Activities							
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total		
2020	\$	765,000	\$	153,131	\$	918,131	\$	245,000	\$	148,743	\$	393,743		
2021		642,000		139,048		781,048		255,000		142,691		397,691		
2022		663,000		124,585		787,585		255,000		136,274		391,274		
2023		600,000		110,074		710,074		260,000		129,624		389,624		
2024		415,000		97,456		512,456		270,000		122,593		392,593		
2025 - 2029		2,030,000		304,650		2,334,650		1,480,000		490,230		1,970,230		
2030 - 2034		1,075,000		75,972		1,150,972		1,485,000		246,783		1,731,783		
2035 - 2039		<u>-</u>		_		<u>-</u>		790,000		60,516		850,516		
Total	\$	6,190,000	\$	1,004,916	\$	7,194,916	\$	5,040,000	\$	1,477,454	\$	6,517,454		

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General Obligation Revenue Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance expansion to the water and wastewater system. They will be retired with assessments against the benefited properties. They will be repaid from future revenues pledged from the Water and Sewer fund and are backed by the taxing power of the City. For 2019, principal and interest paid and total customer revenues for the Water fund were \$516,451 and \$791,472, respectively. For 2019, principal and interest paid and total customer revenues for the Disposal fund were \$1,007,116 and \$1,485,862, respectively.

Description	-	Authorized and Issued			Issue Date	Maturity Date	alance at Year End
G.O. MN Public Facilities Authority Bond 2001 - Water and Wastewater							
Improvements	\$	4,529,000	4.07	%	06/27/01	08/20/21	\$ 619,000
G.O. MN Public Facilities Authority Bond 2001 -							
Wastewater		8,021,909	2.86		11/20/01	08/20/22	1,533,911
G.O. Water Revenue							
Refunding Bonds -							
Series 2010A		3,560,000	1.00 - 3.50		12/09/10	08/01/21	 710,000
Total G.O. Revenue Bonds							\$ 2,862,911

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Business-type Activities								
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total						
2020	\$ 1,152,000	\$ 87,023	\$ 1,239,023						
2021	1,185,000	51,891	1,236,891						
2022	525,911_	15,041	540,952						
Total	\$ 2,862,911	\$ 153,955	\$ 3,016,866						

General Obligation Equipment Certificates

The following bonds were issued to purchase capital equipment and will be repaid from future tax levies.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	_	Balance at Year End		
2018B G.O.								
Equipment Certificates	\$ 359,000	4.00 %	07/18/18	02/01/28	\$	359,000		

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The annual service requirements to maturity for the general obligation equipment certificates are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities									
December 31,	Princ	cipal	In	terest	Total					
2020	\$	34,000	\$	13,680	\$	47,680				
2021	:	35,000		12,300		47,300				
2022	;	37,000		10,860		47,860				
2023	;	38,000		9,360		47,360				
2024		40,000		7,800		47,800				
2025 - 2028	1	75,000		14,340		189,340				
Total	\$ 3	59,000	\$	68,340	\$	427,340				

Capital Lease Obligation

The City has entered into capital lease agreements for the purchase of equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments.

Description	Authorized and Issued		Interest Rate		Issue Date		 Maturity Date		ance at ear End
Sweeper	\$	145,260		4.30 %		03/25/11	03/25/20	\$	16,756

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital leases are as follows:

			Capita	l Leases				Capita	I Leases		
Year Ending		Governmental Activities			Business-type Activitie			ies			
December 31,	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	Total	Pi	rincipal	Int	erest		Total
2020	\$	8,378	\$	969	9,347	\$	8,378	\$	969	\$	9,347

Assets related to the above outstanding capital lease obligations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	siness-type Activities
Asset Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 84,251 (49,146)	\$ 84,250 (49,146)
Total	\$ 35,105	\$ 35,104

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2019, the following changes in long-term liabilities occurred:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities	Dalatice	Increases	Decreases	Dalance	One real
Bonds Payable					
General obligation special					
assessment bonds	\$ 6,823,000	\$ -	\$ (633,000)	\$ 6,190,000	\$ 765,000
General obligation	250,000			250,000	24.000
Equipment certificates Capital Leases Payable	359,000 16,403	-	- (8,025)	359,000 8,378	34,000 8,378
Compensated Absences	10,403	-	(0,025)	0,370	0,370
Payable	236,317	91,958	(59,079)	269,196	67,299
Governmental Activity					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 7,434,720	\$ 91,958	\$ (700,104)	\$ 6,826,574	\$ 874,677
Business-type Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General obligation					
revenue bonds	\$ 3,986,910	\$ -	\$ (1,123,999)	\$ 2,862,911	\$ 1,152,000
General obligation	5,215,000		(175,000)	5,040,000	245,000
improvement bonds Capital Leases Payable	5,215,000 16,403	-	(175,000) (8,025)	5,040,000 8,378	245,000 8,378
Compensated Absences	10,403	_	(0,023)	0,570	0,570
Payable	85,981	32,535	(21,495)	97,021	24,255
Business-type Activity					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 9,304,294	\$ 32,535	\$ (1,328,519)	\$ 8,008,310	\$ 1,429,633
Component Unit - EDA					
Compensated Absences					
Payable	\$ 25,628	\$ -	\$ (25,628)	\$ -	\$ -
Component Unit	Φ 07.000	Φ.	Φ (07.005)	Φ.	•
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 25,628	\$ -	\$ (25,628)	<u> </u>	\$ -

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Fund Balance

At December 31, 2019, portions of the City's fund balance are not available for appropriation due to not being in spendable form (nonspendable), legal restrictions (restricted), City Council action (committed), policy and/or intent (assigned). The following is a summary of the components of fund balance:

	Other Debt Governmental General Service Funds			Total				
Nonspendable for						_		
Prepaid items	\$	41,707	\$		\$	6,256	\$	47,963
Restricted for								
Debt service	\$	-	\$	1,887,226	\$	-	\$	1,887,226
Street project		-		-		198,241		198,241
Cable television		-		-		115,895		115,895
Tax increment financing		-		-		1,850		1,850
Park capital						20,968		20,968
Total Restricted	\$		\$	1,887,226	\$	336,954	\$	2,224,180
Committed for								
Fire operations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	81,409	\$	81,409
Street capital		-		-		38,322		38,322
Public works capital		-		-		231,113		231,113
Police capital		-		-		20,162		20,162
Fire capital		-		-		109,625		109,625
Administration capital		-		-		76,700		76,700
Park capital		-		_		54,544		54,544
Library capital						48,065		48,065
Total Committed	\$	_	\$		\$	659,940	\$	659,940
Assigned								
Library operations	\$	-	\$	_	\$	188,308	\$	188,308
Eastside improvement	•	_	•	_	•	21,550	·	21,550
Public improvements				-		132,445		132,445
Total Assigned	\$		\$		\$	342,303	\$	342,303
Unassigned	\$ 2	2,543,950	\$		\$	(223,602)	\$	2,320,348

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan (GERP)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Retirement Plan (GERP). GERP members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (PEPFP)

The PEPFP, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFP also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by Minnesota statute and can only be modified by the state legislature.

Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

GERP Benefits

GERP benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989 receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Annuities, disability benefits and survivor benefits are increased effective every January 1. Beginning January 1, 2019, the postretirement increase will be equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

PEPFP Benefits

Benefits for the PEPFP members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for PEPFP members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. A full, unreduced pension is earned when members are age 55 and vested, or for members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Annuities, disability benefits and survivor benefits are increased effective every January 1. Beginning January 1, 2019, the postretirement increase will be fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase-will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members in 2019. The City's contributions to the GERF for the year ending December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$150,778, \$148,746 and \$140,461, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire member's contribution rates increased from 10.80 percent of pay to 11.30 percent and employer rates increased from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent on January 1, 2019. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the years ending December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$108,059, \$94,884 and \$87,838, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

D. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$1,570,172 for its proportionate share of the General Employee Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the fund in 2018. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$48,831. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was 0.0284 percent which was a decrease of 0.0007 percent as of June 30, 2018.

