ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Elected and Appointed Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

ELECTED

Name	Name Title		
Matt Montgomery	Mayor	12/31/26	
Diane Johnson	Council Member	12/31/26	
Ryan Jeppesen	Council Member	12/31/26	
Derek Lundell	Council Member	12/31/24	
Lisa Groth	Council Member	12/31/24	
Steve Gesme	Council Member	12/31/24	
Laura Kronenberger	Council Member	12/31/24	
	APPOINTED		
Name	Title		
Neil Jensen	City Administrator		
Nicole Miller	Library Director		
Jeff McCormick	Chief of Police		
Shelley Ryan, Hoff Barry	City Attorney		
Tim Malchow	EMS Chief		
Mike Althoff	Fire Chief		

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 17 and the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Employer's Contributions and the related note disclosures starting on page 78 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statement do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 30, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Abdo

Minneapolis, Minnesota May 30, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota, (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year as shown in the summary of net position on the following pages. The unrestricted amount of net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased as shown in the summary of changes in net assets table on the following pages. The increase from governmental activities primarily due to an increase in investment earnings and transfers in. The business-type activities increased due to an increase in charges for services with ambulance and water utility.
- For the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds fund balances are shown in the Financial Analysis of the City's Funds section of the MD&A. The total fund balance increased in comparison with the prior year. The total of assigned and unassigned as shown in the governmental fund balance table is available for spending at the City's discretion.
- The unassigned fund balance in the General fund as shown in the financial analysis of the City's funds section increased from prior year.
- The City's total bonded debt decreased during the fiscal year. The decrease was a result of scheduled debt service payments as shown on the outstanding debt table.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure 1

Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report Required Management's Basic Discussion and Supplementary **Financial** Information Statements **Analysis** Fund Notes to the Government-**Financial** Financial wide Financial Statements Statements Statements Detail Summary

Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements				
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds			
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system			
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term			
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid			
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development, miscellaneous, and debt service. The business-type activities of the City include water utility, disposal, ambulance, storm water and recycling. The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Economic Development Authority (the EDA) for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is discretely presented from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 31 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds, five of which are Debt Service funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General and Debt Service funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* or *schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund and certain Special Revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 36 of this report.

Proprietary Funds: The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water utility, disposal, storm water, ambulance and recycling.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the enterprise funds which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the non-major enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of *combining* statements or schedules elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements start on page 42 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 47 of this report.

Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also present certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 78 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and internal service funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules start on page 86 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$38,676,754 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Cannon Falls' Summary of Net Position

	Go	vernmental Activit	ties	Business-type Activities				
-			Increase					
	2023	2022	(Decrease)	2023	2022	(Decrease)		
Assets		,						
Current and other assets	\$ 11,129,448	\$ 10,211,987	\$ 917,461	\$ 4,917,305	\$ 4,519,357	\$ 397,948		
Capital assets	14,699,715	15,072,951	(373,236)	18,814,458	19,053,073	(238,615)		
Total Assets	25,829,163	25,284,938	544,225	23,731,763	23,572,430	159,333		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,629,445	1,984,396	(354,951)	142,579	131,749	10,830		
Liabilities								
Long-term						(
liabilities outstanding	5,792,343	8,325,573	(2,533,230)		4,807,408	(281,462)		
Other liabilities	284,586	425,574	(140,988)	97,453	77,615	19,838		
Total Liabilities	6,076,929	8,751,147	(2,674,218)	4,623,399	4,885,023	(261,624)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,679,454	222,254	1,457,200	206,235	13,578	192,657		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	10,780,507	10,758,041	22,466	14,877,887	14,813,661	64,226		
Restricted	4,447,291	4,219,230	228,061	· · ·	-	-		
Unrestricted	4,474,427	3,318,662	1,155,765	4,166,821	3,991,917	174,904		
Total Net Position	\$ 19,702,225	\$ 18,295,933	\$ 1,406,292	\$ 19,044,708	\$ 18,805,578	\$ 239,130		
Net Position as a Percent of Total								
Net investment in								
capital assets	54.7	% 58.8	%	78.1	% 78.8	%		
Restricted	22.6	23.1		=	-			
Unrestricted	22.7	18.1		21.9	21.2			
	100.0	% 100.0	%	100.0	% 100.0	%		

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Statement of Activities. The changes in net position are highlighted below:

City of Cannon Falls' Changes in Net Position

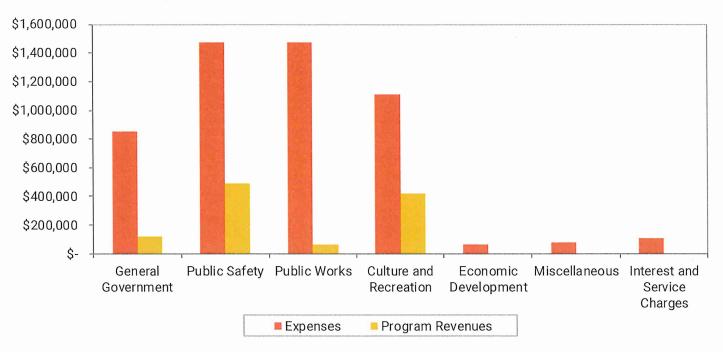
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities								
	' <u>-</u>				Increase			The state of the s				ncrease
		2023		2022	([Decrease)		2023		2022	(D	ecrease)
Revenues												
Program Revenues												
Charges for services	\$	494,009	\$	775,814	\$	(281,805)	\$	3,762,084	\$	3,622,694	\$	139,390
Operating grants												
and contributions		532,919		777,642		(244,723)		-		-		-
Capital grants												
and contributions		62,479		208,121		(145,642)		68,029		13,825		54,204
General Revenues												
Taxes		3,993,497		3,860,677		132,820		-		-		-
Grants and Contributions												
not Restricted to												
Specific Programs		708,377		704,876		3,501		-		-		-
Investment Earnings		344,431		52,485		291,946		157,809		38,777		119,032
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		-		22,320		(22,320)		-		-		-
Total Revenues		6,135,712		6,401,935		(266,223)		3,987,922		3,675,296		312,626
Expenses												
General government		852,431		844,433		7,998		-		-		-
Public safety		1,471,944		1,672,419		(200,475)		-		-		-
Public works		1,477,284		1,353,052		124,232		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		1,109,056		1,138,878		(29,822)		-		-		-
Economic development		63,689		61,488		2,201		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		79,388		53,977		25,411		-		-		-
Interest and service charges		104,612		111,762		(7,150)		-		-		-
Water utility		-		-		-		767,185		699,717		67,468
Disposal		-		-		-		1,237,755		1,146,924		90,831
Storm water		-		-		-		69,494		75,196		(5,702)
Recycling program		-		-		-		71,315		66,654		4,661
Ambulance		-		-				1,174,059		1,122,180		51,879
Total Expenses		5,158,404		5,236,009		(77,605)		3,319,808		3,110,671		209,137
												-
Change in Net Position before												
Transfers		977,308		1,165,926		(188,618)		668,114		564,625		103,489
Transfers		428,984		427,594		1,390		(428,984)		(427,594)		(1,390)
Change in Net Position		1,406,292		1,593,520		(187,228)		239,130		137,031		102,099
Net Position, January 1		18,295,933		16,702,413		1,593,520		18,805,578		18,668,547		137,031
Net Position, December 31	Ś	19,702,225	Ś	18,295,933	\$	1,406,292	Ś	19,044,708	Ś	18,805,578	\$	239,130
			<u> </u>									

The decrease in capital grants and contributions is due to the ARPA act funding recognized in 2022.

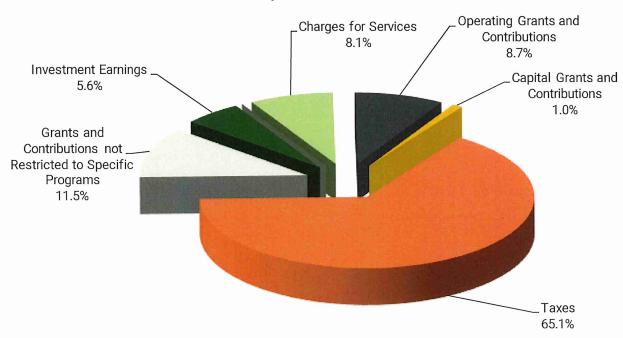
The decrease in charges for services is due to a significantly higher amount of building permit revenue in 2022.

The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.

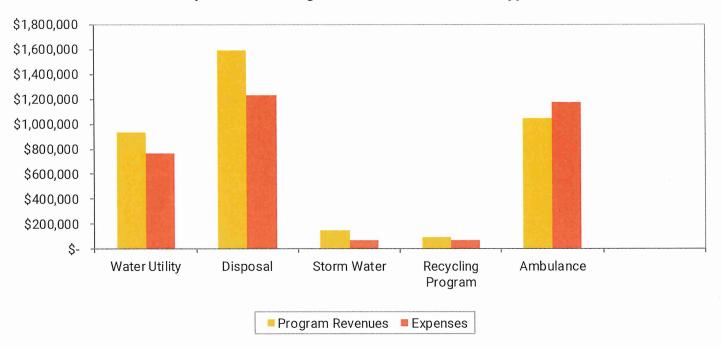
Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



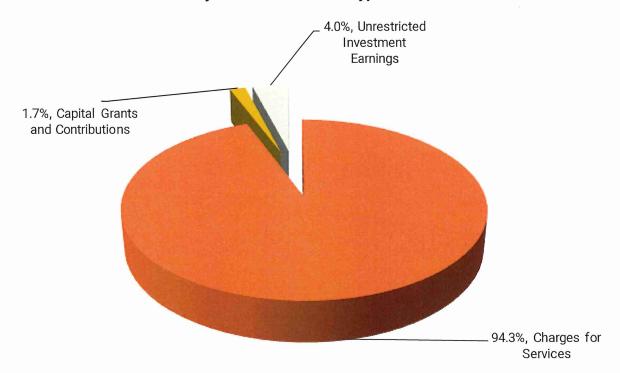
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type h



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The table below outlines the governmental fund balances for the year ending December 31, 2023.

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total	Prior Year Total	Increase/ (Decrease)
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	\$ 47,503	\$ -	\$ 8,883	\$ 56,386	\$ 54,372	\$ 2,014
Restricted	-	3,470,337	209,457	3,679,794	3,225,616	454,178
Committed	185,369	-	1,718,759	1,904,128	1,562,698	341,430
Assigned	-	-	1,523,276	1,523,276	1,047,372	475,904
Unassigned	3,381,735	-	(449,234)	2,932,501	2,719,220	213,281
Total	\$3,614,607	\$3,470,337	\$3,011,141	\$10,096,085	\$8,609,278	\$1,486,807

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances shown above. Additional information on the City's fund balances can be found in Note 1 starting on page 54 of this report.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General fund is shown in the table above. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The total unassigned fund balance as a percent of total fund expenditures is shown in the chart below along with total fund balance as a percent of total expenditures.

	Current Year	Prior Year	Increase/	
	Ending Balance	Ending Balance	(Decrease)	
General Fund Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	\$ 47,503	\$ 46,265	\$ 1,238	
Restricted for public safety	185,369	-	185,369	
Unassigned	3,381,735	3,194,464	187,271	
Total	\$ 3,614,607	\$ 3,240,729	\$ 373,878	
General Fund expenditures	\$ 3,463,694	\$ 3,324,727		
Unassigned as a percent of expenditures	97.6%	96.1%		
Total fund balance as a percent of expenditures	104.4%	97.5%		

Other major governmental fund analysis is shown below:

	Fund Balance December 31,					Increase		
Major Funds		2023		2022	<u>(D</u>	ecrease)		
Debt Service	\$	3,470,337	\$	3,034,881	\$	435,456		
The Debt Service funds increased due to transfers in from other fund	de							

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position of the City's proprietary funds increased or (decreased) as follows:

	Ending Net Position 2023	Ending Net Position 2022	Increase/ (Decrease)				
Water Utility	\$6,962,039	\$ 6,880,776	\$ 81,263				
The increase relates mainly to positive operating income is due to increas	ed rates.						
Disposal	9,935,629	9,767,192	168,437				
The increase relates mainly to positive operating income is due to increas	ed rates.						
Ambulance	736,760	843,555	(106,795)				
The decrease is mainly related to lower than expected collections occurring in 2023.							
Storm Water	1,146,840	1,083,580	63,260				
The increase relates mainly to positive operating income is due to increas	ed rates.						

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

	I	nal and Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	iance with al Budget
Revenues Expenditures	\$	4,218,199 3,490,524	\$ 4,447,205 3,463,694	\$ 229,006 26,830
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		727,675	983,511	 255,836
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(727,675) (727,675)	118,042 (727,675) (609,633)	 118,042 - 118,042
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	373,878	373,878
Fund Balances, January 1		3,240,729	3,240,729	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	3,240,729	\$ 3,614,607	\$ 373,878

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2023, shown below in the capital asset table (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges.

Major public project capital asset events during the current fiscal year were as follows:

- Purchase of land
- Reroofing for various buildings
- Purchase of two John Deere tractors
- Purchase of 2024 plow truck
- Continued construction in progress for 2023 Street & Utility Project
- Started construction for John Burch Park improvements, Third Street Lift Station, and Hardwood Estates

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3D starting on page 60 of this report.

City of Cannon Falls' Capital Assets

(Net of Depreciation)

	Go	vernmental Activit	ies	Bu	ties	
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)
Land	\$ 1,149,292	\$ 1,149,292	\$ -	\$ 139,524	\$ 87,816	\$ 51,708
Construction in Progress	261,604	38,840	222,764	724,843	-	724,843
Buildings and Improvements	2,636,410	2,746,683	(110,273)	2,186	2,721	(535)
System Improvements/Infrastruct	9,043,390	9,448,267	(404,877)	17,501,608	18,386,616	(885,008)
Machinery and Equipment	390,576	393,782	(3,206)	206,680	265,275	(58,595)
Vehicles	1,218,443	1,296,087	(77,644)	239,617	310,645	(71,028)
Total Percent increase (decrease)	\$ 14,699,715	\$ 15,072,951	\$ (373,236) -2.5%	\$ 18,814,458	\$ 19,053,073	\$ (238,615)

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded and financed purchase debt outstanding. While all of the City's bonds have revenue streams, all are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

City of Cannon Falls' Outstanding Debt

	Go	vernmental Activit	ies	Business-type Activities					
	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)	2023	2022	Increase (Decrease)			
General Obligation Revenue Bonds General Obligation	\$ 3,704,208	\$ 4,061,910	\$ (357,702)	\$ 3,936,571	\$ 4,062,644	\$ (126,073)			
Equipment Certificates	215,000	253,000	(38,000)		_	-			
Total Percent increase (decrease)	\$ 3,919,208	\$ 4,314,910	\$ (395,702)	\$ 3,936,571	\$ 4,062,644	\$ (126,073) -3.1%			

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of net general obligation debt a City may issue to 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is debt payable solely from ad valorem taxes. The current debt limitation for the City is in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3F starting on page 62 of this report.