\$ 1,570,172
48,831
\$ 1,619,003

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$302,427 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$3,657 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2019, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Deteri	Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflo					
	of Resources		of Resources				
Differences Between Expected and	<u>-</u>						
Actual Experience	\$	49,991	\$	3,488			
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		5,028		128,300			
Net Difference Between Projected and							
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-		162,492			
Changes in Proportion		19,323		34,195			
Contributions to PERA Subsequent							
to the Measurement Date		74,341					
Total	\$	148,683	\$	328,475			

Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The \$74,341 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2020	\$ (86,395)
2021	(126,177)
2022	(44,092)
2023	2,531

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$617,469 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was 0.0580 percent which was an increase of 0.0038 percent from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$124,579 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City also recognized \$7,830 for the year ended December 31, 2019 as pension expense (and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the plan. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund each year until the plan is 90 percent funded or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. In addition, the state will pay \$4.5 million on October 1, 2018 and October 1, 2019 in direct state aid. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier.

At December 31, 2019, the City reported its proportionate share of Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and	Φ 00.000	A 400 770		
Actual Experience	\$ 26,293	\$ 106,773		
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	528,228	696,141		
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	-	117,529		
Changes in Proportion	106,940	8,943		
Contributions to PERA Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date	56,551			
Total	\$ 718,012	\$ 929,386		

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The \$56,551 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2020	\$ (26,797)
2021	(58,190)
2022	(205,305)
2023	12,141
2024	10,226

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation2.50% per yearActive Member Payroll Growth3.25% per yearInvestment Rate of Return7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for General Employees Plan and 1.0 percent per year for Police and Fire Plan.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The most recent four-year experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2016. Economic assumptions were updated in 2018 based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2019:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	35.50 %	5.10 %
Private Markets	25.00	5.90
Fixed Income	20.00	0.75
International Equity	17.50	5.90
Cash Equivalents	2.00	-
Total	100.00 %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2019 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund and the Police and Fire Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	City P	of NPL			
	Percent ease (6.50%)	Cur	rent (7.50%)	1 Percent Increase (8.50%)	
General Employees Fund	\$ 2,581,279	\$	1,570,172	\$	735,303
Police and Fire Fund	1,349,672		617,469		12

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association

A. Plan Description

All members of the Cannon Falls Fire Department (the Department) are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the Cannon Falls Fire Department Relief Association (the Association). As of December 31, 2018, the plan covered 30 active firefighters and 6 vested terminated fire fighters whose pension benefits are deferred. The plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statute, chapter 69.

The Association maintains a separate Special fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is derived from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (chapter 261 as amended by chapter 509 of Minnesota statutes 1980). Funds are also derived from investment income.

B. Benefits Provided

A firefighter who completes at least 20 years as an active member of the Department is entitled, after age 50, to a full service pension upon retirement.

The bylaws of the Association also provide for an early vested service pension for a retiring member who has completed a minimum of 10 years of service.

The financial requirements of the Special fund are determined in accordance with section 69.772 of the Minnesota statutes, which requires the payment of pension benefits in a lump sum or optionally in annual installments. The benefits are payable after age 50, 20 years of service and 10 years of Association membership or upon death.

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapters 424 and 424A authorize pension benefits for volunteer fire relief associations. The plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in Minnesota statutes and voluntary City contributions (if applicable). The State of Minnesota contributed \$53,398 in fire state aid to the plan on behalf of the Cannon Falls Fire Department for the year ended December 31, 2018 which was recorded as a revenue. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City's statutorily-required contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$53,398. The City made no voluntary contributions to the plan. Furthermore, the firefighter has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2019, the City reported a net pension liability (asset) of \$(29,969) for the plan. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset in accordance with GASB 68 was determined by Vanlwaarden applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the Department as of December 31, 2018. The following table presents the changes in net pension liability (asset) during the year:

	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension ility (Asset) (a-b)
Beginning Balance January 1, 2019	\$ 612,	,239 \$	782,910	\$	(170,671)
Changes for the Year					
Service cost	31,	,897	-		31,897
Interest on pension liability (asset)	38,	,648	-		38,648
Actuarial experience (gains)/losses	(14,	,536)	-		(14,536)
Changes of assumptions	11,	,433	-		11,433
Change of benefit terms	43,	,238	-		43,238
Net investment income		-	(80,846)		80,846
Contributions (State)		-	51,993		(51,993)
Administrative costs			(1,169)		1,169
Total Net Changes	110,	,680	(30,022)		140,702
Ending Balance December 31, 2019	\$ 722	,919 \$	752,888	\$	(29,969)

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$40,772.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to pension from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and					
Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	33,408	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		13,313		3,877	
Net Difference Between Projected and					
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		72,263		-	
Contributions to Plan Subsequent					
to the Measurement Date		53,398		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	138,974	\$	37,285	

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$53,398 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2020	\$ 20,997
2021	6,250
2022	9,138
2023	22,122
2024	(3,276)
Thereafter	(6,940)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2019 was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement Eligibility at 50 Percent of Age 50 or 20 Years of Service, 50 Percent at Ages 50-64 and 100 Percent at Age 65 or 30 Years of Service.

Inflation Rate	2.50% per year
Investment Rate of Return	5.50%
20 Year Municipal Bond Yield	3.71%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using the plan's target investment allocation along with long-term return expectations by asset class. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	47.00 %	4.95 %
International Equity	25.00	5.24
Fixed Income	7.00	1.99
Real Estate	1.00	4.19
Cash	20.00	0.58
Total	100.00_%	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made as specified in statute. Based on that assumption and considering the funding ratio of the plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) for the plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

	1 F	1 Percent				
	Decrea	ise (4.50%)	Curre	ent (5.50%)	Increase (6.50%)	
Defined Benefit Plan	\$	(9,611)	\$	(29,969)	\$	(49,749)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the Cannon Falls Firefighter's Relief Association, 137 4th Street North, Cannon Falls, Minnesota 55009.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Note 6: Other Information

A. Legal Debt Margin

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City may not incur or be subject to net debt in excess of three percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes and therefore, excludes debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, enterprise fund revenues or tax increments. The City has \$367,378 applied against the limit.

B. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

C. Concentrations

The City receives a significant amount of its annual General fund revenues from the State of Minnesota from the Local Government Aid (LGA) program. The amount received in 2019 was \$653,268. This accounted for 17.7% percent of General fund revenues.

Note 7: Commitments and Contingencies

Tax Increment Districts

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the State of Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

Note 8: Transactions between the Primary Government and its Component Unit

The City conducts routine transactions with its component unit for services provided. The City provides administrative and financial services for the EDA activities. Other significant transactions between the primary government and its component unit are described in other notes.

Note 9: Subsequent Event

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) surfaced. The spread of COVID-19 around the world in the first quarter of 2020 has caused significant volatility in U.S. and international markets. There is significant uncertainty around the breadth and duration of business disruptions related to COVID-19, as well as its impact on the U.S. and international economies and, as such, the City is unable to determine if it will have a material impact to its operations.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Retirement Plan

	City's									
			5	State's			Proportionate			
			Pro	oortionate			Share of the			
		City's	S	hare of			Net Pension			
		Proportionate	the N	et Pension			Liability as	Plan Fiduciary		
	City's	Share of	L	iability		City's	a Percentage of	Net Position		
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	n Asso	ciated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage		
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	tl	ne City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total		
Ending	Liability	(a)		(b)	(a+b)	(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability		
06/30/19	0.0284 %	\$ 1,570,172	\$	48,831	\$1,619,003	\$2,010,581	80.5 %	80.2 %		
06/30/18	0.0291	1,614,349		52,857	1,667,206	1,953,259	85.4	79.5		
06/30/17	0.0285	1,819,421		22,872	1,842,293	1,835,533	100.4	75.9		
06/30/16	0.0286	2,322,178		30,356	2,352,534	1,774,875	132.5	68.9		
06/30/15	0.0286	1,482,200		-	1,482,200	1,680,063	88.2	78.2		

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Retirement Fund

		Contributions in			
		Relation to the			Contributions as
	Statutorily	Statutorily	Contribution	City's	a Percentage of
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Ending	(a)	(b)	(a-b)	(c)	(b/c)
10/01/10	A 4 - 00	^	•	A B B B B B B B B B B	
12/31/19	\$ 150,778	\$ 150,778	\$ -	\$ 2,010,372	7.50 %
12/31/18	148,746	148,746	-	1,983,286	7.50
12/31/17	140,461	140,461	-	1,872,813	7.50
12/31/16	136,240	136,240	-	1,816,533	7.50
12/31/15	130,505	130,505	-	1,740,067	7.50

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employees Retirement Plan

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018
- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.
- 2017 The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- 2016 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.
- 2015 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- 2019 The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.
- 2018 The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed. Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.
- 2017 The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter. The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.
- 2017 The State's special funding contribution increased from \$6 million to \$16 million.
- 2015 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - Police and Fire Plan

						City's	
			State's			Proportionate	
			Proportionate			Share of the	
		City's	Share of			Net Pension	
		Proportionate	the Net Pension			Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
	City's	Share of	Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	(c) ((a+b)/c)	
06/30/19	0.0580 %	\$ 617,469	\$ -	\$ 617,469	\$ 612,230	100.9 %	89.3 %
06/30/18	0.0542	577,716	-	577,716	570,962	101.2	88.8
06/30/17	0.0520	702,062	-	702,062	528,826	132.8	85.4
06/30/16	0.0500	2,006,587	-	2,006,587	485,446	413.3	63.9
06/30/15	0.0480	545,392	-	545,392	438,670	124.3	86.6

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - Police and Fire Plan

		Contributions in								
		Relation to the								
	Statutorily	Statutorily	Contribution	City's	a Percentage of					
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Covered					
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll					
Ending	(a)	(b)	(a-b)	(c)	(b/c)					
12/31/19	\$ 108,059	\$ 108,059	\$ -	\$ 637,519	16.95 %					
12/31/18	94,884	94,884	-	585,702	16.20					
12/31/17	87,838	87,838	-	542,210	16.20					
12/31/16	86,782	86,782	-	535,691	16.20					
12/31/15	71,922	71,922	-	443,963	16.20					

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Police and Fire Plan

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2019 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017. As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Police and Fire Plan

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.6 percent to 7.5 percent.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 5.6 percent. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

2018 - As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger. An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier. Member contributions were changed from 10.80 percent to 11.30 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 11.80 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Employer contributions were changed from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 17.70 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00 percent to 60.00 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Police and Fire Plan

2015 - The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90 percent funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.5 percent.

Schedule of Changes in the Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

	2019		2019 2018		2017		2016		2015	
Total Pension Liability				,						
Service cost	\$	31,897	\$	28,860	\$	30,861	\$	28,958	\$	28,183
Interest on pension liability (asset)		38,648		34,228		37,821		35,024		34,669
Changes of benefit terms		43,238		-		-		18,597		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(14,536)		-		(28,496)		-		-
Changes of assumptions		11,433		40,593		4,223		(7,109)		-
Benefit payments				(66,100)		(88,050)		(74,667)		(40,242)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		110,680		37,581		(43,641)		803		22,610
Total Pension Liability - January 1		612,239		574,658		618,299		617,496		594,886
Total Pension Liability - December 31 (a)	\$	722,919	\$	612,239	\$	574,658	\$	618,299	\$	617,496
Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Employer contributions	\$	51,993	\$	51,349	\$	52,941	\$	50,960	\$	48,792
Nonemployer contributions		-		-		-		-		137
Projected investment return		(80,846)		103,115		52,076		(32,964)		15,287
Benefit payments		-		(66,100)		(88,050)		(74,667)		(40,242)
Administrative expenses		(1,169)		(1,296)		(1,155)		(239)		(232)
Other										3,000
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(30,022)		87,068		15,812		(56,910)		26,742
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - January 1		782,910		695,842		680,030		736,940		710,198
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - December 31 (b)	\$	752,888	\$	782,910	\$	695,842	\$	680,030	\$	736,940
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) - December 31 (a-b)	\$	(29,969)	\$	(170,671)	\$	(121,184)	\$	(61,731)	\$	(119,444)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage										
of the Total Pension Liability (b/a)		104.15%		127.88%		121.09%		109.98%		119.34%
Covered-employee Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage										
of Covered-employee Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Fire Relief Association

Benefit Changes. No changes since last valuation.

Changes of Assumptions. No changes since last valuation.

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Fire Relief Association Contributions

Year Ending	Det	Actuarial Determined Contribution (a)		Actual Contributions Paid (b)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	
12/31/19	\$	53,398	\$	53,398	\$	-	
12/31/18		51,993		51,993		-	
12/31/17		50,349		50,349		-	
12/31/16		50,059		50,059		-	
12/31/15		49,960		49,960		-	
12/31/14		48,792		48,792		-	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects	 Total Nonmajor Funds
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	401,882	\$ 784,006	\$ 1,185,888
Receivables				
Accounts		750	-	750
Special assessments		-	7,934	7,934
Prepaid items		6,256	 	 6,256
Total Assets	\$	408,888	\$ 791,940	\$ 1,200,828
Liabilities				
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	14,999	\$ 33,942	\$ 48,941
Accrued salaries payable		2,021	-	2,021
Due to other funds			 20,081	20,081
Total Liabilities		17,020	54,023	 71,043
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue - special assessments			 7,934	7,934
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable		6,256	-	6,256
Restricted		115,895	221,059	336,954
Committed		81,409	578,531	659,940
Assigned		188,308	153,995	342,303
Unassigned			 (223,602)	(223,602)
Total Fund Balances		391,868	729,983	 1,121,851
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	408,888	\$ 791,940	\$ 1,200,828

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Funds
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property taxes	\$ 488,549	\$ -	\$ 488,549
Tax increments	-	45,895	45,895
Franchise taxes	26,709	-	26,709
Intergovernmental	184,083	-	184,083
Charges for services	93,991	-	93,991
Fines and forfeitures	4,033	-	4,033
Special assessments	-	2,981	2,981
Interest on investments	4,375	3,296	7,671
Miscellaneous	17,060	-	17,060
Total Revenues	818,800	52,172	870,972
Expenditures			
Current	225.050		225 050
Public safety	225,050	-	225,050
Culture and recreation	449,973	-	449,973
Capital outlay		7 700	7 700
General government	- 2 F54	7,732	7,732
Public safety Public works	3,551	10,288 55,522	13,839
Culture and recreation	51,906	55,522 4,267	55,522 56,173
Total Expenditures	730,480	77,809	56,173 808,289
Total Experiultures	730,460	77,009	800,209
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	88,320	(25,637)	62,683
0.1 5: 0			
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		138,375	138,375
Net Change in Fund Balances	88,320	112,738	201,058
Fund Balances, January 1	303,548	617,245	920,793
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 391,868	\$ 729,983	\$ 1,121,851