Loan with EDA: On December 30, 2022 the City signed an agreement for the General Fund to loan the EDA \$600,000 for the Hardwood Estates project. In 2023, \$150,000 was paid off, and the remaining will be paid off by December 31, 2026.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Property values have increased to keep up with sales according to MN State Statutes. Multifamily housing seen an increase and single family homes are also increasing with new developments being constructed. Inflation is still causing stress on the existing budget and will be a concern during the 2025 budget cycle.
- Water and sewer rates will need adjustment with rising prices due to inflation.
- The tax levy will need an above average (3%) adjustment due to Capital inflationary increases
- The City will continue to update and monitor its Financial Management Plan to ensure that the numerous scheduled capital projects can be completed as budgeted.
- The City will continue to investigate grant opportunities or seek legislative funding for capital projects to minimize the financial impact on City budgets and utility rates.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City Administrator, City of Cannon Falls, 918 River Road, Cannon Falls, MN 55009.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Primary Government					Component Unit	
		overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Economic Development Authority		
Assets							
Cash and temporary investments	\$	9,520,060	\$ 3,899,499	\$ 13,419,559	\$	376,870	
Receivables				20.657			
Accrued interest		33,657	-	33,657		-	
Taxes		58,272	-	58,272			
Accounts, net of allowance		6,836	767,975	774,811		2,180	
Lease		50,066	-	50,066		-	
Special assessments		715,901	221,086	936,987		-	
Loans, net of allowance		-	-	-		238,839	
Due from other governments		101,110	-	101,110		-	
Inventories, at cost		-	4,212	4,212		-	
Prepaid items		56,386	24,533	80,919		-	
Net pension asset		82,046	=	82,046		-	
Due from component unit		505,114	-	505,114		-	
Land held for resale		· -	_	-		916,371	
Capital assets							
Land and construction in progress		1,410,896	864,367	2,275,263		1,237,969	
Depreciable buildings, property and equipment, net		13,288,819	17,950,091	31,238,910		-	
Total Assets		25,829,163	23,731,763	49,560,926		2,772,229	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred pension resources		1,629,445	142,579	1,772,024		-	
Liabilities							
Accounts and contracts payable		121,369	16,471	137,840		180,417	
Accrued interest payable		38,065	37,878	75,943		-	
		30,003	2,912	2,912		-	
Due to other governments		36,105	40,192	76,297		_	
Accrued salaries payable			40,192	61,522		_	
Deposits payable		61,522	-			14507	
Unearned revenue		27,525	-	27,525		14,527	
Noncurrent liabilities							
Due within one year		450.000	010.610	765.007		450,000	
Long-term liabilities		453,268	312,619	765,887		450,000	
Due in more than one year				=			
Long-term liabilities		3,721,837	3,691,602	7,413,439		-	
Net pension liability		1,617,238	521,725	2,138,963		-	
Advance from primary government		-		-		505,114	
Total Liabilities		6,076,929	4,623,399	10,700,328		1,150,058	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred pension resources		1,627,365	206,235	1,833,600		-	
Deferred lease resources		52,089	-	52,089		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,679,454	206,235	1,885,689		_	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		10,780,507	14,877,887	25,658,394		787,969	
Restricted for		, , ,	,,	, ,		•	
Net pension asset		82,046	-	82,046		-	
Debt service		3,970,160	-	3,970,160		_	
Cable television		209,047		209,047		_	
		669	_	669		_	
Economic development		185,369	<u>-</u>	185,369		_	
Public safety Unrestricted		4,474,427	4,166,821	8,641,248		834,202	
Total Net Position	\$	19,702,225	\$ 19,044,708	\$ 38,746,933	<u>\$</u>	1,622,171	

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary Government								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 852,431	\$ 118,387	\$ 500	\$ -				
Public safety	1,471,944	136,938	350,483	-				
Public works	1,477,284	-	50,000	11,511				
Culture and recreation	1,109,056	238,684	131,936	50,968				
Economic development	63,689	-	-	-				
Miscellaneous	79,388	-	-	-				
Interest on long-term debt	104,612	-						
Total Governmental Activities	5,158,404	494,009	532,919	62,479				
Business-type Activities								
Water utility	767,185	912,265	-	22,135				
Disposal	1,237,755	1,552,894	-	43,265				
Storm water	69,494	150,036	-	2,629				
Recycling program	71,315	94,585	-	-				
Ambulance	1,174,059	1,052,304		-				
Total Business-type Activities	3,319,808	3,762,084	-	68,029				
Total Primary Government	\$ 8,478,212	\$ 4,256,093	\$ 532,919	\$ 130,508				
Component Unit								
Economic Development Authority	\$ 173,250	\$ 33,728	\$ 36,328	\$ -				

General Revenues and Transfers

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Property taxes, levied for economic development

Property taxes, levied for library

Property taxes, levied for public safety

Payments in lieu of property taxes

Franchise tax

Tax increments

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Transfers - Internal Activities

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, January 1

Net Position, December 31

Pri	mary Government	İ .	Component Unit		
			Economic		
Governmental	Business-type		Development		
Activities	Activities	Total	Authority		
\$ (733,544)	\$ -	\$ (733,544)	\$ -		
(984,523)	-	(984,523)	-		
(1,415,773)	-	(1,415,773)	-		
(687,468)	-	(687,468)	-		
(63,689)	- .	(63,689)	. -		
(79,388)	-	(79,388)	-		
(104,612)		(104,612)	-		
(4,068,997)	_	(4,068,997)			
-	167,215	167,215	-		
-	358,404	358,404	-		
_	83,171	83,171	-		
-	23,270	23,270	-		
	(121,755)	(121,755)			
	510,305	510,305	<u> </u>		
(4,068,997)	510,305	(3,558,692)	_		
(1,222,227)			,		
			(103,194)		
2,321,571	_	2,321,571	-		
399,120	-	399,120	-		
42,100	-	42,100	77,035		
380,936	-	380,936	-		
99,394	-	99,394	-		
661,702	-	661,702	-		
23,663	-	23,663	-		
65,011	-	65,011	-		
708,377	-	708,377	-		
344,431	157,809	502,240	13,844		
428,984	(428,984)				
5,475,289	(271,175)	5,204,114	90,879		
1,406,292	239,130	1,645,422	(12,315)		
18,295,933	18,805,578	37,101,511	1,634,486		
\$ 19,702,225	\$ 19,044,708	\$ 38,746,933	\$ 1,622,171		

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

	Comonal		Debt		Other		Cov	Total
Accets		General		Service	<u>G0</u>	vernmental	_G0v	ernmental
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	3,122,677	\$	3,398,433	\$	2,998,950	\$	9,520,060
Receivables	Ų	3,122,077	Ų	0,000,400	Ų	2,230,300	Ŷ	5,020,000
Accrued interest		33,657		_		_		33,657
Taxes		58,272		-		-		58,272
Accounts		1,961		-		4,875		6,836
Lease		50,066		_				50,066
Special assessments		22,464		609,792		83,645		715,901
Due from other funds		4,750		, -		-		4,750
Due from component unit		505,114		-		_		505,114
Due from other governments		50,142		-		50,968		101,110
Prepaid items		47,503		-		8,883		56,386
Total Assets	\$	3,896,606	<u>\$</u>	4,008,225	\$	3,147,321	\$ 1	1,052,152
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	72,318	\$	•	\$	49,051	\$	121,369
Due to other funds	Ų	72,010	Ų	<u></u>	Ÿ	4,750	Ÿ	4,750
Accrued salaries payable		30,121		_		5,984		36,105
Unearned revenue		27,525		_		-		27,525
Deposits payable		61,522		_		-		61,522
Total Liabilities		191,486		-		59,785		251,271
Deferred Inflows of Resources		22.107						33,197
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		33,197		-		76 205		
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		5,227		537,888		76,395		619,510
Deferred lease resources		52,089						52,089
Total Deferred Inflows		00.510		F07.000		76 205		704706
of Resources		90,513		537,888		76,395		704,796
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		47,503		-		8,883		56,386
Restricted		185,369		3,470,337		209,457		3,865,163
Committed		-		-		1,718,759		1,718,759
Assigned		-		-		1,523,276		1,523,276
Unassigned		3,381,735		_		(449,234)		2,932,501
Total Fund Balances		3,614,607		3,470,337		3,011,141		10,096,085
Total Liabilities, Deferred								
Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	3,896,606	\$	4,008,225	\$	3,147,321	\$	11,052,152

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 10,096,085
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental fund.	
Cost of capital assets	27,591,034
Less: accumulated depreciation	(12,891,319)
Long-term assets from pensions reported in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds	82,046
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Noncurrent liabilities at year-end consist of	
Bond principal payable	(3,755,045)
Bond premiums, net of accumulated amortization	(164,163)
Compensated absences payable	(255,897)
Net pension liability	(1,617,238)
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures,	
and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	
Delinquent taxes receivable	33,197
Special assessments receivable	619,510
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions.	
Deferred outflows of pension resources	1,629,445
Deferred inflows of pension resources	(1,627,365)
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.	(38,065)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 19,702,225

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	General	Debt Service	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Revenues	Contoral	0011100		
Taxes	\$ 2,970,860	\$ 399,120	\$ 611,104	\$ 3,981,084
Licenses and permits	48,298	· · · · · -	· · · · · -	48,298
Intergovernmental	978,380	-	292,866	1,271,246
Charges for services	58,731	-	103,326	162,057
Fines and forfeitures	19,475	-	1,190	20,665
Special assessments	18,348	130,565	28,498	177,411
Interest on investments	84,397	127,872	132,162	344,431
Miscellaneous	268,716	-	25,534	294,250
Total Revenues	4,447,205	657,557	1,194,680	6,299,442
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	827,593	-	12,500	840,093
Public safety	1,164,945	-	300,913	1,465,858
Public works	810,281	-	-	810,281
Culture and recreation	559,895	-	485,952	1,045,847
Miscellaneous	79,388	-	-	79,388
Capital outlay				
General government	280	-	-	280
Public safety	762	-	6,614	7,376
Public works	20,550	-	368,060	388,610
Culture and recreation	-	-	36,105	36,105
Economic development	-	-	63,689	63,689
Debt service				
Principal	-	380,312	-	380,312
Interest and other charges	-	123,780		123,780
Total Expenditures	3,463,694	504,092	1,273,833	5,241,619
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	983,511	153,465	(79,153)	1,057,823
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	118,042	322,984	784,214	1,225,240
Transfers out	(727,675)	(40,993)	(27,588)	(796,256)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(609,633)	281,991	756,626	428,984
Net Change in Fund Balances	373,878	435,456	677,473	1,486,807
Fund Balances, January 1	3,240,729	3,034,881	2,333,668	8,609,278
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 3,614,607	\$ 3,470,337	\$ 3,011,141	\$ 10,096,085

Reconciliation of the Statement of
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
to the Statement of Activities
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,486,807
Capital outlays and sales are reported in governmental funds as expenditures and proceeds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense and the proceeds are reported as reductions of net position and gains or losses on sales.		
Capital outlays Depreciation expense		443,392 (826,336)
Governmental funds report a gain (loss) on sale of capital assets to the extent of cash exchanged, who disposition of the assets book value is included in the total gain (loss) in the statement of activities. Disposals	erea	s the 9,708
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		
Principal payments Amortization of bond premium		380,312 15,390
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		3,778
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds. Pension expense Direct aid contributions		222,381 2,293
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current per Property taxes Special assessments	rioc	d. 12,413 (336,143)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences		(7,703)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	1,406,292

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 2,937,110	\$ 2,937,110	\$ 2,970,860	\$ 33,750
Licenses and permits	84,500	84,500	48,298	(36,202)
Intergovernmental	790,297	790,297	978,380	188,083
Charges for services	39,250	39,250	58,731	19,481
Fines and forfeitures	22,000	22,000	19,475	(2,525)
Special assessments	12,000	12,000	18,348	6,348
Interest on investments	9,500	9,500	84,397	74,897
Miscellaneous	323,542	323,542	268,716	(54,826)
Total Revenues	4,218,199	4,218,199	4,447,205	229,006
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	755,900	755,900	827,593	(71,693)
Public safety	1,167,717	1,167,717	1,164,945	2,772
Public works	933,006	933,006	810,281	122,725
Culture and recreation	525,426	525,426	559,895	(34,469)
Miscellaneous	77,500	77,500	79,388	(1,888)
Capital outlay	30,975	30,975	21,592	9,383
Total Expenditures	3,490,524	3,490,524	3,463,694	26,830
·				
Excess of Revenues		707 475	000 544	055.007
Over Expenditures	727,675	727,675	983,511	255,836
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	<u>.</u>	-	118,042	118,042
Transfers out	(727,675)	(727,675)	(727,675)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(727,675)	(727,675)	(609,633)	118,042
Total other I manoring courses (coss)	(, _, , , , ,)	(, _,,,,,,,		
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	373,878	373,878
E I Delevere Jensen 1	2 240 720	2 2 4 0 7 2 0	2 240 720	
Fund Balances, January 1	3,240,729	3,240,729	3,240,729	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 3,240,729	\$ 3,240,729	\$ 3,614,607	\$ 373,878