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2019

	211 Library		220 Cable Public Television		232 Fire partment perations	Total
Assets Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable Prepaid items	\$	198,199 - 1,258	\$ 119,980 - 189	\$	83,703 750 4,809	\$ 401,882 750 6,256
Total Assets	\$	199,457	\$ 120,169	\$	89,262	\$ 408,888
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Accrued salaries payable	\$	8,132 1,759	\$ 3,823 262	\$	3,044 -	\$ 14,999 2,021
Total Liabilities		9,891	4,085		3,044	17,020
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		1,258	189		4,809	6,256
Restricted		-	115,895		-	115,895
Committed		-	-		81,409	81,409
Assigned	_	188,308	 		-	 188,308
Total Fund Balances		189,566	 116,084		86,218	 391,868
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$	199,457	\$ 120,169	\$	89,262	\$ 408,888

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	211	220	232 Fire	
	12	Cable Public	Department	T
Revenues	Library	Television	Operations	Total
Taxes				
Property	\$ 353,255	\$ -	\$ 135,294	\$ 488,549
Franchise taxes	φ 555,255	26,709	ψ 135,294 -	26,709
Intergovernmental	-	20,709	-	20,709
State	_	_	59,213	59,213
County	124,870	_	59,215	124,870
Charges for services	1,498	_	92,493	93,991
Fines and forfeitures	4,033	_	92,493	4,033
Interest on investments	2,351	- 1,458	- 566	4,033 4,375
Miscellaneous	2,331	1,450	300	4,373
Contributions and donations	652		8,750	9,402
Other	032	-	7,658	9,402 7,658
Total Revenues	486,659	28,167	303,974	818,800
Total Nevertues	460,039	20,107	303,974	810,000
Expenditures				
Current				
Public safety	_	_	225,050	225,050
Culture and recreation	429,887	20,086		449,973
Capital outlay	0,00.	_0,000		
Public safety	_	_	3,551	3,551
Culture and recreation	35,660	16,246	-	51,906
Total Expenditures	465,547	36,332	228,601	730,480
·		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net Change in Fund Balances	21,112	(8,165)	75,373	88,320
Fund Balances, January 1	168,454	124,249	10,845	303,548
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 189,566	\$ 116,084	\$ 86,218	\$ 391,868

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Library Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				2018					
		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
	(Original		Final	 mounts	Fina	al Budget	A	mounts
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$	353,255	\$	353,255	\$ 353,255	\$	-	\$	329,235
Intergovernmental									
County		124,870		124,870	124,870		-		117,589
Charges for services		1,175		1,175	1,498		323		1,496
Fines and forfeitures		6,000		6,000	4,033		(1,967)		5,928
Interest on investments		-		-	2,351		2,351		51
Miscellaneous									
Contributions and donations		-		-	652		652		2,160
Total Revenues		485,300		485,300	486,659		1,359		456,459
Expenditures Current Culture and recreation									
Personnel services		376,200		376,200	349,650		26,550		329,035
Supplies		6,100		6,100	6,373		(273)		5,543
Other services and charges		69,000		69,000	73,864		(4,864)		65,248
Capital outlay		09,000		09,000	73,004		(4,004)		03,240
Culture and recreation		34,000		34,000	 35,660		(1,660)		30,048
Total Expenditures		485,300		485,300	465,547		19,753		429,874
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	21,112		21,112		26,585
Fund Balances, January 1		168,454		168,454	 168,454				141,869
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	168,454	\$	168,454	\$ 189,566	\$	21,112	\$	168,454

Cable Public Television Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

					2018					
		Budgeted	Amou	unts		Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
	C	Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget		Amounts	
Revenues										
Franchise taxes	\$	32,000	\$	32,000	\$	26,709	\$	(5,291)	\$	33,619
Charges for services				-		-		28		
Interest on investments						1,458		1,458		685
Total Revenue		32,000	32,000			28,167		(3,833)		34,332
Expenditures										
Current										
Culture and recreation										
Personnel services		19,675		19,675		16,904		2,771		17,252
Supplies		2,100		2,100		297		1,803		4,607
Other services and charges		5,825		5,825		2,885	2,940			2,582
Capital outlay										
Culture and recreation		40,000		40,000		16,246		23,754		33,526
Total Expenditures		67,600		67,600		36,332		31,268		57,967
Net Change in Fund Balances		(35,600)		(35,600)		(8,165)		27,435		(23,635)
Fund Balances, January 1		124,249		124,249		124,249				147,884
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	88,649	\$	88,649	\$	116,084	\$	27,435	\$	124,249

Fire Department Operations Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			2018							
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
	C	Driginal		Final	A	mounts	Fina	al Budget	Α	mounts
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	135,294	\$	135,294	\$	135,294	\$	-	\$	120,144
Intergovernmental revenue										
State		52,000		52,000		59,213		7,213		62,653
Charges for services		91,725		91,725		92,493		768		90,445
Interest on investments		-		-		566		566		2,656
Miscellaneous										
Contributions and donations		-		-		8,750		8,750		2,150
Other		-		-		7,658		7,658		8,012
Total Revenues	,	279,019		279,019	303,974		24,955			286,060
Expenditures										
Current										
Public safety										
Personnel services		72,175		72,175		52,693		19,482		62,303
Supplies		27,800		27,800		24,985		2,815		52,175
Other services and charges		173,244		173,244		147,372		25,872		155,190
Capital outlay										
Public safety		5,800		5,800		3,551		2,249		7,188
Total Expenditures		279,019		279,019		228,601		50,418		276,856
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		75,373		75,373		9,204
Fund Balances, January 1		10,845		10,845		10,845				1,641
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	10,845	\$	10,845	\$	86,218	\$	75,373	\$	10,845

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued on the Following Pages) December 31, 2019

	502 Public			504		505	506		507	
	Imp	provement			Pu	blic Works				
	R	evolving	Stre	et Capital		Capital	Poli	ce Capital	Fire Capital	
Assets										
Cash and temporary investments	\$	132,445	\$	38,322	\$	231,113	\$	20,162	\$	109,625
Receivables										
Special assessments		7,934								
Total Assets	\$	140,379	\$	38,322	\$	231,113	\$	20,162	\$	109,625
Liabilities										
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities										
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		7,934								<u>-</u>
Fund Balances										
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		38,322		231,113		20,162		109,625
Assigned		132,445		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								-		
Total Fund Balances		132,445		38,322		231,113		20,162		109,625
Total Liabilities, Deferred										
Inflows of Resources										
and Fund Balances	\$	140,379	\$	38,322	\$	231,113	\$	20,162	\$	109,625

	509		510		511	004	527		225
Δdr	ninistration				Library		3 Eastside rovement		
	Capital	Pa	rk Capital		Capital		Project	Pa	rk Board
\$	76,700	\$	54,544	\$ 48,065		\$	21,550	\$	20,968
			-				-		
\$	76,700	\$	54,544	\$	48,065	\$	21,550	\$	20,968
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
	-		-		-		-		-
			-				-		
	-		-		-		-		20,968
	76,700		54,544		48,065		-		-
	-		-		-		21,550		-
							-		-
	76,700		54,544		48,065		21,550		20,968
\$	76,700	\$	54,544	\$	48,065	\$	21,550	\$	20,968