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2023

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Recyling Program Water Utility Disposal Ambulance Storm Water Totals Assets **Current Assets** 3,899,499 1,816,672 761,417 403,462 668,393 \$ 249,555 Cash and temporary investments Receivables 9,288 767,975 80,247 148,016 515,314 15,110 Accounts, net of allowance 44,280 4,597 71,980 20,350 2,753 Special assessments 2,106 2,106 4,212 Inventories, at cost 24,533 Prepaid items 3,672 8,462 12,399 **Total Current Assets** 1,923,047 964,281 931,175 686,256 263,440 4,768,199 Noncurrent Assets 149,106 54,472 94,634 Special assessments receivable Capital assets 51,708 864,367 87,816 724,843 Land and construction in progress 37,878,398 Depreciable buildings, property, and equipment 14,570,041 20,974,352 905,217 1,428,788 (19,928,307) (440,727)(10,927,476) (615,654)(7,944,450)Accumulated depreciation 18,814,458 Total Net Capital Assets 6,713,407 10,771,719 289,563 1,039,769 10,866,353 289,563 1,039,769 18,963,564 6,767,879 **Total Noncurrent Assets** 263,440 **Total Assets** 8,690,926 11,830,634 1,220,738 1,726,025 23,731,763 **Deferred Outflows of Resources** 97,256 652 142,579 Deferred pension resources 17,683 26,988

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds December 31, 2023

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

					Nonmajor	
	Water Utility	Disposal	Ambulance	Storm Water	Recyling Program	Totals
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 9,597	\$ 4,904	\$ 1,970	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,471
Accrued interest payable	15,867	16,782	-	5,229	-	37,878
Due to other governments	2,912	-	-	-	-	2,912
Accrued salaries payable	763	3,075	36,354	-	-	40,192
Compensated absences payable - current	485	4,840	11,588	-	-	16,913
Bonds payable - current	119,731	130,959	-	45,016	-	295,706
Total Current Liabilities	149,355	160,560	49,912	50,245	_	410,072
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated absences payable	1,454	14,521	34,762	-	-	50,737
Bonds payable	1,505,480	1,609,122	-	526,263	-	3,640,865
Net pension liability	64,704	98,753	355,882	2,386	-	521,725
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,571,638	1,722,396	390,644	528,649		4,213,327
Total Liabilities	1,720,993	1,882,956	440,556	578,894		4,623,399
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred pension resources	25,577	39,037	140,678	943	-	206,235
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	5,088,196	9,031,638	289,563	468,490	-	14,877,887
Unrestricted .	1,873,843	903,991	447,197	678,350	263,440	4,166,821
Total Net Position	\$ 6,962,039	\$ 9,935,629	\$ 736,760	\$ 1,146,840	\$ 263,440	\$ 19,044,708

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

					Nonmajor	
	Water Utility	Disposal	Ambulance	Storm Water	Recyling Program	Totals
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 912,265	\$ 1,552,894	\$ 1,042,226	\$ 150,036	\$ 90,120	\$ 3,747,541
Operating Expenses						
Personnel services	144,085	246,372	941,026	4,360	-	1,335,843
Supplies	38,190	68,444	54,588	2,782	-	164,004
Repairs and maintenance	33,712	70,382	21,962	-	-	126,056
Depreciation	351,848	551,375	82,861	46,821	-	1,032,905
Insurance	7,988	17,301	6,523	-	-	31,812
Utilities	82,563	149,615	17,588	-	-	249,766
Other services and charges	64,926	87,505	49,511	447	71,315	273,704
Total Operating Expenses	723,312	1,190,994	1,174,059	54,410	71,315	3,214,090
Operating Income (Loss)	188,953	361,900	(131,833)	95,626	18,805	533,451
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest on investments	70,180	36,715	14,960	26,259	9,695	157,809
Special assessments	-	, _	-	-	4,465	4,465
Other income	-	-	10,078	-	-	10,078
Interest expense	(43,873)	(46,761)	-	(15,084)	-	(105,718)
Total Nonoperating						
Revenues (Expenses)	26,307	(10,046)	25,038	11,175	14,160	66,634
Income Before						
Contributions and Transfers	215,260	351,854	(106,795)	106,801	32,965	600,085
Capital Contributions	22,135	43,265	-	2,629	-	68,029
Transfers Out	(156,132)	(226,682)		(46,170)		(428,984)
Change in Net Position	81,263	168,437	(106,795)	63,260	32,965	239,130
Net Position, January 1	6,880,776	9,767,192	843,555	1,083,580	230,475	18,805,578
Net Position, December 31	\$ 6,962,039	\$ 9,935,629	\$ 736,760	\$ 1,146,840	\$ 263,440	\$ 19,044,708

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				Busi	ness-	-type Activitie	es - E	nterprise F	unds		
-				1					N	onmajor	-
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	Wat	er Utility	D	isposal	Am	nbulance	Sto	rm Water	Recyli	ng Program	Totals
Receipts from customers and users	\$	915,226	\$ -	1,547,850	\$	908,624	\$	148,864	\$	91,953	\$ 3,612,517
Payments to suppliers		(225,557)		(395,920)		(155,562)		(3,229)		(71,315)	(851,583)
Payments to employees		(132,377)		(199,188)		(769,712)		(3,883)		-	(1,105,160)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		557,292		952,742		(16,650)		141,752		20,638	1,655,774
Operating Activities		337,292		33Z,74Z		(10,030)		141,732		20,000	1,000,774
Cash Flows from Noncapital											
and Related Financing Activities											
Transfers out		(156,132)		(226,682)		-		(46,170)		-	(428,984)
Cash Flows from Capital											
and Related Financing Activities											
Permits and connection fees received		1,668		582		-		-		-	2,250
Special assessments received		70,896		28,698		-		1,751		-	101,345
Acquisition of capital assets		(17,739)		(724,843)		-		(51,708)		-	(794,290)
Principal paid on bonds		(116,698)		(127,305)		-		(43,686)		-	(287,689)
Interest paid on bonds and finance purchases		(50,425)		(55,017)				(17,875)			(123,317)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by		(110 000)		(877,885)				(111,518)		_	(1,101,701)
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(112,298)		(677,065)				(111,510)			(1,101,701)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities											
Interest received from investments		70,180		36,715		14,960		26,259		9,695	157,809
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and		050 040		(445440)		(1.000)		10.000		20.222	282,898
Cash Equivalents		359,042		(115,110)		(1,690)		10,323		30,333	202,090
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1		1,457,630		876,527		405,152		658,070		219,222	3,616,601
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ -	1,816,672	\$	761,417	\$	403,462	\$	668,393	\$	249,555	\$ 3,899,499
•											
Reconciliation of Operating Income											
to Net Cash Provided											
by Operating Activities Operating income	Ś	188,953	\$	361,900	Ś	(131,833)	\$	95,626	\$	18,805	\$ 533,451
Adjustments to reconcile	Ą	100,500	Ų	301,500	V	(101,000)	Ŷ	75,020	Ŷ	10,000	\$ 000,101
operating income to net cash											
provided by operating activities											
Other income		-		-		10,078		-			10,078
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		4,465	4,465
Depreciation		351,848		551,375		82,861		46,821		-	1,032,905
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resource	es	0.044		(5044)		(4.40.600)		(4.470)		(500)	(4 47 457)
Accounts receivable		2,961		(5,044)		(143,680)		(1,172)		(522) (2,110)	(147,457) (2,110)
Special assessments receivable Inventory		990		990		_		-		(2,110)	1,980
Prepaid items		(748)		(1.586)		(695)		_		_	(3,029)
Deferred pension resources		390		(2,616)		(8,791)		187		-	(10,830)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resource	es			· · /		(, ,					, , ,
Accounts and contracts payable		1,197		(2,077)		(4,695)		-		-	(5,575)
Due to other governments		383		-		-		-		-	383
Accrued salaries payable		(995)		617		27,855		-		-	27,477
Compensated absences payable		(12,505)		(336)		(24,013)		0.57		-	(36,854) 192,657
Deferred pension resources Net pension liability		23,720 1,098		36,531 12,988		131,549 44,714		857 (567)		-	58,233
rior policion liability		.,0.0						\/			P
Net Cash Provided (Used) by											A
Operating Activities	\$	557,292	\$	952,742	\$	(16,650)	\$	141,752	\$	20,638	\$ 1,655,774
Nanagah Capital and Palatad											
Noncash Capital and Related Financing Activities											
Amortization of bond premiums	Ś	5,554	\$	7,165	\$	-	\$	2,433	\$	_	\$ 15,152
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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota (the City), operates under a home rule charter form of government as defined in the State of Minnesota statues, which is termed the "Mayor-City Council Plan." The City is governed by an elected Mayor and a six-member City Council. The City Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The City Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City.

The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Component units for which the City has been determined to be financially accountable can be blended with the primary government or be included as a discrete presentation. Included in the City's reporting entity, based upon the application of these criteria, is the following discretely presented component unit. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

Economic Development Authority. The Economic Development Authority (EDA) of the City was created pursuant to Minnesota statutes 469.090 through 469.108 to carry out economic and industrial development and redevelopment consistent with policies established by the City Council. The EDA is governed by five board members, two of which are City Council members and three are at-large members. The City Council appoints the EDA governing board and approves tax levies. The City does not have fiduciary responsibility for the EDA. It is this criterion that results in the EDA being reported as a discretely presented component unit. The EDA does not prepare separate financial statements. The EDA fund financial statements begin on page 112.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and the proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The following major governmental funds meet the criteria described above:

The *General* fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service* fund is used for the servicing of governmental long-term debt not being financed by the proprietary fund.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Utility fund is used for the activities of the water distribution system the City maintains.

The Disposal fund is used for the activities of the City's sewage collection operations.

The Ambulance fund is used for the activities related to the ambulance and emergency services the City provides.

The Storm Water fund is used for the activities of the City's storm water collection operations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and disposal function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes and the City's investment policy as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations quaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and whose only investments are in securities in (1) above.
- 3. Minnesota Municipal Money Market fund and certificates of deposit with preference to local financial institutions.
- 4. Commercial paper issued by United States banks, corporations, or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality, and maturing in 270 days or less rated by at least two of the three rating agencies. (Moody's, A-1/ Standard and Poor's, P-1/ Fitches, F-1).
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 9. Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

It is the City's policy to invest in a manner which seeks to insure the preservation of capital. Safety of principal is the foremost objective, but liquidity and yield are also important considerations. It is essential that cash is available when needed, therefore the goal is to maximize yield while matching maturity dates with expenditure needs. All participating in the investment process shall seek to act responsibly as custodians of the public trust. It is the policy of the City to invest available fund at the highest rates attainable at the time of the investment, however giving preference to local financial institutions where the highest local bid is not more than .25 percent less than the non-local investment.

Investments may be held in safekeeping with any federal reserve bank, any bank authorized under laws of the United States or any state to exercise corporate trust powers, including but not limited to the bank from which it is purchased. The City's ownership of all securities shall be evidenced by a written acknowledge identifying the securities by name of issue, maturity date, interest rate and serial number or other distinguishing mark.

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund is regulated by Minnesota statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities and is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the regulatory rules of the SEC. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the City's investment in this pool is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the 4M Liquid Asset Fund. Investments in the 4M Plus must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to a penalty equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn. Seven days' notice of redemption is required for withdrawals of investments in the 4M Term Series withdrawn prior to the maturity date of that series. A penalty could be assessed as necessary to recoup the Series for any charges, losses, and other costs attributable to the early redemption. Financial statements of the 4M Fund can be obtained by contracting RBC Global Management at 100 South Fifth Street, Suite 2300, Minneapolis, MN 55402-1240.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023:

• Negotiable certificates of deposits and US treasury bills of \$3,324,412 are values using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled utility enterprise fund receivables are also included for services provided in 2023. The City annually certifies delinquent water and disposal accounts to the County for collection in the following year. Therefore, there has been no allowance for doubtful accounts established for water and disposal funds. The Ambulance fund has an allowance for uncollectible accounts set at 50 percent of the outstanding balance. This amount totaled \$514,055 as of December 31, 2023.

Property Taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy in December and certifies it to the County for collection the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and tax settlements are made to the City during January, July and December each year.

Delinquent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes receivable have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the governmental fund financial statements.

Special Assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivables upon certification to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are received in cash or within 60 days after year end and when the following years levy is certified. All other governmental special assessments receivable not received within 60 days after year end are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

Lease Receivable

The City's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of materials and supplies are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and are recorded as prepaid items. The City uses the consumption method to account for all prepaid items.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Land Held for Resale

The City acquires properties for redevelopment purposes. These properties are reported at their net realizable value in the financial statements. Any costs incurred that are above a property's net realizable value are reported as expenditures of the current period. The balance of land held for resale is offset with nonspendable or restricted fund balance to indicate that it is not available for appropriation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years for equipment and \$1,000 for land. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements regardless of their amount.

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include items dating back to June 30, 1980. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Useful Lives in Years
Land Improvements	5 to 30
Buildings and Improvements	15 to 40
System Improvements/Infrastructure	15 to 50
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 20
Vehicles	3 to 15

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has only one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

The total pension expense for the GERP, PEPFP and Cannon Falls Fire Relief Association is as follows:

	Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA) Fire Relief						Т	Total All						
	GERP PEPFP		PEPFP		PEPFP		PEPFP		PEPFP		Association		Plans	
Pension Expense Proportionate share of State's contribution	\$	94,138 168	\$	193,480 (1,905)	\$	54,610	\$	342,228 (1,737)						
Total pension expense	\$	94,306	\$	191,575	\$	54,610	\$	340,491						

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave, which is paid to the employee upon separation. In governmental fund types, the cost of these benefits is recognized when payments are made to the employees. Employees can accumulate to a total of 320 hours of vacation and 960 hours of sick leave. Proprietary fund types accrue vacation and sick leave in the period it is earned. A liability of \$323,547 represents accrued vacation and sick leave unused at year end for the governmental and business-type activities. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental fund compensated absences.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. The recognition of bond premiums and discounts are delayed and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only two types of items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also recognizes a deferred lease receivable, which is reported under both the modified accrual and full accrual basis.