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2019

	405		249		250	20	404 16 Street
	3rd	Street	TIF	TIF		Improvement	
	В	ridge	2-6.2	2-7		Westside Phase	
Assets							
Cash and temporary investments	\$	(580)	\$ 9,850	\$	10,784	\$	(20,230)
Receivables							
Special assessments			 				
Total Assets	\$	(580)	\$ 9,850	\$	10,784	\$	(20,230)
Liabilities							
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-	11,147		8,934		-
Total Liabilities		-	11,147		8,934		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - special assessments			 				
Fund Balances							
Restricted		_	_		1,850		-
Committed		-	-		-		-
Assigned		-	-		-		-
Unassigned		(580)	(1,297)		-		(20,230)
Total Fund Balances		(580)	(1,297)		1,850		(20,230)
Total Liabilities, Deferred							
Inflows of Resources							
and Fund Balances	\$	(580)	\$ 9,850	\$	10,784	\$	(20,230)

406		408 2018						
Alexander		treet						
Court	_	roject		Total				
		. 0,001		rotar				
\$ (201,495)	\$ 2	232,183	\$	784,006				
				7,934				
\$ (201,495)	\$ 2	232,183	\$	791,940				
\$ -	\$	33,942	\$	33,942				
				20,081				
		33,942		54,023				
		_		7,934				
-		198,241		221,059				
-		-		578,531				
-		-		153,995				
(201,495)		-		(223,602)				
(201,495)	198,241 729,98							
\$ (201,495)	\$ 2	232,183	\$	791,940				

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances (Continued on the Following Pages)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	502		504	505		506		507
	Public Improvemen Revolving		et Capital	blic Works Capital	Polic	ce Capital	Fir	e Capital
Revenues		_						
Tax increments	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Special assessments	2,981	1	-	-		-		-
Interest on investments	1,018	3	-	 2,278		-		
Total Revenues	3,999	<u> </u>		 2,278				<u>-</u>
Expenditures Capital outlay								
General government		-	-	-		-		-
Public safety		-	-	-		-		10,288
Public works		-	-	-		-		-
Culture and recreation			-	 		-		
Total Expenditures				 				10,288
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,999	9	-	2,278		-		(10,288)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		<u>-</u>	5,950	57,950		30,000		20,550
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,999	9	5,950	60,228		30,000		10,262
Fund Balances, January 1	128,446	<u> </u>	32,372	170,885		(9,838)		99,363
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 132,445	5 \$	38,322	\$ 231,113	\$	20,162	\$	109,625

	509	510		511	004	527		225
Δdm	inistration			Library		3 Eastside rovement		
	Capital	Park Capital		Capital		Project	Pa	rk Board
	Japitai	T dik Odpital		Capital		1 10,000		III Dourd
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-	-		-		-		-
	-							-
								-
	7,732	-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-
	<u> </u>			189				4,078
	7,732			189				4,078
	(7,732)	_		(189)		_		(4,078)
	(1,102)			(100)				(1,010)
	14,275	7,075		2,575		-		-
	6,543	7,075		2,386		_		(4,078)
	0,543	7,075		2,300		-		(4,070)
	70,157	47,469		45,679		21,550		25,046
\$	76,700	¢ 51.511	¢	48,065	•	21 550	¢	20.068
Φ	70,700	\$ 54,544	\$	40,005	\$	21,550	\$	20,968

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And

Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	405 3rd Street		249 TIF		250 TIF		404 2016 Street Improvement	
	Bri	dge	2-6.2		2-7		Westside Phase II	
Revenues								
Tax increments	\$	-	\$	21,930	\$	23,965	\$	-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-
Interest on investments								
Total Revenues				21,930		23,965		-
Expenditures								
Capital outlay								
General government		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public works		300		11,589		12,605		-
Culture and recreation		-						
Total Expenditures		300		11,589		12,605		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(300)		10,341		11,360		-
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in								
Net Change in Fund Balances		(300)		10,341		11,360		-
Fund Balances, January 1		(280)		(11,638)		(9,510)		(20,230)
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	(580)	\$	(1,297)	\$	1,850	\$	(20,230)

406		408 2018				
Alexander		Street				
Court		Project	Total			
Court		Fioject		TOTAL		
\$	- \$	-	\$	45,895		
	-	-		2,981		
		-		3,296		
		-		52,172		
	-	-		7,732		
	-	-		10,288		
9,574	1	21,454		55,522		
		-		4,267		
9,574	<u> </u>	21,454		77,809		
(9,574	1)	(21,454)		(25,637)		
				138,375		
(9,574	1)	(21,454)		112,738		
(191,921	<u> </u>	219,695		617,245		
\$ (201,495	5) \$	198,241	\$	729,983		

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Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
		Deputy	Recycling			
	Storm Water	Registrar	Program	Totals		
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 589,005	\$ 29,813	\$ 153,981	\$ 772,799		
Receivables						
Accounts	15,853	17	8,633	24,503		
Special assessments	4,788	-	2,908	7,696		
Prepaid items	63	177		240		
Total Current Assets	609,709	30,007	165,522	805,238		
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital assets						
Depreciable buildings, property, and equipment	1,419,130	-	-	1,419,130		
Accumulated depreciation	(254,450)			(254,450)		
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,164,680			1,164,680		
Total Assets	1,774,389	30,007	165,522	1,969,918		
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred pension resources	123	4,708		4,831		
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	-	160	-	160		
Accrued interest payable	10,119	-	-	10,119		
Accrued salaries payable	-	906	-	906		
Compensated absences payable	-	3,078	-	3,078		
Capital lease payable	8,378	-	-	8,378		
Bonds payable	37,387	-	-	37,387		
Total Current Liabilities	55,884	4,144		60,028		
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated absences payable	_	9,235	_	9,235		
Bonds payable	703,374	<u>-</u>	_	703,374		
Pension liability	1,308	49,996	-	51,304		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	704,682	59,231		763,913		
Total Liabilities	760,566	63,375		823,941		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred pension resources	273	10,434		10,707		
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	435,298	-	-	435,298		
Unrestricted	578,375	(39,094)	165,522	704,803		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,013,673	\$ (39,094)	\$ 165,522	\$ 1,140,101		

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
				Deputy		Recycling		
0 " "	Sto	orm Water	Registrar		Program		Totals	
Operating Revenues	ф. 450.554		c	125.072	φ	05 222	\$	270.055
Charges for services	\$	150,551	\$	135,072	\$	85,332	Φ	370,955
Operating Expenses								
Personnel services		3,592		140,538		-		144,130
Supplies		1,854		1,461		-		3,315
Repairs and maintenance		-		451		-		451
Depreciation		46,338		-		-		46,338
Other services and charges		7,538		2,642		65,351		75,531
Total Operating Expenses		59,322		145,092		65,351		269,765
Operating Income (Loss)		91,229		(10,020)		19,981		101,190
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest on investments		6,924		-		1,930		8,854
Grants		-		37,360		-		37,360
Interest expense		(23,306)						(23,306)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(16,382)		37,360		1,930		22,908
Income Before Transfers		74,847		27,340		21,911		124,098
Transfers In				18,450				18,450
Change in Net Position		74,847		45,790		21,911		142,548
Net Position, January 1		938,826		(84,884)		143,611		997,553
Net Position, December 31	\$	1,013,673	\$	(39,094)	\$	165,522	\$	1,140,101