The City has an additional item which qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

Unearned revenue

The City's unearned revenue consists of grant revenue from the Blandin foundation that has not yet met the revenue recognition criteria as well as licenses collected for future years.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Administrator or Finance Director.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 40-50 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General and certain special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

In August of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Administrator so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 30th, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council adopts a preliminary maximum budget. Truth-in-taxation notices are mailed out to residents by the County. The City Council holds public hearings and adopts a budget and tax levy in December.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's Administrator may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Council. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. There were no budget amendments made during 2023.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2023, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

	Final Budgeted	Actual	Excess of Expenditures Over
Fund	Amounts	Amounts	Appropriations
Nonmajor			
Library fund	505,449	510,647	5,198
Fire Department Operations fund	268,174	307,527	39,353
Component Unit			ı
Economic Development fund	77,035	141,301	64,266
Industrial Revolving Loan fund	-	685,794	685,794

These over-expenditures were funded by revenues in excess of budget, loan proceeds and available fund balance.

C. Deficit Fund Balance

The following funds had fund balance deficits at December 31, 2023:

Fund	Amount
Capital Projects	
Fire Capital	\$ 150,042
TIF 2-10	4,750
Keith Meyer Abatement	3,061
Bluff Drive Project	61,997
2023 Street Project	214,294
72nd Avenue Way	14,249
2024 Street and Utility Improvements	841

These deficits will be eliminated with future transfers and revenue sources.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances of the City's funds are combined (pooled) and invested to the extent available in various investments authorized by Minnesota statutes. Each fund's portion of this pool (or pools) is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." For purposes of identifying the risk of investing public funds, the balances are categorized as follows:

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the City Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds, which the exception of irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks as this type of collateral only requires collateral pledged equal to 100 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds
 deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by
 written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard
 & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits, bank balance FDIC coverage and pledged collateral are shown in the chart below.

Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 3,477,369
Bank balance Covered by FDIC	\$ 3,854,212 (3,854,212)
Collateralized with securities pledged in City's name	\$ -

Investments

Investments are carried at fair value. Investment and dividend income are recognized as revenue when earned. The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its
 obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated
 credit risk. Minnesota statutes and the City's investment policy limit the City's investments.
- Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of an investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City is exposed to custodial credit risk in relation to the CDs invested in the CDARS program.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a
 government's investment in a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any
 one issuer.
- Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits its exposure to interest rate risk.

At year end, the City's investment balances were as follows:

	Credit Quality/	Segmented Time		Fair Va	lue Measuremer	nt Usina
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Pooled Investments at Amortize	d Costs					
4M Fund	N/A	Less than 6 months	\$ 6,990,892			
Money market fund	N/A	Less than 6 months	3,341			
Non-pooled Investments at Fair	Value					
Negotiable CDs	N/A	1 to 5 years	\$ 3,324,412	\$ -	\$ 3,324,412	\$
· ·						
Total Investments			\$10,318,645	\$ -	\$ 3,324,412	\$ -

- (1) Ratings are provided by Standard & Poors agency where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.
- (2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.
- N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A reconciliation of cash and temporary investments as shows on the statement of net position for the City follows:

	Amount
Carrying Amount of Deposits Investments Cash on Hand	\$ 3,477,369 10,318,645 415
Total	\$ 13,796,429
As Reported in the Financial Statements Statement of net position Primary government Cash and temporary investments Component unit Economic Development Authority Cash and temporary investments	\$ 13,419,559 376,870
Total	\$ 13,796,429

B. Lease Receivable

As of December 31, 2023, the City had the following lease receivables:

Description	Issue Date	Discount Rate	ln [.]	ent Year fow of sources	Payr	her nents eived	lance at ear End
MediaCom - Tower Lease	04/30/23	3.48%	\$	9,407	\$	-	\$ 50,066

Under the Tower Lease, Mediacom pays the City \$9,407 per year for 74 months in exchange for being able to have it tower up in the city. The lease started 4/30/2024 and runs through 4/30/2029. The discount rate on this lease was calculated at 3.48%.

C. Loans Receivable

Economic Development Authority

On November 29, 2012, the EDA loaned \$150,000 to ArtOrg at the rate of 5 percent per year. The loan is due November 29, 2027. Monthly payments of \$1,036 are due beginning December 29, 2012. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2023 was \$49,350.

On July 13, 2016, the EDA loaned \$150,000 to Tillion Brewing Company at the rate of 4 percent a year. The loan is due on July 13, 2026. Monthly payments of \$1,449 are due beginning August 13, 2016. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2023 was \$47,889.

On January 15, 2019 the EDA loaned \$125,000 to Raw Bistro at the rate of 8.5 percent a year. The loan is due on January 15, 2024. Monthly payments of \$829 are due beginning February 15, 2019. The final payment will be a balloon payment of \$86,651 on January 15, 2024. \$5,000 of the loan will not be subject to interest and will be forgiven provided that the borrower is still operating in Cannon Falls. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2023 was \$86,431.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

On August 5, 2019 the EDA loaned \$75,000 to Keith Meyers at the rate of 3 percent a year. The loan is due on July 18, 2024. Monthly payments of \$483 are due beginning on August 18, 2019. \$5,000 of the loan will not be subject to interest and will be forgiven provided that the borrower is still operating in Cannon Falls. The outstanding balance at December 31, 2023 was \$52,554.

On November 15, 2021 the EDA loaned \$37,600 to Magnolia Animal Hospital at the rate of 3 percent. The loan balance is due on December 15, 2027. Monthly payments of \$591.16 are due beginning on December 15, 2021. The outstanding balance as of December 31, 2023 was \$22,615.

The total net loan receivable balance as of December 31, 2023 was \$238,839 after taking into account \$20,000 worth of allowances described above.

D. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,149,292	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,149,292
Construction in progress	38,840	222,764		261,604
Total Capital Assets				
not Being Depreciated	1,188,132	222,764	-	1,410,896
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	4,872,561	-	-	4,872,561
System improvements/infrastructure	15,644,658	73,464	-	15,718,122
Machinery and equipment	1,979,910	82,996	(67,180)	1,995,726
Vehicles	3,562,809	119,066	(88,146)	3,593,729
Total Capital Assets			-	<u> </u>
Being Depreciated	26,059,938	275,526	(155,326)	26,180,138
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(2,125,878)	(110,273)	-	(2,236,151)
System improvements/infrastructure	(6,196,391)	(478,341)	-	(6,674,732)
Machinery and equipment	(1,586,128)	(86,202)	67,180	(1,605,150)
Vehicles	(2,266,722)	(151,520)	42,956	(2,375,286)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	(12,175,119)	(826,336)	110,136	(12,891,319)
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated, Net	13,884,819	(550,810)	(45,190)	13,288,819
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 15,072,951	\$ (328,046)	\$ (45,190)	\$ 14,699,715

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation				\$ 45,515 179,764 521,730 79,327
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	3			\$ 826,336
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land Construction in progress Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$ 87,816 	\$ 51,708 724,843 776,551	\$ - - -	\$ 139,524 724,843 864,367
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements System improvements/infrastructure Machinery and equipment Vehicles Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	15,980 35,940,945 1,200,240 703,494 37,860,659	- 17,739 - - - 17,739	- - - - -	15,980 35,958,684 1,200,240 703,494 37,878,398
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings and improvements System improvements/infrastructure Machinery and equipment Vehicles Total Accumulated Depreciation	(13,259) (17,554,329) (934,965) (392,849) (18,895,402)	(535) (902,747) (58,595) (71,028) (1,032,905)	- - - -	(13,794) (18,457,076) (993,560) (463,877) (19,928,307)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	18,965,257	(1,015,166)		17,950,091
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 19,053,073	\$ (238,615)	\$ -	\$ 18,814,458
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/prog	rams of the busir	ness-type activitie	s as follows:	
Business-type Activities Water Utility Disposal Ambulance Storm Water				\$ 351,848 551,375 82,861 46,821
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities				\$ 1,032,905

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

Capital asset activity for the Economic Development Authority for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	eginning Balance	lr	ncreases	Decre	eases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets not being Depreciated						
Land	\$ 734,124	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 734,124
Construction in Progress	-		503,845		-	503,845
Total Capital Assets			100.0, 000.00			
not being depreciated	 734,124		503,845		-	 1,237,969

E. Transfers

Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Transfers in								
Fund		General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds			Total	
Transfer Out									
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	727,675	\$	727,675	
Debt Service		40,993		-		-		40,993	
Nonmajor governmental		27,049		-		539		27,588	
Water Utility		25,000		125,132		6,000		156,132	
Disposal		25,000		151,682		50,000		226,682	
Storm Water		-		46,170		_		46,170	
Total	\$	118,042	\$	322,984	\$	784,214	\$	1,225,240	

During the year, transfers are used to 1) move General fund resources to provide funds for future capital purchases 2) move enterprise fund resources to debt service funds for debt service requirements and 3) to close out funds no longer in use.

F. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities. In addition, bonds have been issued to refund general obligation bonds.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General Obligation Improvement Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance various improvements and will be repaid from special assessments levied on the properties benefiting from the improvements and ad valorem tax levies. All special assessment debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Each year the combined assessment and tax levy equals 105 percent of the amount required for debt service. The excess of 5 percent is to cover any delinquencies in tax or assessment payments.

Description	-	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	E	Balance at Year End
G.O. Improvement							
Bonds of 2016A	\$	2,480,000	2.00 - 3.00 %	06/30/16	02/01/37	\$	1,690,000
G.O. Improvement							
Bonds of 2018A		3,920,000	3.00 - 3.50	07/18/18	02/01/39		3,165,000
G.O. Refunding Permanent							
Bonds of 2020A		3,330,000	2.00 - 4.00	08/11/20	02/01/34		2,460,000
Total G.O.							
Improvement Bonds						<u>\$</u>	7,315,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation improvement bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Business-type Activities			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2024	\$ 349,622	\$ 101,213	\$ 450,835	\$ 287,688	\$ 113,500	\$ 401,188	
2025	356,622	89,970	446,592	308,378	103,343	411,721	
2026	370,931	78,344	449,275	319,069	92,794	411,863	
2027	392,568	66,099	458,667	337,432	81,689	419,121	
2028	351,021	54,352	405,373	283,979	71,311	355,290	
2028 - 2032	1,519,354	127,870	1,647,224	1,235,646	240,471	1,476,117	
2033 - 2037	199,927	3,065	202,992	874,745	87,694	962,439	
2038 - 2039	-			128,018	2,100	130,118	
Total	\$ 3,540,045	\$ 520,911	\$ 4,060,956	\$ 3,774,955	\$ 792,902	\$ 4,567,857	

General Obligation Equipment Certificates

The following bonds were issued to purchase capital equipment and will be repaid from future tax levies.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
2018B G.O.					
Equipment Certificates	\$ 359,000	4.00 %	07/18/18	02/01/28	\$ 215,000

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The annual service requirements to maturity for the general obligation equipment certificates are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities							
December 31,	Pri	Principal			Total			
2024	\$	40,000	\$	7,800	\$	47,800		
2025		41,000		6,180		47,180		
2026		43,000		4,500		47,500		
2027		45,000		2,740		47,740		
2028		46,000		920		46,920		
Total	\$	215,000	\$	22,140	\$	237,140		

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the following changes in long-term liabilities occurred:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds Payable General obligation special					
assessment bonds General obligation	\$ 3,882,357	\$ -	\$ (342,312)	\$ 3,540,045	\$ 349,622
Equipment certificates	253,000	-	(38,000)	215,000	40,000
Premium on bonds issued Compensated Absences	179,553	-	(15,390)	164,163	-
Payable	248,194	69,753	(62,050)	255,897	63,646
Governmental Activity Long-term Liabilities	\$ 4,563,104	\$ 69,753	\$ (457,752)	\$ 4,175,105	\$ 453,268
Business-type Activities Bonds Payable General obligation					
improvement bonds	\$ 4,062,644	\$ -	\$ (287,689)	\$ 3,774,955	\$ 287,688
Premium on bonds issued Compensated Absences	176,768	-	(15,152)	161,616	-
Payable	104,504		(36,854)	67,650	24,931
Business-type Activity Long-term Liabilities	\$ 4,343,916	\$ -	\$ (339,695)	\$ 4,004,221	\$ 312,619

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

G. Fund Balance

At December 31, 2023, portions of the City's fund balance are not available for appropriation due to not being in spendable form (nonspendable), legal restrictions (restricted), City Council action (committed), policy and/or intent (assigned). The following is a summary of the components of fund balance:

	General		Debt eral Service		Other Governmental Funds		Total	
Nonspendable for		47.500	۸		٨	0.000	٨	F(00(
Prepaid items	\$	47,503	\$	-	\$	8,883	<u>\$</u>	56,386
Restricted for								
Debt service	\$	-	\$	3,470,337	\$	-	\$	3,470,337
Public safety		185,369		-		-		185,369
Cable television		-		-		208,788		208,788
Tax increment financing		·-		-		669		669_
Total Restricted	\$	185,369	\$	3,470,337	\$	209,457	\$	3,865,163
Committed for								
Fire operations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	151,181	\$	151,181
Street capital		-		-		55,069		55,069
Public works capital		-		-		504,824		504,824
Police capital		-		-		184,258		184,258
Administration capital		-		-		126,088		126,088
Park capital		-		-		646,376		646,376
Library capital		-		-		50,963		50,963
Total Committed	\$	-	\$		\$	1,718,759	\$	1,718,759
Assigned								
Library operations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	197,870	\$	197,870
Municipal reserve		-		-		1,179,151		1,179,151
Alexander Court		-		-		1,505		1,505
Public improvements		-		-		144,750		144,750
Total Assigned	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,523,276	\$	1,523,276
Unassigned	\$	3,381,735	\$	-	\$	(449,234)	\$	2,932,501

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employee Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the years ending December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$145,407, \$145,660 and \$144,641, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

Police and Fire Fund Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 17.70 percent for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the years ending December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 were \$114,086, \$103,301 and \$99,075, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

D. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$1,353,237 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$37,353. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0242 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0266 percent for the beginning of the period.

City Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	\$	1,353,237
Liability Associated with the City	-	37,353
Total	\$	1,390,590

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$94,138 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized \$168 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings Changes in Proportion Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$	45,499 245,142 - - - 79,176	\$	10,439 370,911 53,198 100,379
Total	\$	369,817	\$	534,927

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The \$79,176 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2024	\$ (2,276)
2025	(261,438)
2026	48,785
2027	(29,356)
2028	-
Thereafter	-

Police and Fire Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$785,726 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The City's proportionate share was 0.0455 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0487 percent for the beginning of the period.