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fo				
	Deputy		Recycling		
Oad Flore Com Occurring Authority	Storm Water	Registrar	Program	Totals	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users	\$ 152,054	\$ 172,674	\$ 85,255	\$ 409,983	
Payments to suppliers	(9,394)	(4,396)	(65,351)	(79,141)	
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(3,531)	(135,341)	(00,001)	(138,872)	
Net Cash Provided by	(0,001)	(100,041)		(100,012)	
Operating Activities	139,129	32,937	19,904	191,970	
5 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5					
Cash Flows from Noncapital					
and Related Financing Activities					
Transfers in	-	18,450	-	18,450	
Cash Flows from Capital					
and Related Financing Activities					
Principal paid on capital lease	(8,025)	-	-	(8,025)	
Principal paid on long-term debt	(28,987)	-	-	(28,987)	
Interest paid on long-term debt	(23,900)			(23,900)	
Net Cash Used by Capital and					
Related Financing Activities	(60,912)			(60,912)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	7.000		4 000	0.000	
Interest received from investments	7,032		1,930	8,962	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	85,249	51,387	21,834	158,470	
Not more and and addit Equivalente	00,210	01,007	21,004	100,470	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	503,756	(21,574)	132,147	614,329	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 589,005	\$ 29,813	\$ 153,981	\$ 772,799	
	-	- ,	7 100,000	7	
Reconciliation of Operating Income					
to Net Cash Provided					
by Operating Activities					
Operating income	\$ 91,229	\$ (10,020)	\$ 19,981	\$ 101,190	
Adjustments to reconcile					
operating income to net cash					
provided by operating activities					
Other income related to operations	-	37,360	-	37,360	
Depreciation	46,338	-	-	46,338	
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources					
Accounts receivable	(82)	242	(132)	28	
Interest receivable	-	-	34	34	
Special assessments receivable	1,585	-	21	1,606	
Prepaid items	(2)	(2)	-	(4)	
Deferred pension resources	123	4,856	-	4,979	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources					
Accounts and contracts payable	-	160	-	160	
Accrued salaries payable	-	488	-	488	
Compensated absences payable	-	3,274	-	3,274	
Deferred pension resources	(51)	(2,168)	-	(2,219)	
Pension liability	(11)	(1,253)		(1,264)	
Net Cash Provided by	Φ 400 405	Φ 62.22=	Ф. 40.00:	A 404 076	
Operating Activities	\$ 139,129	\$ 32,937	\$ 19,904	\$ 191,970	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued on the Following Pages)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		2018			
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 2,257,771	\$ 2,257,771	\$ 2,190,978	\$ (66,793)	\$ 2,228,777
Licenses and permits					
Business	21,000	21,000	34,400	13,400	35,925
Nonbusiness	41,650	41,650	73,194	31,544	76,541
Total licenses and permits	62,650	62,650	107,594	44,944	112,466
State					
Local government aid	653,268	653,268	653,268	-	652,555
Market value agricultural credits	-	-	239	239	239
Police and police training	54,500	54,500	77,413	22,913	73,632
PERA aid	4,456	4,456	4,456	-	4,456
Small cities assistance program	-	-	-	-	31,520
Disaster aid	-	-	164,221	164,221	1,313
County					
Police grant	1,500	1,500	1,680	180	3,040
Total intergovernmental	713,724	713,724	901,277	187,553	766,755
Charges for services					
General government	5,700	5,700	6,019	319	5,158
Public safety	8,050	8,050	10,374	2,324	11,112
Public works	3,500	3,500	13,968	10,468	5,860
Culture and recreation	34,600	34,600	33,047	(1,553)	31,352
Total charges for services	51,850	51,850	63,408	11,558	53,482
Fines and forfeitures	27,000	27,000	30,912	3,912	61,207
Special assessments	18,300	18,300	19,023	723	19,827
Interest on investments	14,000	14,000	78,637	64,637	16,377
Miscellaneous					
Rents	55,400	55,400	41,324	(14,076)	57,068
Contributions and donations	-	-	1,575	1,575	1,180
Reimbursements	181,575	181,575	168,749	(12,826)	162,436
Other	17,700	17,700	91,593	73,893	53,486
Total miscellaneous	254,675	254,675	303,241	48,566	274,170
Total Revenues	3,399,970	3,399,970	3,695,070	295,100	3,533,061

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		2018			
	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures					
Current					
General government					
Mayor and Council					
Personnel services	\$ 29,050	\$ 29,050	\$ 28,747	\$ 303	\$ 25,299
Other services and charges	10,200	10,200	5,563	4,637	8,267
Total Mayor and Council	39,250	39,250	34,310	4,940	33,566
Elections					
Personnel services	100	100	33	67	14,834
Supplies	-	-	(373)	373	35
Other services and charges	850	850	7,048	(6,198)	2,220
Total elections	950	950	6,708	(5,758)	17,089
Administrative					
Personnel services	499,650	499,650	471,903	27,747	423,139
Supplies	2,600	2,600	2,499	101	2,782
Other services and charges	52,425	52,425	43,442	8,983	39,712
Total administrative	554,675	554,675	517,844	36,831	465,633
rotal daminotidavo	001,070	001,070	017,011	00,001	-100,000
Audit and consulting fees					
Other services and charges	28,500	28,500	46,255	(17,755)	28,500
Planning and zoning					
Personnel services	-	-	10,022	(10,022)	_
Other services and charges	32,950	32,950	19,213	13,737	35,118
Total planning and zoning	32,950	32,950	29,235	3,715	35,118
Legal					
Other services and charges	64,000	64,000	67,029	(3,029)	69,271
Information and technology					
Information and technology	22.250	22.250	45.204	(11.054)	04.404
Other services and charges	33,350	33,350	45,304	(11,954)	21,124
General government building					
Personnel services	42,450	42,450	48,156	(5,706)	40,724
Supplies	6,000	6,000	4,273	1,727	4,703
Other services and charges	41,400	41,400	44,184	(2,784)	45,217
Total general government building	89,850	89,850	96,613	(6,763)	90,644
Total general government	843,525	843,525	843,298	227	760,945

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		2018			
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued) Current (continued) Public safety					
Police protection					
Personnel services	\$ 983,620	\$ 983,620	\$ 948,533	\$ 35,087	\$ 907,575
Supplies	43,975	43,975	49,027	(5,052)	35,892
Other services and charges	88,350	88,350	115,200	(26,850)	81,562
Total police protection	1,115,945	1,115,945	1,112,760	3,185	1,025,029
. otta. ponoc protection					
Building inspection					
Personnel services	4,550	4,550	7,977	(3,427)	4,034
Other services and charges	35,000	35,000	56,768	(21,768)	57,921
Total building inspection	39,550	39,550	64,745	(25,195)	61,955
Animal control					
Other services and charges	1,000	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
_					
Total public safety	1,156,495	1,156,495	1,178,505	(22,010)	1,087,984
Public works					
Public works administration					
Personnel services	228,150	228,150	214,623	13,527	258,721
Supplies	31,825	31,825	29,503	2,322	30,381
Other services and charges	23,800	23,800	22,371	1,429	27,598
Total public works administration	283,775	283,775	266,497	17,278	316,700
Streets and highways					
Personnel services	61,450	61,450	68,529	(7,079)	59,983
Supplies	38,000	38,000	24,745	13,255	20,997
Other services and charges	19,500	19,500	28,644	(9,144)	24,285
Total streets and highways	118,950	118,950	121,918	(2,968)	105,265
Snow and ice removal					
Personnel services	36,500	36,500	60,948	(24,448)	52,735
Supplies	20,700	20,700	23,147	(2,447)	19,955
Other services and charges	5,000	5,000	11,399	(6,399)	9,243
Total snow and ice removal	62,200	62,200	95,494	(33,294)	81,933
				(55,251)	3.,000

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	2019								2018	
		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
		Original		Final		mounts	Fina	al Budget	A	mounts
Expenditures (Continued)			<u> </u>							
Current (continued)										
Public works (continued)										
Road equipment and garage										
Personnel services	\$	27,600	\$	27,600	\$	25,262	\$	2,338	\$	21,944
Supplies		9,700		9,700		10,450		(750)		6,283
Other services and charges		17,000		17,000		23,217		(6,217)		10,617
Total road equipment and garage		54,300		54,300		58,929		(4,629)		38,844
Garage building										
Personnel services		12,875		12,875		10,759		2,116		9,239
Supplies		4,100		4,100		1,267		2,833		3,857
Other services and charges		11,600		11,600		13,806		(2,206)		8,765
Total garage building		28,575		28,575		25,832		2,743		21,861
Street lighting										
Supplies		500		500		1,063		(563)		400
Other services and charges		62,000		62,000		62,798		(798)		71,284
Total street lighting		62,500		62,500		63,861		(1,361)		71,684
Engineering										
Other services and charges		30,000		30,000		7,656		22,344		5,204
Total public works		640,300		640,300		640,187		113		641,491
Culture and recreation										
Tree maintenance										
Personnel services		25,575		25,575		13,584		11,991		47,202
Supplies		1,800		1,800		141		1,659		229
Other services and charges		11,650		11,650		10,622		1,028		6,788
Total tree maintenance		39,025		39,025		24,347		14,678		54,219
Parks										
Personnel services		52,025		52,025		38,539		13,486		34,336
Supplies		11,300		11,300		10,605		695		9,347
Other services and charges		21,800		21,800		22,778		(978)		23,670
Total parks		85,125		85,125		71,922		13,203		67,353
·										

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		2019								2018
		Budgeted	Amou	unts		Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	nts Final Budget		A	mounts
Expenditures (Continued)							,			
Current (continued)										
Culture and recreation (continued)										
Swimming pool										
Personnel services	\$	70,075	\$	70,075	\$	77,708	\$	(7,633)	\$	71,995
Supplies		6,550		6,550		3,803		2,747		2,887
Other services and charges		16,950		16,950		12,636		4,314		12,840
Total swimming pool		93,575		93,575		94,147		(572)		87,722
Athletic fields										
Personnel services		15,100		15,100		11,871		3,229		12,866
Supplies		3,700		3,700		4,578		(878)		4,199
Other services and charges		13,100		13,100		11,846		1,254		11,905
Total athletic fields		31,900		31,900		28,295		3,605		28,970
Skating										
Personnel services		6,500		6,500		3,959		2,541		5,999
Supplies		400		400		· -		400		. 8
Other services and charges		1,800		1,800		985		815		1,109
Total skating		8,700		8,700		4,944		3,756		7,116
Cannon Valley Trail										
Personnel services		179,525		179,525		169,492		10,033		160,074
Supplies		50		50		(344)		394		-
Other services and charges		50,050		50,050		48,193		1,857		48,153
Total Cannon Valley Trail		229,625		229,625		217,341		12,284		208,227
Total culture and recreation		487,950		487,950		440,996		46,954		453,607
Miscellaneous										
Unallocated										
Personnel services		2,500		2,500		1,908		592		2,022
Other services and charges		104,500		104,500		127,050		(22,550)		189,993
Total miscellaneous		107,000		107,000		128,958		(21,958)		192,015
Total current	3	,235,270		3,235,270	3	3,231,944		3,326	;	3,136,042

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		2019									
	В	udgeted	Amou	nts	А	ctual	Vari	ance with		Actual	
	Origi	nal	Final		Am	nounts	Final Budget		Amounts		
Expenditures (Continued) Capital outlay											
General government	\$	2,300	\$	2,300	\$	902	\$	1,398	\$	253,811	
Public safety		6,000		6,000		2,632		3,368		3,682	
Public works		5,500		5,500		7,447		(1,947)		5,021	
Total capital outlay	1	3,800		13,800		10,981		2,819		262,514	
Debt service Capital lease											
Principal		8,650		8,650		8,025		625		7,688	
Interest		725		725		1,321		(596)		1,660	
Total debt service		9,375		9,375		9,346		29		9,348	
Total Expenditures	3,25	8,445	3	,258,445	3,	252,271		6,174		3,407,904	
Excess of Revenues											
Over Expenditures	14	1,525		141,525		442,799		301,274		125,157	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in		2,400		2,400		-		(2,400)		-	
Transfers out	(14	3,925)		(143,925)	(143,925)				(133,435)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(14	1,525)		(141,525)	(143,925)		(2,400)		(133,435)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		298,874		298,874		(8,278)	
Fund Balances, January 1	2,28	6,783	2	,286,783	2,	286,783		-		2,341,662	
Prior Period Adjustment										(46,601)	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 2,28	6,783	\$ 2	,286,783	\$ 2,	585,657	\$	298,874	\$	2,286,783	

Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2019

	524 2011A G.O.	526 2012A Improvemen	t G.O	528 2012B . Refunding
Acceto	 Bonds	 Bond		Bond
Assets Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$ 423,763	\$ 120,862	\$	116,066
Special assessments	 334,130	 		242,976
Total Assets	\$ 757,893	\$ 120,862	\$	359,042
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - special assessments	\$ 315,271	\$ -	\$	184,308
Fund Balances Restricted for debt service	442,622	 120,862		174,734
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 757,893	\$ 120,862	\$	359,042

	529	530	531		532		
	2013A	2016A	2018A	2	2018B		
G.O.	Improvement	G.O.	G.O.	G.O.	Equipment		
	Bond	Bond	Bond	Ce	rtificates		Total
\$	446,352	\$ 291,334	\$ 323,661	\$	33,221		1,755,259
	152,411	266,972	443,350				1,439,839
\$	598,763	\$ 558,306	\$ 767,011	\$	33,221	\$	3,195,098
\$	136,909	\$ 249,762	\$ 421,622	\$	-	\$	1,307,872
	461,854	308,544	 345,389		33,221		1,887,226
\$	598,763	\$ 558,306	\$ 767,011	\$	33,221	\$	3,195,098

Debt Service Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	524 2011A G.O. Bonds		526 2012A Improvemen Bond	528 2012B Refunding Bond
Revenues Taxes Special assessments Interest on investments	\$ 89,000 38,262 3,893	\$	41,850	\$ 135,000 70,329
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	131,155		41,850	205,329
Expenditures Debt service Principal Interest and other charges Total Expenditures	95,000 24,458 119,458	. <u>—</u>	73,000 6,140 79,140	300,000 13,810 313,810
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	11,697		(37,290)	(108,481)
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		- <u></u>		125,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	11,697		(37,290)	16,519
Fund Balances, January 1	430,925	<u> </u>	158,152	158,215
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 442,622	\$	120,862	\$ 174,734

	529		530	531	532			
	2013A		2016A	2018A		2018B		
G.O.	Improvement		G.O.	G.O.		Equipment		
	Bond		Bond	 Bond	Ce	rtificates		Total
\$	90,000	\$	82,000	\$ 148,500	\$	48,100	\$	634,450
	90,738		47,623	83,187		-		330,139
	-		-	30		-		3,923
	-		67			-		67
	180,738		129,690	231,717		48,100		968,579
	90,000		75,000	-		-		633,000
	34,295		24,208	 67,046 14,879			184,836	
	124,295		99,208	 67,046		14,879		817,836
	56,443	30,482		164,671		33,221		150,743
				 -		-		125,000
			00.400	4040=4		00.004		
	56,443		30,482	164,671		33,221		275,743
	405 444		070 000	400 740				4 044 400
	405,411		278,062	 180,718	180,718 -			1,611,483
\$	461,854	\$	308,544	\$ 345,389	\$	33,221	\$	1,887,226
	,		,	 ,		,	<u> </u>	, , , , , , , , , ,