The State of Minnesota contributed \$18 million to the Police and Fire Fund in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The contribution consisted of \$9 million in direct state aid that does meet the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation. The \$9 million direct state was paid on October 1, 2022. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The \$9 million in supplemental state aid will continue until the fund is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later.

The State of Minnesota is included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Retirement Plan Schedule of Employer Allocations and Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer, Current Reporting Period Only (pension allocation schedules) for the \$9 million in direct state aid. Police and Fire Plan employers need to recognize their proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense (and grant revenue) under GASB 68 special funding situation accounting and financial reporting requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$193,480 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$1,905 as negative pension expense (grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund.

The State of Minnesota is not included as a non-employer contributing entity in the Police and Fire Pension Plan pension allocation schedules for the \$9 million in supplemental state aid. The City recognized \$4,095 for the year ended December 31, 2023 as revenue and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the Police and Fire Fund.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2023, the City reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings Changes in Proportion Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$	222,908 904,328 - 17,697 66,514	\$	1,106,014 15,526 104,707
Total	\$	1,211,447	\$	1,226,247

The \$66,514 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2024			\$ 22,713
2025			(19,421)
2026			174,452
2027	•		(64,114)
2028			(194,943)
Thereafter			_

E. Long-term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Domestic Equity	33.5 %	5.10 %		
Domestic Equity International Equity	16.5	5.30		
Fixed Income	25.0	0.75		
Private Markets	25.0_	5.90		
Total	<u>100.0</u> %			

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.0 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 2.25 percent for the Police and Fire Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 1.00 percent for the Police and Fire Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service. In the Police and Fire Plan, salary growth assumptions range from 11.75 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 24 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. Mortality rates for the Police and Fire Plan is based on the Pub-2010 Public Safety Employee Mortality tables. The tables are

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. The most recent four-year experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2023:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.0 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption was changed from 6.5 percent to 7.0 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.4 percent to 7.0 percent.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014 was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50 percent vesting after five years increasing incrementally to 100 percent after 10 years.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0 percent will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.
- Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023 prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a psychological condition relating to the member's occupation.
- The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees and Police and Fire Funds were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		1 Percent rease (6.0%)	Cu	Current (7.0%)		1 Percent Increase (8.0%)	
General Employees Fund Police and Fire Fund	\$	2,393,985 1,558,974	\$	1,353,237 785,726	\$	497,182 150,013	

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association

A. Plan Description

All members of the Cannon Falls Fire Department (the Department) are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the Cannon Falls Fire Department Relief Association (the Association). As of December 31, 2023, the plan covered 30 active firefighters and 6 vested terminated fire fighters whose pension benefits are deferred. The plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statute, chapter 69.

The Association maintains a separate Special fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is derived from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (chapter 261 as amended by chapter 509 of Minnesota statutes 1980). Funds are also derived from investment income.

B. Benefits Provided

A firefighter who completes at least 20 years as an active member of the Department is entitled, after age 50, to a full-service pension upon retirement.

The bylaws of the Association also provide for an early vested service pension for a retiring member who has completed a minimum of 10 years of service.

The financial requirements of the Special fund are determined in accordance with section 69.772 of the Minnesota statutes, which requires the payment of pension benefits in a lump sum or optionally in annual installments. The benefits are payable after age 50, 20 years of service and 10 years of Association membership or upon death.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapters 424 and 424A authorize pension benefits for volunteer fire relief associations. The plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in Minnesota statutes and voluntary City contributions (if applicable). The State of Minnesota contributed \$57,090 in fire state aid to the plan on behalf of the Cannon Falls Fire Department for the year ended December 31, 2023 which was recorded as a revenue. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City's statutorily-required contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$63,252. The City made no voluntary contributions to the plan. Furthermore, the firefighter has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2023, the City reported a net pension asset of \$82,046 for the plan. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset in accordance with GASB 68 was determined by Vanlwaarden applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the Department as of December 31, 2022. The following table presents the changes in net pension liability (asset) during the year:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a-b)
Beginning Balance January 1, 2023	\$ 846,305	\$ 1,088,846	\$ (242,541)
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	41,464	-	41,464
Interest on pension liability (asset)	42,604	-	42,604
Differences between actual and expected	-	31,832	(31,832)
Changes of assumptions	-	16,207	(16,207)
Net investment income	182,218	-	182,218
Contributions (State)	-	59,123	(59,123)
Administrative costs	1,371		1,371
Total Net Changes	267,657	107,162	160,495
Ending Balance December 31, 2023	\$ 1,113,962	\$ 1,196,008	\$ (82,046)

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$54,610

At December 31, 2023, the City reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to pension from the following sources:

	Ou	ferred tflows sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$	112,948 14,560	\$	57,299 15,127	
Contributions to Plan Subsequent to the Measurement Date		63,252	Beerling	_	
Total	\$	190,760	\$	72,426	

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$63,252 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2024	\$ 8,6	65
2025	16,0	62
2026	13,8	90
2027	13,6	37
2028	1,8	346
Thereafter	9	982

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2023 was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement Eligibility at the Later of Age 50 or 20 Years of Service

Inflation Rate

2.50% per year

Investment Rate of Return

5.75%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using the plan's target investment allocation along with long-term return expectations by asset class. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made as specified in statute. Based on that assumption and considering the funding ratio of the plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) for the plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

	 Percent ase (4.75%)	Curr	ent (5.75%)	1 Percent Increase (6.75%)		
Defined Benefit Plan	\$ (55,663)	\$	(82,046)	\$	(107,597)	

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the Cannon Falls Firefighter's Relief Association, 137 4th Street North, Cannon Falls, Minnesota 55009.

Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 6: Other Information

A. Legal Debt Margin

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City may not incur or be subject to net debt in excess of three percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes and therefore, excludes debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, enterprise fund revenues or tax increments. The City has \$215,000 applied against the limit.

B. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

C. Concentrations

The City receives a significant amount of its annual General fund revenues from the State of Minnesota from the Local Government Aid (LGA) program. The amount received in 2023 was \$708,297. This accounted for 15.9 percent of General fund revenues.

Note 7: Commitments and Contingencies

Tax Increment Districts

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the State of Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

Note 8: Transactions between the Primary Government and its Component Unit

The City conducts routine transactions with its component unit for services provided. The City provides administrative and financial services for the EDA activities. Other significant transactions between the primary government and its component unit are described in other notes.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Retirement Plan

							City's		
			5	State's			Proportionate		
			Prop	ortionate			Share of the		
		City's	S	hare of			Net Pension		
		Proportionate	the N	et Pension			Liability as	Plan Fiduciary	
	City's	Share of	L	iability		City's	a Percentage of	Net Position	
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	n Asso	ciated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage	
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	t	he City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total	
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)		(a+b)	(c)	(a/c)	Pension Liability	
			·						
06/30/23	0.0242 %	\$ 1,353,237	\$	37,353	\$ 1,390,590	\$ 1,859,153	72.8 %	83.1 %	
06/30/22	0.0266	2,106,729		61,808	2,168,537	1,955,535	107.7	76.7	
06/30/21	0.0271	1,157,291		35,433	1,192,724	1,942,969	59.3	87.0	
06/30/20	0.0272	1,630,764		50,397	1,619,003	2,010,581	83.9	79.0	
06/30/19	0.0284	1,570,172		48,831	1,667,206	1,953,259	78.1	80.2	
06/30/18	0.0291	1,614,349		52,857	1,842,293	1,835,533	82.6	79.5	
06/30/17	0.0285	1,819,421		22,872	2,352,534	1,774,875	99.1	75.9	
06/30/16	0.0286	2,322,178		30,356	1,482,200	1,680,063	130.8	68.9	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Retirement Fund

		Contributions in					
		Relation to the			Contributions as a Percentage of		
	Statutorily	Statutorily	Contribution	City's			
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Covered		
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll		
Ending	(a)	(b)	(a-b)	(c)	(b/c)		
12/31/23	\$ 145,407	\$ 145,407	\$ -	\$ 1,938,754	7.50 %		
12/31/22	145,660	145,660	-	1,942,133	7.50		
12/31/21	144,641	144,641	-	1,928,550	7.50		
12/31/20	150,394	150,394	-	2,005,255	7.50		
12/31/19	150,778	150,778	-	2,010,372	7.50		
12/31/18	148,746	148,746	-	1,983,286	7.50		
12/31/17	140,461	140,461	-	1,872,813	7.50		
12/31/16	136,240	136,240	-	1,816,533	7.50		

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employees Retirement Plan

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- 2023 The investment return assumptions and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent.
- 2022 The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.
- 2021- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.
- 2020 The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%. The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%. Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements. Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter. Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019. The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older. The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018
- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.
- 2017 The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- 2016 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.
- 2015 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employees Retirement Plan (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

2023 - An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023. The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service. The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated. A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

- 2022 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2021 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2020 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020
- 2019 The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.
- 2018 The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed. Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.
- 2017 The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter. The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.
- 2016 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2015 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - Police and Fire Plan

						City's		
			State's			Proportionate		
			Proportionate			Share of the		
		City's	Share of			Net Pension		
		Proportionate	the Net Pensio	n		Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary	
	City's	Share of	Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position	
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated wit	:h	Covered	Covered	as a Percentage	
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total	
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	(a/c)	Pension Liability	
06/30/23	0.0455 %	\$ 785,726	\$ 31,628	\$ 817,354	\$ 571,354	137.5 %	86.5	
06/30/22	0.0487	2,119,232	92,530	2,211,762	591,408	358.3	70.5	
06/30/21	0.0469	362,018	16,273	378,291	554,282	65.3	93.7	
06/30/20	0.0559	736,820	17,383	754,203	632,149	116.6	87.2	
06/30/19	0.0580	617,469	-	617,469	612,230	100.9	89.3	
06/30/18	0.0542	577,716	-	577,716	570,962	101.2	8.88	
06/30/17	0.0520	702,062	-	702,062	528,826	132.8	85.4	
06/30/16	0.0500	2,006,587	-	2,006,587	485,446	413.3	63.9	

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - Police and Fire Plan

Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	City's Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
12/31/23	\$ 114,086	\$ 114,086	\$ -	\$ 644,555	17.70 %
12/31/22	103,301	103,301	-	583,619	17.70
12/31/21	99,075	99,075	-	559,746	17.70
12/31/20	106,806	106,806	-	603,424	16.95
12/31/19	108,059	108,059	-	637,519	16.20
12/31/18	94,884	94,884	-	585,702	16.20
12/31/17	87,838	87,838	-	542,210	16.20
12/31/16	86,782	86,782		535,691	16.20

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Police and Fire Plan

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2023 - The investment return assumption was changed from 6.5 percent to 7.00 percent. The single discount rate changed from 5.4 percent to 7.0 percent

2022 - The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021. The single discount rate changed from 6.50 percent to 5.40 percent.

2021 - The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes. The inflation assumption was changed from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent. The payroll growth assumption was changed from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table. The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2019 to MN-2020. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 healthy annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2019) to the Pub-2010 Public Safety disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2020). Assumed rates of salary increase were modified as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The overall impact is a decrease in gross salary increase rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the July 14, 2020 experience study. The changes result in slightly more unreduced retirements and fewer assumed early retirements. Assumed rates of withdrawal were changed from select and ultimate rates to service-based rates. The changes result in more assumed terminations. Assumed rates of disability were increased for ages 25-44 and decreased for ages over 49. Overall, proposed rates result in more projected disabilities. Assumed percent married for active female members was changed from 60 percent to 70 percent. Minor changes to form of payment assumptions were applied.

2020 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019

2019 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017. As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger.

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.6 percent to 7.5 percent.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 5.6 percent. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

2023 - Additional one-time direct state aid contribution of 19.4 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023. Vesting requirement for new hires after June 30, 2014, was changed from a graded 20-year vesting schedule to a graded 10-year vesting schedule, with 50 percent vesting after five years, increasing incrementally to 100% after 10 years. A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 3.0 percent will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024. Psychological treatment is required effective July 1, 2023, prior to approval for a duty disability benefit for a psychological condition relating to the member's occupation. The total and permanent duty disability benefit was increased, effective July 1, 2023.

- 2022 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2021 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2020 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2019 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2018 - As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger. An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier. Member contributions were changed from 10.80 percent to 11.30 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 11.80 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Employer contributions were changed from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 17.70 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00 percent to 60.00 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

- 2016 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2015 The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90 percent funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.5 percent.

Required Supplementary Information (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Schedule of Changes in the Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Total Pension Liability Service cost	\$	41,464		40.552	\$	40,797	Ś	36,907	Ś	31,897	Ś	28,860	Ś	30,861	Ś	28,958
Interest on pension liability (asset)	Ÿ	42,604	Ÿ	42,554	Ÿ	42,093	Ÿ	39,059	Ÿ	38,648	*	34,228	*	37,821	•	35,024
Changes of benefit terms		<u>-</u>		-		-		48,672		43,238		-		(00.406)		18,597
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		(31,832) (16,207)		-		(17,774) 10,837		-		(14,536) 11,433		40,593		(28,496) 4,223		- (7,109)
Benefit payments		(10,207)		(13,600)		(47,375)		(99,336)		11,400		(66,100)		(88,050)		(74,667)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		36,029		69,506		28,578		25,302		110,680		37,581		(43,641)		803
Total Pension Liability - January 1		846,305		776,799		748,221		722,919		612,239	_	574,658		618,299		617,496
Total Pension Liability - December 31 (a)	\$	882,334	\$	846,305	\$	776,799	\$	748,221	\$	722,919	\$	612,239	\$	574,658	\$	618,299
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																
Employer contributions	\$	59,090	\$	59,580	\$	56,796	\$	55,398	\$	51,993	\$	51,349	\$	52,941	\$	50,960
Nonemployer contributions Projected investment return		33 (182,218)		- 109,779		34 92,133		- 126,837		(80,846)		103,115		52,076		(32,964)
Benefit payments		(102,210)		(13,600)		(47,375)		(99,336)		(80,840)		(66,100)		(88,050)		(74,667)
Administrative expenses		(1,371)		(2,013)		(1,140)		(1,135)		(1,169)		(1,296)		(1,155)		(239)
Other		(404.466)				100.110		81,764		(30,022)		87,068		15,812		(56,910)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(124,466)		153,746		100,448		81,764		(30,022)		87,000		10,012		(30,910)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - January 1	_	1,088,846		935,100		834,652		752,888		782,910		695,842		680,030		736,940
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - December 31 (b)	\$	964,380	\$	1,088,846	\$	935,100	\$	834,652	\$	752,888	\$	782,910	\$	695,842	\$	680,030
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) - December 31 (a-b)	\$	(82,046)	\$	(242,541)	\$	(158,301)	\$	(86,431)	\$	(29,969)	\$	(170,671)	\$	(121,184)	\$	(61,731)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (b/a)		109.30%		128.66%		120.38%		111.55%		104.15%		127.88%		121.09%		109.98%
Covered-employee Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Fire Relief Association

Benefit Changes. No changes since last valuation.

 ${\it Changes\ of\ Assumptions}\ .\ \ {\it No\ changes\ since\ last\ valuation}.$

2023 Changes - change in the discount rate from 5.25 percent to 5.75 percent

Schedule of Employer's Fire Relief Association Contributions

Year Ending	Det	Actuarial Determined Contribution (a)			Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	
12/31/23	\$	63,252	\$	63,252	\$	-
12/31/22		57,090		57,090		-
12/31/21		58,580		58,580		-
12/31/20		55,796		55,796		-
12/31/19		53,398		53,398		-
12/31/18		51,993		51,993		-
12/31/17		50,349		50,349		-
12/31/16		50,059		50,059		-

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects			Total Nonmajor Funds
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	562,382	\$	2,436,568	\$	2,998,950
Receivables						4.075
Accounts		4,875		-		4,875
Special assessments		_		83,645		83,645
Due from other governments		-		50,968		50,968
Prepaid items		8,883		-		8,883
Total Assets	\$	576,140	\$	2,571,181	\$	3,147,321
Liabilities						
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	3,434	\$	45,617	\$	49,051
Accrued salaries payable		5,984	·	, -		5,984
Due to other funds		-		4,750		4,750
Total Liabilities		9,418		50,367		59,785
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		_		76,395		76,395
onavanable revenue operal acceptantion						
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		8,883		-		8,883
Restricted		208,788		669		209,457
Committed		151,181		1,567,578		1,718,759
Assigned		197,870		1,325,406		1,523,276
Unassigned		_		(449,234)		(449,234)
Total Fund Balances	-	566,722		2,444,419		3,011,141
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	576,140	\$	2,571,181	\$	3,147,321
Nesources and runa balances	<u> </u>	370,110	<u></u>		<u> </u>	0,11/,021

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Speci Reven		Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Funds	
Revenues					
Taxes				A =00.44	
Property taxes	\$ 480),330 \$		\$ 522,43	
Tax increments	0.0	-	65,011	65,0° 23,66	
Franchise taxes		3,663	100.060	23,00 292,80	
Intergovernmental		,898	100,968		
Charges for services		3,326	-	103,32	
Fines and forfeitures	1	,190	20.400	1,19	
Special assessments	0.1	-	28,498	28,49	
Interest on investments		1,071	111,091	132,10	
Miscellaneous		⁷ ,634	7,900	25,5	
Total Revenues	839	9,112	355,568	1,194,6	80
Expenditures					
Current					
General government		-	12,500	12,5	
Public safety	300	0,913	-	300,9	13
Culture and recreation	48	5,952	-	485,9	52
Capital outlay					
Public safety	(5,614		6,6	14
Public works		-	368,060	368,0	60
Culture and recreation	30	5,105	-	36,1	05
Economic development		-	63,689	63,6	
Total Expenditures	829	9,584	444,249	1,273,8	33
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		9,528	(88,681)	(79,1	53)
over (email) Exponentarios					
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers in		-	784,214	784,2	214
Transfers out		-	(27,588)	(27,5	(88
Total Other Financing Sources			756,626	756,6	526
Net Change in Fund Balances		9,528	667,945	677,4	173
Fund Balances, January 1	55	7,194	1,776,474	2,333,6	668_
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 56	6,722	2,444,419	\$ 3,011,1	141_

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

		211		220		232 Fire	
				ble Public		epartment	
	Library		T	elevision	0	perations	Total
Assets							
Cash and temporary investments	\$	206,270	\$	203,913	\$	152,199	\$ 562,382
Accounts receivable		-		4,875		-	4,875
Prepaid items	-	2,302		259		6,322	 8,883
Total Assets	\$	208,572	\$	209,047	\$	158,521	\$ 576,140
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	2,416	\$	-	\$	1,018	\$ 3,434
Accrued salaries payable		5,984		-			5,984
Total Liabilities		8,400		-		1,018	 9,418
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		2,302		259		6,322	8,883
Restricted		-		208,788		-	208,788
Committed		-		-		151,181	151,181
Assigned		197,870					197,870
Total Fund Balances		200,172		209,047		157,503	566,722
Total Liabilities and							
Fund Balances	\$	208,572	\$	209,047	\$	158,521	\$ 576,140

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	21	1		220		232 Fire		
	1.91			ole Public		partment		Total
December	Libr	ary		levision	<u> </u>	erations		Total
Revenues								
Taxes	۸ ۵	20.006	٨		ė.	00.204	\$	400 220
Property	\$ 38	30,936	\$	-	\$	99,394	Þ	480,330
Franchise taxes		-		23,663		-		23,663
Intergovernmental								60.006
State		-		-		69,886		69,886
County	12	22,012		-		-		122,012
Charges for services		2,073		-		101,253		103,326
Fines and forfeitures		1,190				-		1,190
Interest on investments		7,760		7,911		5,400		21,071
Miscellaneous								
Contributions and donations		4,000		_		9,494		13,494
Other		-		_		4,140		4,140
Total Revenues	5	17,971		31,574		289,567		839,112
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety		-		-		300,913		300,913
Culture and recreation	4	75,120		10,832		=		485,952
Capital outlay								
Public safety		-		-		6,614		6,614
Culture and recreation		35,527		578				36,105
Total Expenditures	5	10,647	,	11,410		307,527		829,584
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,324		20,164		(17,960)		9,528
Fund Balances, January 1	1	92,848	-	188,883		175,463		557,194
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 2	.00,172	\$	209,047	\$	157,503	\$	566,722

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City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Library Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				2022						
		Budgeted	Amou	unts		Actual	Varia	nce with		Actual
	C	Original		Final	Δ	mounts	Fina	Budget	A	mounts
Revenues										-
Property taxes	\$	380,936	\$	380,936	\$	380,936	\$	-	\$	371,645
Intergovernmental										
County		122,012		122,012		122,012		-		122,209
Charges for services		1,000		1,000		2,073		1,073		1,539
Fines and forfeitures		1,000	1,000			1,190		190		818
Interest on investments		_		-		7,760		7,760		1,867
Miscellaneous										
Contributions and donations		500		500		4,000		3,500		-
Total Revenues		505,448		505,448		517,971		12,523		498,078
Expenditures										
Current										
Culture and recreation										
Personnel services		399,349		399,349		405,438		(6,089)		398,438
Supplies		5,700		5,700		3,177		2,523		3,500
Other services and charges		66,600		66,600		66,505		95		66,743
Capital outlay										
Culture and recreation		33,800		33,800		35,527		(1,727)		34,123
Total Expenditures		505,449		505,449		510,647		(5,198)		502,804
									-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1)		(1)		7,324		7,325		(4,726)
Fund Balances, January 1		192,848		192,848		192,848		_		197,574
	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
Fund Balances, December 31		192,847	\$	192,847	\$	200,172	\$	7,325	\$	192,848

Cable Public Television Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				20	23					2022
	<u> </u>	Budgeted	Amou	ınts	,	Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
	0	riginal		Final	Α	mounts	Fina	al Budget_	A	mounts
Revenues										
Franchise taxes	\$	33,000	\$	33,000	\$	23,663	\$	(9,337)	\$	30,870
Interest on investments		-				7,911		7,911		780
Total Revenues		33,000		33,000		31,574		(1,426)		31,650
Expenditures										
Current										
Culture and recreation										
Personnel services		17,890		17,890		9,133		8,757		9,370
Supplies		2,300		2,300		1,020		1,280		790
Other services and charges		2,850		2,850		679		2,171		661
Capital outlay										
Culture and recreation		10,000		10,000		578		9,422		-
Total Expenditures		33,040	,	33,040		11,410		21,630		10,821
Net Change in Fund Balances		(40)		(40)		20,164		20,204		20,829
Fund Balances, January 1		188,883		188,883	F	188,883		-		168,054
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	188,843	\$	188,843	\$	209,047	\$	20,204	\$	188,883

Fire Department Operations Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

				202	23					2022
•		Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual	Varia	ance with		Actual
•	Ori	ginal		Final	ıA	mounts	Fina	l Budget_	Ar	nounts
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	99,394	\$	99,394	\$	99,394	\$	-	\$	98,859
Intergovernmental revenue										
State		58,500		58,500		69,886		11,386		58,090
Charges for services	•	100,280		100,280		101,253		973		97,359
Interest on investments (loss)		-		-		5,400		5,400		(511)
Miscellaneous										
Contributions and donations		3,000		3,000		9,494	6,494			77,380
Other		7,000		7,000		4,140		(2,860)		-
Total Revenues		268,174		268,174		289,567		21,393		331,177
Expenditures										
Current										
Public safety										
Personnel services		68,142		68,142		80,638		(12,496)		65,276
Supplies		34,000		34,000		34,015		(15)		39,238
Other services and charges		154,932		154,932		186,260		(31,328)		149,554
Capital outlay										
Public safety		11,100		11,100		6,614		4,486		70,457
								/·		
Total Expenditures	1	268,174		268,174		307,527		(39,353)		324,525
						(47.040)		(47060)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(17,960)		(17,960)		6,652
				175 460		475.460				160.011
Fund Balances, January 1		175,463		175,463		175,463		-	-	168,811
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	175,463	\$	175,463	\$	157,503	\$	(17,960)	\$	175,463

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued on the Following Pages) December 31, 2023

	502 Public					505		506		507
	lmp	provement			Pul	olic Works				
	R	evolving	Stre	et Capital		Capital	Pol	ice Capital	Fi	re Capital
Assets										
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	144,750	\$	55,069	\$	504,824	\$	184,258	\$	(150,042)
Special assessments		3,705		-		_		-		-
Due from other governments		-	,	_		-		_		_
Total Assets	\$	148,455	\$	55,069	\$	504,824	\$	184,258	\$	(150,042)
Liabilities										
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-				-		_		
Total Liabilities						-				-
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		3,705				-				-
Fund Balances										
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		55,069		504,824		184,258		-
Assigned		144,750		-		-		-		-
Unassigned				-		_		-		(150,042)
Total Fund Balances		144,750		55,069		504,824		184,258		(150,042)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources										
and Fund Balances	\$	148,455	\$	55,069	\$	504,824	\$	184,258	\$	(150,042)
	<u> </u>									

509		510	511	2	25	249	2	50		251
ninistration Capital		Park Capital	Library Capital	<u>Park</u>	Board	TIF 2-6.2		TIF 2-7	Parameter School Service	TIF 2-8
\$ 126,088	\$	646,376	\$ 50,963	\$	-	\$ 1,838	\$	-	\$	11,272
-		-	<u>-</u>		-	-		-		-
\$ 126,088	\$	646,376	\$ 50,963	\$	-	\$ 1,838	\$	_	\$	11,272
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	12,441
 			 -		-	 		_		12,441
-		-	-		-	 -		-		
		_	_		_	1,838		_		(1,169)
126,088		646,376	50,963		-	-		-		(1,109)
-		-	-		-	-		-		-
 126,088		646,376	 50,963	<u> </u>	-	 1,838				(1,169)
\$ 126,088	\$	646,376	\$ 50,963	\$	-	\$ 1,838	\$	_	\$	11,272

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2023

	252			253	406	409	41	0
	TIF 2-9			TIF 2-10	exander Court	th Meyer atement	Water Restor	
Assets			_			(0.054)	^	
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,505	\$ (3,061)	\$	-
Special assessments		-		-	-	-		_
Due from other governments		-		-	 -	 -		-
Total Assets	\$	-	\$		\$ 1,505	\$ (3,061)	\$	_
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Due to other funds				4,750	 -	-		-
Total Liabilities				4,750	 -	 		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - special assessments					 _	 -		-
Fund Balances								
Restricted		-		-	-	-		-
Committed		_		-		-		-
Assigned		-		- (4.750)	1,505	(0.061)		-
Unassigned				(4,750)	 1 505	 (3,061)		
Total Fund Balances				(4,750)	 1,505	 (3,061)		_
Total Liabilities, Deferred								
Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 1,505	\$ (3,061)	\$	

	411	412		414	415		416	534	
	uff Drive Project	023 Street Project	72r	nd Avenue Way	Street and y Improv.	Jol	hn Burch Park	Municipal Reserve	Total
\$	(69,247)	\$ (211,714)	\$	(12,003)	\$ (841)	\$	(22,618)	\$ 1,179,151	\$ 2,436,568
	79,940 -	 -		-	 -		- 50,968		83,645 50,968
\$	10,693	\$ (211,714)	\$	(12,003)	\$ (841)	\$	28,350	\$ 1,179,151	\$ 2,571,181
\$		\$ 2,580	\$	2,246	\$ - - -	\$	28,350	\$ -	\$ 45,617 4,750 50,367
1	72,690	 			 		-		76,395
	- - - (61,997) (61,997)	 (214,294) (214,294)		(14,249) (14,249)	(841) (841)		- - - - -	1,179,151 1,179,151	669 1,567,578 1,325,406 (449,234) 2,444,419
\$	10,693	\$ (211,714)	\$	(12,003)	\$ (841)	\$	28,350	\$ 1,179,151	\$ 2,571,181

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances (Continued on the Following Pages) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	502 Public Improvem Revolvin		504 Street Cap	ital_	Publ	505 ic Works apital	50 Police		Fire	507 e Capital
Revenues										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Tax increments		-		-		· -		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-
Interest on investments	5,6	544	2,1	18		19,321		6,932		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		
Total Revenues	5,0	544	2,1	18		19,321		6,932		-
Expenditures										
Current										
General government		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay										
Public works		-		-		119,066		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures						119,066		-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures	5,	644	2,	18		(99,745)		6,932		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		-	6,7	150		151,000		61,525		121,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			6, ⁻	150		151,000		61,525		121,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,	644	8,3	268		51,255		68,457		121,000
Fund Balances, January 1	139,	106	46,	301_		453,569	1	15,801		(271,042)