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Economic Development Authority (Discretely Presented Component Unit) Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2019

		conomic velopment	Industrial Revolving Loan			Total
Assets	•	040.070	•	400 704	Φ.	404.007
Cash and temporary investments	\$	210,273	\$	193,734	\$	404,007
Receivables				101071		101071
Loans, net		-		434,874		434,874
Prepaid items		154				154
Total Assets	\$	210,427	\$	628,608	\$	839,035
Liabilities						
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	821	\$	_	\$	821
Unearned revenue	Ψ	61,526	Ψ	_	Ψ	61,526
Total Liabilities		62,347				62,347
Total Liabilities		02,347				02,347
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items		154		_		154
Committed						
Economic development		147,926		_		147,926
Revolving loan program		- 17,020		628,608		628,608
Total Fund Balances		148,080		628,608		776,688
Total Fund Balances		140,000		020,000		770,000
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources						
and Fund Balances	\$	210,427	\$	628,608	\$	839,035
and rand Edianoss	<u> </u>	210,421	Ψ	020,000	Ψ	000,000
Amounts reported for the Economic Development Authority in the statement of net position	n are dif	ferent becau	ise			
Total Fund Balances Reported above					\$	776,688
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Cost of capital assets						734,124
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Noncurrent liabilities at year-end consist of Pension liability						(8,241)
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions.						(0,241)
Deferred outflows of pension resources						757
Deferred inflows of pension resources						(1,700)
Deterred inflows of periodel resources						(1,700)
Total Net Position - Economic Development Authority					\$	1,501,628

Economic Development Authority
(Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Industrial Economic Revolving Development Loan					Total
Revenues	_		_		_	
Property taxes	\$	138,700	\$	-	\$	138,700
Interest on investments		3,802		5,416		9,218
Miscellaneous		- 45 474		14,378		14,378
Contributions and donations		15,474		- 40.704		15,474
Total Revenues		157,976		19,794		177,770
Expenditures Current						
Economic development		60,119		39,497		99,616
'		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		,
Net Change in Fund Balances		97,857		(19,703)		78,154
Fund Balances, January 1		50,223		648,311		698,534
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	148,080	\$	628,608	\$	776,688
Amounts reported for the Economic Development Authority in the state	emer	nt of activities	are o	different beca	ause	
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Economic Development Authority					\$	78,154
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expendent				funds.		05.000
Compensated absences						25,628
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds.						
Pension expense						41,271
Pension revenue						19
- Gholoit Tovorido						10
Change in Net Position - Economic Development Authority					\$	145,072

Economic Development Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			2018						
	Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Var	iance with		Actual
	Original		Final	Δ	mounts	Fin	al Budget	Α	mounts
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$ 138,700	\$	138,700	\$	138,700	\$	-	\$	146,275
Contributions and donations	-		-		15,474		15,474		1,107
Interest on investments	-		-		3,802		3,802		1,405
Total Revenues	138,700		138,700		157,976		19,276		148,787
Expenditures Current									
Economic development									
Personnel services	126,350		126,350		21,461		104,889		139,991
Supplies	100		100		98		2		315
Other services and charges	12,250		12,250		38,560		(26,310)		15,053
Total Expenditures	138,700		138,700		60,119		78,581		155,359
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-		97,857		97,857		(6,572)
Fund Balances, January 1	 50,223		50,223		50,223				56,795
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 50,223	\$	50,223	\$	148,080	\$	97,857	\$	50,223

Industrial Revolving Loan Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				2018						
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Var	iance with		Actual
	(Original		Final	Amounts		Fina	al Budget Amou		mounts
Revenues								_		
Interest on investments	\$	100	\$	100	\$	5,416	\$	5,316	\$	824
Miscellaneous		3,300		3,300		14,378		11,078		241,139
Total Revenues		3,400		3,400		19,794		16,394		241,963
Expenditures										
Current										
Economic development										
Other services and charges						39,497		(39,497)		34,033
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,400		3,400		(19,703)		(23,103)		207,930
Fund Balances, January 1		648,311		648,311		648,311				440,381
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	651,711	\$	651,711	\$	628,608	\$	(23,103)	\$	648,311

Summary Financial Report

Revenues and Expenditures For General Operations Governmental Funds

For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

			Percent
	Tota		Increase
D	2019	2018	(Decrease)
Revenues	* 0.000 504	Φ 0.4.40.005	7.50 0/
Taxes	. , ,	\$ 3,148,025	7.58 %
Special assessments	352,143	483,379	(27.15)
Licenses and permits	107,594	112,466	(4.33)
Intergovernmental	1,085,360	946,997	14.61
Charges for services	157,399	145,451	8.21
Fines and forfeits	34,945	67,135	(47.95)
Investment earnings	90,231	44,547	102.55
Miscellaneous	320,368	450,656	(28.91)
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 5,534,621</u>	\$ 5,398,656 \$ 1.314	2.52 %
Per Capita	\$ 1,344	\$ 1,314	2.24 %
Expenditures			
Current			
General government	\$ 843,298	\$ 760,945	10.82 %
Public safety	1,403,555	1,357,652	3.38
Public works	640,187	641,491	(0.20)
Culture and recreation	890,969	877,874	1.49
Miscellaneous	128,958	192,015	(32.84)
Capital outlay			
General government	8,634	253,811	(96.60)
Public safety	16,471	549,733	(97.00)
Public works	62,969	1,997,187	(96.85)
Culture and recreation	56,173	77,345	(27.37)
Debt service	,	•	,
Principal	641,025	639,688	0.21
Interest and other charges	186,157	181,633	2.49
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,878,396	\$ 7,529,374	(35.21) %
Per Capita	\$ 1,184	\$ 1,833	(35.38) %
ι οι Οαριία	φ 1,104	ψ 1,000	(33.30) /6
Total Long-term Indebtedness		\$ 7,198,403	(8.91) %
Per Capita	1,592	1,752	(9.15)
General Fund Balance - December 31		\$ 2,286,783	13.07 %
Per Capita	628	557	12.77

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 918 River Road, Cannon Falls, Minnesota 55009. Questions about this report should be directed to the City Administrator at (507) 263-9300.

OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2020.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65 insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota

do Eich & Mayor, LlP

April 28, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response as item 2019-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to the Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota

ldo Eich & Mayor, LLP

April 28, 2020

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City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Schedule of Finding and Response For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

<u>Finding</u> <u>Description</u>

2019-001 Preparation of Financial Statements

Condition: As in prior years, we were requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote

disclosures as part of our regular audit services. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of your statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of presentation of those statements. It is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a material misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by your management. Essentially, the auditors cannot be part

of your internal control process.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance over financial reporting.

Cause: From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This

is not unusual for us to do with an organization of your size.

Effect: The effectiveness of the internal control system relies on enforcement by management. The

effect of deficiencies in internal controls can result in undetected errors in financial reporting.

Recommendation: It is your responsibility to make the ultimate decision to accept this degree of risk associated with

this condition because of cost or other considerations. As in prior years, we have instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financials in detail for their accuracy; we have answered any questions they might have, and have encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification of disclosure in your statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements. While the City is reviewing the financial statements, we recommend that a disclosure checklist be utilized to ensure all required disclosures are presented

and the City should agree its financial software to the numbers reported in the financial

statements.

Management Response:

For now, the City's management accepts the degree of risk associated with this condition and thoroughly reviews a draft of the financial statements.