Fund Balances, December 31

55,069 \$ 504,824 \$ 184,258 \$

5	509		510	į	511	22	25	249	250		251
	istration pital	(Park Capital		brary apital	Park	Board	TIF 2-6.2	TIF 2-7		TIF 2-8
\$	-	\$	- - -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - 26,954 -	\$ - 10,410 -	\$	- 27,647 -
	4,875		- 25,092		- 1,981		- 50	- 80	- 151		- 586
	4,875		25,092		1,981		50	27,034	 10,561		28,233
	-		-		-		-	-	-		-
	-		-		-		-	- 24,821	- 10,582		- 28,036
	-		-		-		-	24,821	10,582		28,036
	4,875		25,092		1,981		50	 2,213	 (21)		197
	7,000		7,539 		· -		- (539)	-	 - (1,601)	<u> </u>	
	7,000		7,539		-		(539)	 	(1,601)		
	11,875		32,631		1,981		(489)	2,213	(1,622)		197
	114,213		613,745		48,982		489	 (375)	 1,622		(1,366)
\$	126,088	\$	646,376	\$	50,963	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,838	\$ _	\$	(1,169)

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And

Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	252	253	406	409	410
	TIF 2-9	TIF 2-10	Alexander Court	Keith Meyer Abatement	Water Tower Restoration
Revenues					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,600	\$ 2,500	\$ -
Tax increments	-	-	-	-	- - -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	50,000
Special assessments Interest on investments	_	_	_	-	_
Miscellaneous	- 7,900	_	_		_
Total Revenues	7,900	-	39,600	2,500	50,000
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	-	-	-	=	-
Capital outlay				1 700	
Public works	-	250	-	1,799	-
Economic development Total Expenditures		250		1,799	
Evenes (Definion ov) of Devenues					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	7,900	(250)	39,600	701	50,000
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out					(25,448)
Total Other Financing					(==
Sources (Uses)		_		-	(25,448)
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,900	(250)	39,600	701	24,552
Fund Balances, January 1	(7,900)	(4,500)	(38,095)	(3,762)	(24,552)
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	\$ (4,750)	\$ 1,505	\$ (3,061)	\$ -

411	412	414	415	416	534	
ıff Drive roject	2023 Street Project	72nd Avenue Way	2024 Street and Utility Improv.	John Burch Park	Municipal Reserve	Total
\$ - - - 28,498	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - - -	\$ - 50,968	\$ - - -	\$ 42,100 65,011 100,968 28,498
 -	- -	<u>-</u>		-	44,261	111,091 7,900
 28,498		-	-	50,968	44,261	355,568
-	-	-	-	-	12,500	12,500
6,614	174,523	14,249	841	50,968	-	368,060
 6,614	174,523	14,249	841	50,968	12,500	63,689 444,249
 21,884	(174,523)	(14,249)	(841)		31,761	(88,681)
- -	-	-	-	-	430,000	784,214 (27,588)
				-	430,000	756,626
21,884	(174,523)	(14,249)	(841)	-	461,761	667,945
 (83,881)	(39,771)	_	-	-	717,390	1,776,474
\$ (61,997)	\$ (214,294)	\$ (14,249)	\$ (841)	\$ -	\$ 1,179,151	\$ 2,444,419

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued on the Following Pages)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2022				
	Budgeted A	20: Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Revenues				Å 00.770	A 0.770.040	
Property taxes	\$ 2,937,110	\$ 2,937,110	\$ 2,970,860	\$ 33,750	\$ 2,772,862	
Licenses and permits						
Business	30,700	30,700	32,925	2,225	4,982	
Nonbusiness	53,800	53,800	15,373	(38,427)	205,603	
Total licenses and permits	84,500	84,500	48,298	(36,202)	210,585	
Intergovernmental State						
Local government aid	708,297	708,297	708,297	-	704,781	
Market value agricultural credits	-	-	80	80	95	
Police aid and police training	82,000	82,000	84,308	2,308	64,879	
Public safety aid	· •	· -	185,369	185,369	-	
County						
Police grant	-	- .	326	326		
Total intergovernmental	790,297	790,297	978,380	188,083	769,755	
Charges for services						
General government	4,200	4,200	7,784	3,584	6,929	
Public safety	1,050	1,050	34	(1,016)	37	
Public works	4,000	4,000	10,243	6,243	6,372	
Culture and recreation	30,000	30,000	40,670	10,670	36,998	
Total charges for services	39,250	39,250	58,731	19,481	50,336	
Fines and forfeitures	22,000	22,000	19,475	(2,525)	18,543	
Special assessments	12,000	12,000	18,348	6,348	23,719	
Interest on investments	9,500	9,500	84,397	74,897	28,605	
Miscellaneous						
Rents	50,000	50,000	44,919	(5,081)	55,520	
Contributions and donations	-	-	7,524	7,524	7,490	
Reimbursements	188,542	188,542	193,308	4,766	191,398	
Other	85,000	85,000	22,965	(62,035)	43,258	
Total miscellaneous	323,542	323,542	268,716	(54,826)	297,666	
Total Revenues	4,218,199	4,218,199	4,447,205	229,006	4,172,071	

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Budgete		2023				2022	
Expenditures Current General government Mayor and counter Services and charges \$29,071 \$29,071 \$27,406 \$1,665 \$26,936 \$26,93		Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual	
General government General government Mayor and council Personnel services \$29,071 \$29,071 \$27,406 \$1,665 \$26,936 \$2		Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Mayor and council Personnel services \$29,071 \$29,071 \$27,406 \$1,665 \$26,936 \$26,	·						
Mayor and council Personnel services \$ 29,071 \$ 29,071 \$ 27,406 \$ 1,665 \$ 26,936 Other services and charges 8,500 8,500 8,673 (173) 7,219 Total mayor and council 37,571 37,571 36,079 1,492 34,155 Elections 5 5 5 5 5 11 Other services and charges 15,650 15,650 960 14,690 10,007 Total elections 15,700 15,700 960 14,740 10,018 Administrative 15,700 15,700 960 14,740 10,018 Administrative 424,246 424,246 504,550 (80,304) 491,306 Supplies 2,500 2,500 3,104 (604) 2,504 Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 3,133 37,430 Total administrative 463,496 463,496 541,271 (77,775) 531,240 Audit and consulting fees 34,000 39,350							
Personnel services Other services and charges \$ 29,071 \$ 29,071 \$ 27,060 \$ 1,665 \$ 26,936 Other services and charges 8,500 8,500 8,673 (173) 7,219 Total mayor and council 37,571 37,571 36,079 1,492 34,155 Elections 5 50 5 - 50 11 Other services and charges 15,650 15,650 960 14,690 10,007 Total elections 15,700 15,700 960 14,740 10,018 Administrative Personnel services 424,246 424,246 504,550 (80,304) 491,306 Supplies 2,500 2,500 3,104 (604) 2,504 Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 3133 37,430 Audit and consulting fees 0ther services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zening 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147							
Other services and charges 8,500 8,500 8,673 (173) 7,219 Total mayor and council 37,571 37,571 36,079 1,492 34,155 Elections 50 50 50 - 50 11 Other services and charges 15,650 15,650 960 14,690 10,007 Total elections 15,700 15,700 960 14,740 10,018 Administrative Personnel services 424,246 424,246 504,550 (80,304) 491,306 Supplies 2,500 2,500 3,104 (604) 2,504 Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 3,133 37,430 Total administrative 463,496 463,496 541,271 (77,775) 531,240 Audit and consulting fees 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300		A 00.074	A 00.074	A 07.406	h 1665	۸ ۵۲۵۵۲	
Total mayor and council 37,571 37,571 36,079 1,492 34,155							
Elections Supplies 50 50 - 50 11	Other services and charges	8,500	8,500	8,6/3	(1/3)		
Supplies 50 50 - 50 11 Other services and charges 15,650 15,650 960 14,690 10,007 Total elections 15,700 15,700 960 14,740 10,018 Administrative Personnel services 424,246 424,246 504,550 (80,304) 491,306 Supplies 2,500 2,500 3,104 (604) 2,504 Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 3,133 37,430 Total administrative 463,496 463,496 541,271 (77,775) 531,240 Audit and consulting fees 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,755 Planning and zoning 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 3,3754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology 42,	Total mayor and council	37,571	37,571	36,079	1,492	34,155	
Other services and charges 15,650 15,650 960 14,690 10,007 Total elections 15,700 15,700 960 14,740 10,018 Administrative Personnel services 424,246 424,246 504,550 (80,304) 491,306 Supplies 2,500 2,500 3,104 (604) 2,504 Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 3,133 37,430 Audit and consulting fees 0ther services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning 9ersonnel services 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 <td< td=""><td>Elections</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Elections						
Total elections 15,700 15,700 960 14,740 10,018 Administrative Personnel services 424,246 424,246 504,550 (80,304) 491,306 Supplies 2,500 2,500 3,104 (604) 2,504 Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 3,133 37,430 Total administrative 463,496 463,496 541,271 (77,775) 531,240 Audit and consulting fees 0ther services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440	Supplies	50	50	-			
Administrative Personnel services 424,246 424,246 504,550 (80,304) 491,306 Supplies 2,500 2,500 3,104 (604) 2,504 Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 3,133 37,430 Total administrative 463,496 463,496 541,271 (77,775) 531,240 Audit and consulting fees Other services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning Personnel services 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279	Other services and charges	15,650	15,650	960	14,690	10,007	
Personnel services 424,246 424,246 504,550 (80,304) 491,306 Supplies 2,500 2,500 3,104 (604) 2,504 Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 31,333 37,430 Total administrative 463,496 463,496 541,271 (77,775) 531,240 Audit and consulting fees Other services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning Personnel services 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 1,3279 1,262 12,017	Total elections	15,700	15,700	960	14,740	10,018	
Supplies 2,500 2,500 3,104 (604) 2,504 Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 3,133 37,430 Total administrative 463,496 463,496 541,271 (77,775) 531,240 Audit and consulting fees Other services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning Personnel services 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098	Administrative						
Other services and charges 36,750 36,750 33,617 3,133 37,430 Total administrative 463,496 463,496 541,271 (77,775) 531,240 Audit and consulting fees Other services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning Personnel services 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423)	Personnel services	424,246	424,246	504,550	(80,304)	491,306	
Total administrative 463,496 463,496 541,271 (77,775) 531,240 Audit and consulting fees Other services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning Personnel services 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361	Supplies	2,500	2,500	3,104		2,504	
Audit and consulting fees Other services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning Personnel services 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Other services and charges	36,750	36,750	33,617	3,133	37,430	
Other services and charges 34,000 34,000 39,350 (5,350) 35,775 Planning and zoning Personnel services 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Total administrative	463,496	463,496	541,271	(77,775)	531,240	
Planning and zoning 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 Total information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Audit and consulting fees						
Personnel services 32,454 32,454 25,539 6,915 32,147 Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Other services and charges	34,000	34,000	39,350	(5,350)	35,775	
Other services and charges 1,300 1,300 6,550 (5,250) 1,190 Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 Total information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Planning and zoning						
Total planning and zoning 33,754 33,754 32,089 1,665 33,337 Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 Total information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Personnel services	32,454	32,454	25,539	6,915	32,147	
Legal Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 Total information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Other services and charges	1,300	1,300	6,550	(5,250)	1,190	
Other services and charges 51,500 51,500 46,534 4,966 51,462 Information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 Total information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Total planning and zoning	33,754	33,754	32,089	1,665	33,337	
Information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 Total information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building 8,000 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Legal						
Other services and charges 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 Total information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Other services and charges	51,500	51,500	46,534	4,966	51,462	
Total information and technology 42,000 42,000 44,070 (2,070) 37,440 General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Information and technology						
General government building Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Other services and charges	42,000	42,000	44,070	(2,070)	37,440	
Personnel services 13,279 13,279 1,262 12,017 10,013 Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Total information and technology	42,000	42,000	44,070	(2,070)	37,440	
Supplies 8,900 8,900 2,855 6,045 3,098 Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	General government building						
Other services and charges 55,700 55,700 83,123 (27,423) 52,862 Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Personnel services						
Total general government building 77,879 77,879 87,240 (9,361) 65,973	Supplies						
	Other services and charges	55,700	55,700	83,123	(27,423)	52,862	
Total general government 755,900 755,900 827,593 (71,693) 799,400	Total general government building	77,879	77,879	87,240	(9,361)	65,973	
	Total general government	755,900	755,900	827,593	(71,693)	799,400	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023				2022	
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Expenditures (Continued)						
Current (continued)						
Public safety						
Police protection						
Personnel services	\$ 941,945	\$ 941,945	\$ 984,846	\$ (42,901)	\$ 911,356	
Supplies	56,950	56,950	59,134	(2,184)	43,002	
Other services and charges	95,368	95,368	111,258	(15,890)	93,040	
Total police protection	1,094,263	1,094,263	1,155,238	(60,975)	1,047,398	
Building inspection						
Personnel services	32,454	32,454	4,345	28,109	13,858	
Other services and charges	40,000	40,000	5,362	34,638	169,325	
Total building inspection	72,454	72,454	9,707	62,747	183,183	
Animal control						
Other services and charges	1,000	1,000		1,000		
Total public safety	1,167,717	1,167,717	1,164,945	2,772	1,230,581	
Public works						
Public works administration						
Personnel services	272,465	272,465	179,055	93,410	254,749	
Supplies	33,475	33,475	34,233	(758)	40,389	
Other services and charges	41,039	41,039	36,778	4,261	32,528	
Total public works administration	346,979	346,979	250,066	96,913	327,666	
Streets and highways						
Personnel services	66,596	66,596	65,807	789	54,019	
Supplies	44,650	44,650	63,788	(19,138)	39,898	
Other services and charges	227,350	227,350	124,052	103,298	78,086	
Total streets and highways	338,596	338,596	253,647	84,949	172,003	
Snow and ice removal						
Personnel services	57,895	57,895	47,332	10,563	40,648	
Supplies	23,225	23,225	33,285	(10,060)	27,235	
Other services and charges	8,050	8,050	3,880	4,170	8,168	
Total snow and ice removal	89,170	89,170	84,497	4,673	76,051	

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023				2022
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)		-			
Current (continued)					
Public works (continued)					
Road equipment and garage					
Personnel services	\$ 29,645	\$ 29,645	\$ 41,690	\$ (12,045)	\$ 28,812
Supplies	9,325	9,325	17,352	(8,027)	8,066
Other services and charges	14,448	14,448	22,968	(8,520)	5,089
Total road equipment and garage	53,418	53,418	82,010	(28,592)	41,967
Garage building					
Personnel services	12,584	12,584	12,358	226	15,971
Supplies	2,750	2,750	1,869	881	1,495
Other services and charges	9,344	9,344	25,181	(15,837)	12,302
Total garage building	24,678	24,678	39,408	(14,730)	29,768
Street lighting					
Supplies	515	515	190	325	8,370
Other services and charges	67,650	67,650	74,073	(6,423)	132,613
Total street lighting	68,165	68,165	74,263	(6,098)	140,983
Engineering					
Other services and charges	12,000	12,000	26,390	(14,390)	21,625
Total public works	933,006	933,006	810,281	122,725	810,063
Culture and recreation					
Tree maintenance					
Personnel services	27,468	27,468	18,386	9,082	19,939
Supplies	860	860	135	725	59
Other services and charges	9,850	9,850	3,368	6,482	10,452
Total tree maintenance	38,178	38,178	21,889	16,289	30,450
Parks					
Personnel services	57,167	57,167	66,831	(9,664)	57,496
Supplies	18,375	18,375	7,611	10,764	14,100
Other services and charges	32,788	32,788	65,208	(32,420)	52,587
Total parks	108,330	108,330	139,650	(31,320)	124,183

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2022				
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Expenditures (Continued) Current (continued) Culture and recreation (continued)						
Swimming pool						
Personnel services	\$ 75,866	\$ 75,866	\$ 75,626	\$ 240	\$ 74,158	
Supplies	6,800	6,800	16,989	(10,189)	11,497	
Other services and charges	17,010	17,010	40,766	(23,756)	21,080	
Total swimming pool	99,676	99,676	133,381	(33,705)	106,735	
Athletic fields						
Personnel services	15,862	15,862	13,181	2,681	12,777	
Supplies	4,500	4,500	1,238	3,262	3,413	
Other services and charges	7,333	7,333	11,234	(3,901)	7,348	
Total athletic fields	27,695	27,695	25,653	2,042	23,538	
Skating						
Personnel services	6,355	6,355	1,096	5,259	4,877	
Supplies	200	200	-	200	,-	
Other services and charges	1,450	1,450	7,472	(6,022)	1,023	
Total skating	8,005	8,005	8,568	(563)	5,900	
Cannon Valley Trail						
Personnel services	188,542	188,542	181,070	7,472	186,187	
Other services and charges	55,000	55,000	49,684	5,316	49,012	
Total Cannon Valley Trail	243,542	243,542	230,754	12,788	235,199	
Total culture and recreation	525,426	525,426	559,895	(34,469)	526,005	
Miscellaneous						
Unallocated						
Personnel services	-	-	2,437	(2,437)	2,438	
Other services and charges	77,500	77,500	76,951	549	51,539	
Total miscellaneous	77,500	77,500	79,388	(1,888)	53,977	
Total current	3,459,549	3,459,549	3,442,102	17,447	3,420,026	

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		2022				
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Expenditures (Continued) Capital outlay General government	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,700	\$ 280	\$ 2,420	\$ -	
Public safety Public works	13,000 15,275	13,000 15,275	762 20,550	12,238 (5,275)	4,952 8,705	
Total capital outlay	30,975	30,975	21,592	9,383	13,657	
Total Expenditures	3,490,524	3,490,524	3,463,694 26,830		3,433,683	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	727,675	727,675	983,511	255,836	738,388	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets Transfers in Insurance proceeds Transfers out	- - - (727,675)	- - - (727,675)	118,042 - (727,675)	- 118,042 - 	7,508 51,764 98,317 (883,422)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(727,675)	(727,675)	(609,633)	118,042	(725,833)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	373,878	373,878	12,555	
Fund Balances, January 1	3,240,729	3,240,729	3,240,729	-	3,228,174	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 3,240,729	\$ 3,240,729	\$ 3,614,607	\$ 373,878	\$ 3,240,729	

Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	526 2012A G.O. Improvement Bond		530 2016A G.O.		531 2018A G.O. Bond
Assets	<u> </u>	ilu	<u> </u>	Bond	 DONG
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	-	\$	631,451	\$ 1,094,414
Special assessments	-			152,992	 303,020
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	784,443	\$ 1,397,434
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - special assessments	\$	-	\$	136,844	\$ 280,563
Fund Balances Restricted for debt service				647,599	 1,116,871
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	_	_\$_	784,443	\$ 1,397,434

,	532 2018B		533 2020A				
G.O.	Equipment	G.C). Refunding				
Ce	rtificates		Bond		Total		
\$	42,505	\$	1,630,063	\$	3,398,433		
	_		153,780	-	609,792		
\$	42,505	\$	1,783,843	\$	4,008,225		
\$	-	\$	120,481	\$	537,888		
	42,505		1,663,362		3,470,337		
\$	42,505	\$	1,783,843	\$	4,008,225		

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Debt Service Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	526 2012A G.O. Improvement Bond	530 2016A G.O. Bond	531 2018A G.O. Bond
Revenues Taxes Special assessments Interest on investments Total Revenues	\$ - - - -	\$ 80,000 29,537 23,793 133,330	\$ 144,000 50,432 41,087 235,519
Expenditures Debt service Principal Interest and other charges Total Expenditures	- 	80,000 18,058 98,058	125,000 57,801 182,801
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_ _	35,272	52,718
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(40,993) (40,993)	59,796 - 59,796	101,573 - 101,573
Net Change in Fund Balances	(40,993)	95,068	154,291
Fund Balances, January 1	40,993	552,531	962,580
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ -	\$ 647,599	\$ 1,116,871

G.O.	532 2018B Equipment rtificates	G.0	533 2020A . Refunding Bond		Total
\$	48,120 - 1,553 49,673	\$	127,000 50,596 61,439 239,035	\$	399,120 130,565 127,872 657,557
	38,000 4,650 42,650		137,312 43,271 180,583	Lange of the Control	380,312 123,780 504,092
	7,023	<u></u>	58,452	1	153,465
	- - -		161,615 - 161,615		322,984 (40,993) 281,991
	7,023		220,067		435,456
	35,482		1,443,295		3,034,881
\$	42,505	\$	1,663,362	\$	3,470,337

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Economic Development Authority (Discretely Presented Component Unit) Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

		conomic velopment		Industrial Revolving Loan	Birryknyvalani	Total
Assets		140 105		040.605		076 070
Cash and temporary investments	\$	163,185	\$	213,685	\$	376,870
Receivables				0.100		0.100
Accounts		-		2,180		2,180
Loans, net		-		238,839		238,839
Land held for resale	·	-		916,371		916,371
Total Assets	\$	163,185	\$	1,371,075	\$	1,534,260
Liabilities						
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	**	\$	180,417	\$	180,417
Unearned revenue		14,527		-		14,527
Advance from primary government		-		505,114		505,114
Total Liabilities		14,527		685,531		700,058
Fund Balances						
Committed				916,371		016 271
Land held for resale		140 6 50		910,371		916,371 148,658
Economic development		148,658		(220 027)		
Unassigned				(230,827)		(230,827)
Total Fund Balances		148,658		685,544		834,202
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	163,185	_\$	1,371,075	\$	1,534,260
Amounts reported for the Economic Development Authority in the statement of net position	are d	fferent beca	use			
Total Fund Balances Reported above					\$	834,202
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Cost of capital assets						1,237,969
oost of capital assets						.,207,505
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Noncurrent liabilities at year-end consist of						
Loan payable						(450,000)
Total Net Position - Economic Development Authority					_\$	1,622,171

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Economic Development Authority (Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Economic Development			ndustrial evolving Loan		Total
Revenues Property taxes Interest on investments Miscellaneous	\$	77,035 6,295 36,328	\$	- 7,549 33,728	\$	77,035 13,844 70,056
Total Revenues		119,658		41,277		160,935
Expenditures Current Economic development		141,301		263		141,564
Capital outlay Economic development Debt service		-		505,114		505,114
Principal Interest		-		150,000 30,417		150,000 30,417
Total Expenditures		141,301		685,794	Enderson de constante	827,095
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(21,643)		(644,517)		(666,160)
Other Financing Sources Loan proceeds		-		600,000	B-0-2-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	600,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		(21,643)		(44,517)		(66,160)
Fund Balances, January 1		170,301		730,061		900,362
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	148,658	\$	685,544	\$	834,202
Amounts reported for the Economic Development Authority in the statemen	t of a	ctivities are	differ	ent because		
Net Changes in Fund Balances - Economic Development Authority Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. Capital outlay					\$	(66,160) 503,845
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to go repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Loan proceeds Governmental funds report loan disbursements as expenditures and the However, in the statement of activities these transactions has no effort amounts of the differences are	l reso e relat	urces of gov	vernm aymer	nental	les.	(600,000)
Loan principal payments						150,000
Change in Net Position - Economic Development Authority					\$	(12,315)

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Economic Development Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023						2022			
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with		Actual
		Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget		Aı	mounts
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	77,035	\$	77,035	\$	77,035	\$	-	\$	72,450
Interest on investments		-		-		6,295		6,295		885
Miscelaneous revenue		-		-		36,328		36,328		400_
Total Revenues		77,035		77,035		119,658		42,623		73,735
Expenditures Current										
Economic development Supplies		100		100		_		100		-
Other services and charges		76,935		76,935		141,301		(64,366)		88,834
Total Expenditures		77,035		77,035		141,301		(64,266)		88,834
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(21,643)		(21,643)		(15,099)
Fund Balances, January 1		170,301		170,301	1	170,301		_		185,400
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	170,301	\$	170,301	\$	148,658	\$	(21,643)	\$	170,301

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Industrial Revolving Loan Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

		2022				
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Revenues						
Interest on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,549	\$ 7,549	\$ 1,237	
Miscellaneous	1,250	1,250	33,728	32,478	10,211	
Donations	_	-	-	-	500	
Total Revenues	1,250	1,250	41,277	40,027	11,948	
Expenditures						
Current						
Economic development						
Other services and charges	-	-	263	(263)	98,461	
Capital outlay						
Economic development	-	-	505,114	(505,114)	-	
Debt Services						
Principal	-	-	150,000	(150,000)	H	
Interest	-	-	30,417	(30,417)	_	
Total Expenditures		-	685,794	(685,794)	98,461	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,250	1,250	(644,517)	(645,767)	(86,513)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Loss on sale of land held for resale	_	-	-	-	(2,906)	
Loan proceeds	_		600,000	600,000		
Total other financing sources (u	(600,000	600,000	(2,906)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,250	1,250	(44,517)	(45,767)	(89,419)	
Fund Balances, January 1	730,061	730,061	730,061		819,480	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 731,311	\$ 731,311	\$ 685,544	\$ (45,767)	\$ 730,061	

City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

Summary Financial Report

Revenues and Expenditures For General Operations Governmental Funds

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Total				Percent Increase	
		2023		2022	(Decrease)	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	3,981,084	\$	3,856,361	3.23 %	
Special assessments		177,411		234,966	(24.50)	
Licenses and permits		48,298		210,585	(77.06)	
Intergovernmental		1,271,246		1,397,648	(9.04)	
Charges for services		162,057		149,234	8.59	
Fines and forfeits		20,665		19,361	6.74	
Investment earnings		344,431		52,485	556.25	
Miscellaneous		294,250		375,046	(21.54)	
Total Revenues	\$	6,299,442 1,462	\$	6,295,686	0.06 %	
Per Capita	\$	1,462	\$	1,486	(1.66) %	
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	\$	840,093	\$	817,900	2.71 %	
Public safety		1,465,858		1,484,649	(1.27)	
Public works		810,281		810,063	0.03	
Culture and recreation		1,045,847		1,005,507	4.01	
Miscellaneous		79,388		53,977	47.08	
Capital outlay						
General government		280		-	100.00	
Public safety		7,376		97,853	(92.46)	
Public works		388,610		671,181	(42.10)	
Culture and recreation		36,105		34,123	5.81	
Economic development		63,689		61,488	3.58	
Debt service						
Principal		380,312		449,985	(15.48)	
Interest and other charges		123,780		131,703	(6.02)	
Total Expenditures	_\$	5,241,619	_\$	5,618,429	(6.71) %	
Per Capita	\$	1,216	\$	1,326	(8.31) %	
Total Long-term Indebtedness	\$		\$		(9.17) %	
Per Capita		909		1,019	(10.73)	
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$	-,,	\$		11.54 %	
Per Capita		839		765	9.62	

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 918 River Road, Cannon Falls, Minnesota 55009. Questions about this report should be directed to the City Administrator at (507) 263-9300.

OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS

CITY OF CANNON FALLS CANNON FALLS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States the financial statements of governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2024.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65 insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Abdo

Minneapolis, Minnesota May 30, 2024



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 30, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to the Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Abdo

Minneapolis, Minnesota May 30, 2024



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City of Cannon Falls, Minnesota Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

<u>Finding</u>

Description

2023-001

Preparation of Financial Statements

Condition:

As in prior years, we were requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of your statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of presentation of those statements. It is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a material misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by your management.

Essentially, the auditors cannot be part of your internal control process.

Criteria:

Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance over financial reporting.

Cause:

From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit.

This is not unusual for us to do with an organization of your size.

Effect:

The effectiveness of the internal control system relies on enforcement by management. The effect of deficiencies in internal controls can result in undetected errors in financial reporting.

Recommendation:

It is your responsibility to make the ultimate decision to accept this degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations. As in prior years, we have instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financials in detail for their accuracy; we have answered any questions they might have, and have encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification of disclosure in your statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements. While the City is reviewing the financial statements, we recommend that a disclosure checklist be utilized to ensure all required disclosures are presented and the City should agree its financial software to the numbers reported in the financial

statements.

Management Response:

For now, the City's management accepts the degree of risk associated with this condition and thoroughly reviews a draft of the financial statements.